Beam Design

1. Beam Data

Load Type:	Uniform Dist. Load
Support:	Simple Beam
Beam Type:	Sawn Lumber
Species:	Douglas Fir-Larch
Grade:	DF No.2
Size:	2 x 10
Design Span (L):	11.05 ft.
Clear Span:	10.80 ft.
Total Span:	11.30 ft.
Bearing (lb):	3 in.
Quantity (N):	2

2.	Design	Loads
	•	

Live Load:	100	plf
Dead Load:	75	plf
Selfweight:	72.8	lbs
Dist. Selfweight:	6.59	plf
Total Weight:	74.5	lbs

3. Design Options

Lateral Support:	braced
Defl. Limits:	360 240
Load Duration:	1.00
Exposure:	dry
Temperature:	$T \leq 100^{\circ}F$
Orientation:	Vertical
Incised Lumber:	No
mensea Bannoen.	110

4. Design Assumptions and Notes

Code Standard: IBC 2015, NDS 2015 Bending Stress: Parallel to Grain Notes:

5. Adjustment Factors

:	erson						This	report may not be ed, reproduced or	Rev.
Beam De	esign								2023A2
ect	Cu	Istomer Locat	ion						Job No.
	d) Only app	lies when sawn lumber or glulam beam	ns are loaded in b	ending abou	t the y-y axi	s.			
	c) When (F	c)(C _F) \leq 750 psi, C _M = 1.0.							
	b) When (F	b)(C_F) $\leq 1,150$ psi, $C_M = 1.0$.							
	a) Adjustm	ent factors per AWC NDS 2015 and NI	OS 2015 Supplem	ent.					
	Cr	Repetitive Member Factor	1	-	-	-	-	-	
	Ci	Incising Factor	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Cfu	Flat Use Factor	1.2 ^d	-	-	-	-	-	
	CF	Size Factor	1.1	1.1	-	1	-	-	
	CL	Beam Stability Factor	1	-	-	-	-	-	
	Ct	Temperature Factor	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	CM	Wet Service Factor	1 ^b	1	1	1 ^c	1	1	
	CD	Load Duration Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-	
	Factor	Description	Fb	Ft	Fv	Fc	Fc⊥	E/E _{min}	

	11.	Wilkerson
Date		
Date		
	2	5/9/2023

MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC.

3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 741-5555 www.medeek.com



ributed without the written consent of ek Engineering Inc. Page

Copyright © 2014

1

6. Beam Calculations

Determine reference design values, sectional properties and self weight of beam:

$$A = b x d$$

$$S_x = \frac{bd^2}{6}, \ S_y = \frac{b^2d}{6}$$

 $I_x = \frac{bd^3}{12}, \ I_y = \frac{b^3d}{12}$

where:

b = Breadth of rectangular beam in bending (in.) d = Depth of rectangular beam in bending (in.) A = Cross sectional area of beam (in.²) S_x = Section modulus about the X-X axis (in.³) S_y = Section modulus about the Y-Y axis (in.³) I_x = Moment of inertia about the X-X axis (in.⁴) I_y = Moment of inertia about the Y-Y axis (in.⁴)

$$\begin{split} &b = 1.500 \text{ in.} \\ &d = 9.250 \text{ in.} \\ &A = 1.500 \text{ x } 9.250 = 13.88 \text{ in.}^2 \\ &S_x = (1.500)(9.250)^2/6 = 21.39 \text{ in.}^3 \\ &S_y = (1.500)^2(9.250)/6 = 3.47 \text{ in.}^3 \\ &I_x = (1.500)(9.250)^3/12 = 98.93 \text{ in.}^4 \\ &I_y = (1.500)^3(9.250)/12 = 2.60 \text{ in.}^4 \end{split}$$

Reference Design Values from Table 4A NDS Supplement (Reference Design Values for Visually Graded Dimension Lumber, 2" - 4" thick).

Species & Grade	Fb	Ft	Fv	$F_{c\perp}$	Fc	Е	Emin	G
DF No.2	900	575	180	625	1350	1600000	580000	0.5

The following formula shall be used to determine the density of wood (lbs/ft³. (NDS Supplement Sec. 3.1.3)

$$\rho_w = 62.4 \left[\frac{G}{1 + G(0.009)(m.c)} \right] \left[1 + \frac{m.c.}{100} \right]$$

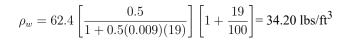
where:

 ρ_w = Density of wood (lbs/ft³) G = Specific gravity of wood (dimensionless) m.c. = Moisture content of wood (percentile)

G = 0.5

m.c. = 19 % (Max. moisture content at dry service conditions)

Subject Beam Design	Customer	Location			Job No. 2023A219
^{Engr.} N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC.			This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Rev.
Date 5/9/2023	3050 State Route 109 Copa ph. (425) 741-5555 www.n		Copyright © 2014	Page 2	

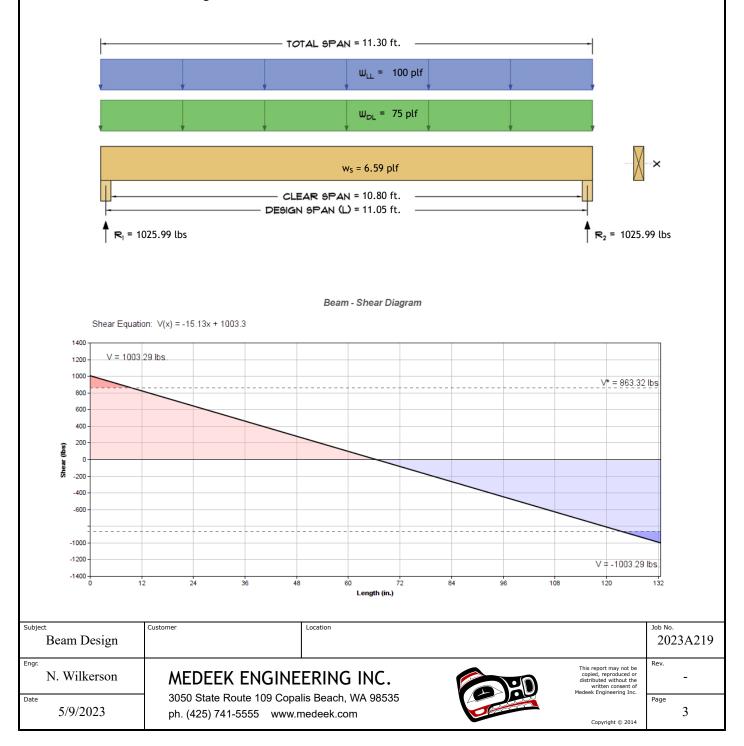


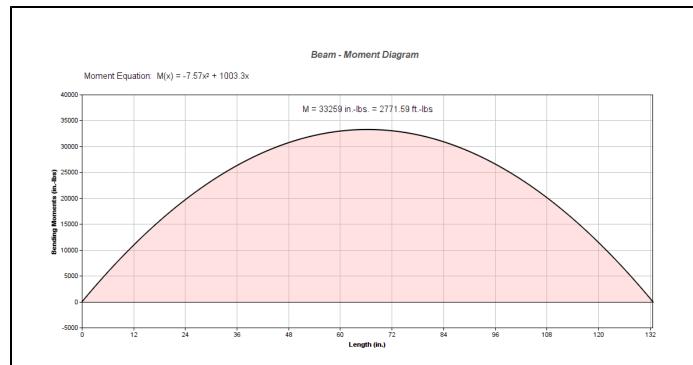
 $\begin{aligned} \text{Volume}_{\text{total}} &= \text{N}[\text{A x } (\text{L} + \text{l}_{\text{b}})] = 2 \text{ x } [13.88 \text{ x } (132.60 + 3)] \text{ x } (12 \text{ in./ft.})^3 = 2.18 \text{ ft}^3 \\ \text{Volume}_{\text{span}} &= \text{N}[\text{A x } \text{L}] = 2 \text{ x } [13.88 \text{ x } 132.60] \text{ x } (12 \text{ in./ft.})^3 = 2.13 \text{ ft}^3 \end{aligned}$

Total Weight (W_T) = $\rho_W x$ Volume_{total} = 34.20 x 2.18 = 74.5 lbs Self Weight (W_S) = $\rho_W x$ Volume_{span} = 34.20 x 2.13 = 72.8 lbs

Distributed Self Weight $(w_s) = = 6.59 \text{ plf}$

Load, Shear and Moment Diagrams:





1.) Bending:

Members subject to bending stresses shall be proportioned so that the actual bending stress or moment shall not exceed the adjusted bending design value:

 $f_b \leq F_b' \ (\textit{NDS Sec. 3.3.1})$

where:

$$\label{eq:fb} \begin{split} f_b &= M \ / \ S \\ F_b' &= F_b(C_D)(C_M)(C_t)(C_L)(C_F)(C_i)(C_r) \end{split}$$

Beam is braced laterally along its compression edge. Laterial stability is not a consideration:

 C_L = Beam Stability Factor = 1.0

 $F_{bx}' = (900)(1.00)(1)(1)(1)(1.1)(1)(1) = 990.0 \text{ psi}$

$$\mathbf{f_b} = \frac{M}{N \times S_x} = \frac{33259}{2 \times 21.39} = 777.4 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_b = 777.4 \text{ psi} < F_{bx}' = 990.0 \text{ psi} (CSI = 0.79)$$
? **OK**

Subject Beam Design	Customer	Location			Job No. 2023A219
^{Engr.} N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINE			This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Rev.
Date 5/9/2023	3050 State Route 109 Copa ph. (425) 741-5555 www.r			Copyright © 2014	Page 4

2.) Shear:

Members subject to shear stresses shall be proportioned so that the actual shear stress parallel to grain or shear force at any cross section of the bending member shall not exceed the adjusted shear design value:

$$f_V \leq F_V'$$
 (NDS Sec. 3.4.1)

where:

$$\mathbf{f_v} = \frac{3V}{2A}$$

 $F_{v}' = F_{v}(C_{D})(C_{M})(C_{t})(C_{i})$

 $F_{vx'} = (180)(1.00)(1)(1)(1) = 180.00 \text{ psi}$

Shear Reduction: For beams supported by full bearing on one surface and loads applied to the opposite surface, uniformly distributed loads within a distance, d, from supports equal to the depth of the bending member shall be pemitted to be ignored. For beams supported by full bearing on one surface and loads applied to the opposite surface, concentrated loads within a distance equal to the depth of the bending member shall be permitted to be multiplied by x/d where x is the distance from the beam support face to the load. See NDS 2015, Figure 3C.

$$f_v * = \frac{3V^*}{2(N \times A)} = \frac{3(863.32)}{2(2 \times 13.88)} = 46.67 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_v^* = 46.67 \text{ psi} < F_{vx'} = 180.00 \text{ psi} (CSI = 0.26)$$
 ? OK

No Reduction in Shear (conservative):

 $\mathbf{f_v} \!=\! \frac{3V}{2(N \times A)} \!=\! \frac{3(1003.29)}{2(2 \times 13.88)} \!=\! \mathbf{54.23 \ psi}$

 $f_v = 54.23 \ psi < F_{vx} ' = 180.00 \ psi \ (CSI = 0.30) \ ? \ \textbf{OK}$

3.) Deflection:

Bending deflections calculated per standard method of engineering mechanics for live load and total load:

LL Allowable: L/360 TL Allowable: L/240

 $E_x' = E_x(C_M)(C_t)(C_i) = 1600000(1)(1)(1) = 1600000 \text{ psi}$

Subject	Customer	Location		Job No.
Beam Design				2023A219
^{Engr.} N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINE		This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Rev.
Date 5/9/2023	3050 State Route 109 Copa ph. (425) 741-5555 www.n		Copyright © 2014	Page 5

$$\Delta_{LL} = \frac{5w_{LL}L^4}{384E'_x(N \times I_x)} = \frac{5(100)(11.050)^4}{384(1600000)(2 \times 98.93)} \times \left(12\frac{in.}{ft.}\right)^3 = 0.11 \text{ in.}$$

$$(L/d)_{LL} = 132.60 / 0.11 = 1251$$

$$\Delta_{LL} = 0.11 \text{ in} = L/1251 < L/360 ? \text{OK}$$

$$\Delta_{TL} = \frac{5(w_{TL} + w_s)L^4}{384E'_x(N \times I_x)} = \frac{5(175 + 6.59)(11.050)^4}{384(1600000)(2 \times 98.93)} \times \left(12\frac{in.}{ft.}\right)^3 = 0.19 \text{ in.}$$

$$(L/d)_{TL} = 132.60 / 0.19 = 689$$

$$\Delta_{TL} = 0.19 \text{ in} = L/689 < L/240 ? \text{OK}$$

4.) Bearing:

Members subject to bearing stresses perpendicular to the grain shall be proportioned so that the actual compressive stress perpendicular to grain shall be based on the net bearing area and shall not exceed the adjusted compression design value perpendicular to grain:

 $f_{c\perp} \leq F_{c\perp}$ ' (NDS Sec. 3.10.2)

where:

$$\mathbf{f_{c\perp}} = \frac{R}{A_b}$$

 $F_{c\perp}' = F_{c\perp}(C_M)(C_t)(C_i)$

 $F_{c \perp x}' = (625)(1)(1)(1) = 625.00 \text{ psi}$

$$A_b = b x l_b = 1.5 x 3 = 4.50 in^2$$

 $f_{c\perp} = \frac{R}{N \times A_b} = \frac{1025.99}{2 \times 4.50} = 114.0 \text{ psi}$

 $f_{c\,\perp} = 114.0 \; psi < F_{c\,\perp\,x'} = 625.00 \; psi \; (CSI = 0.18) \; ?$ OK

*Disclaimer: The calculations produced herein are for initial design and estimating purposes only. The calculations and drawings presented do not constitute a fully engineered design. All of the potential load cases required to fully design an actual structure may not be provided by this calculator. For the design of an actual structure, a registered and licensed professional should be consulted as per IRC 2012 Sec. R802.10.2 and designed according to the minimum requirements of ASCE 7-10. The beam calculations provided by this online tool are for educational and illustrative purposes only. Medeek Design assumes no liability or loss for any designs presented and does not guarantee fitness for use.

Subject	Customer	Location		Job No.
Beam Design				2023A219
^{Engr.} N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINE		This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Rev. –
Date 5/9/2023	3050 State Route 109 Copa ph. (425) 741-5555 www.r	lis Beach, WA 98535 nedeek.com	Copyright © 2014	Page 6