

Beam Design

2. Design Loads

Total Weight:

1. Beam Data

Grade:

Uniform Dist. Load Live Load: Load Type: Support: Simple Beam Dead Load: Sawn Lumber Beam Type: Selfweight: Southern Pine Dist. Selfweight: 1.41 plf Species:

SP SS

Size: 2×4 Design Span (L): 12.33 ft. Clear Span: 12.17 ft. 12.50 ft. Total Span: 2 in. Bearing (lb): 1 Quantity (N):

4. Design Assumptions and Notes

20 plf

1.5 plf

17.3 lbs

17.6 lbs

Code Standard: IBC 2015, NDS 2015 Lateral Support: unbraced Defl. Limits: 360|240 Bending Stress: Parallel to Grain

Load Duration: 1.33 Exposure: wet $100^{\circ}F < T \le 125^{\circ}F$ Temperature: Orientation: Vertical Incised Lumber: No Rep. Members: No

Notes:

5. Adjustment Factors

3. Design Options

Factor	Description	Fb	Ft	$F_{\mathbf{v}}$	Fc	Fc⊥	E/E _{min}
C_{D}	Load Duration Factor	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	-	-
$C_{\mathbf{M}}$	Wet Service Factor	0.85 ^b	1	0.97	0.8 ^c	0.67	0.9
Ct	Temperature Factor	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9
C_{L}	Beam Stability Factor	0.760	-	-	-	-	-
C_{F}	Size Factor	1	1	-	1	-	-
Cfu	Flat Use Factor	1.1 ^d	-	-	-	_	-
Ci	Incising Factor	1	1	1	1	1	1
$C_{\mathbf{r}}$	Repetitive Member Factor	1	-	-	-	-	-

- a) Adjustment factors per AWC NDS 2015 and NDS 2015 Supplement.
- b) When $(F_b)(C_F) \le 1,150 \text{ psi}$, $C_M = 1.0$.
- c) When $(F_c)(C_F) \le 750 \text{ psi}$, $C_M = 1.0$.
- d) Only applies when sawn lumber or glulam beams are loaded in bending about the y-y axis.

Subject	Customer	Location		Job No.
Beam Design				2022A331
Engr.				Rev.
N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINE		This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	-
Date 5/24/2022	3050 State Route 109 Copal ph. (425) 741-5555 www.m	•		Page 1
	piii (120) 1 11 0000	nodoon.com	Copyright © 2014	

6. Beam Calculations

Determine reference design values, sectional properties and self weight of beam:

 $A = b \times d$

,

where:

b = Breadth of rectangular beam in bending (in.)

d = Depth of rectangular beam in bending (in.)

A = Cross sectional area of beam (in.²)

 S_X = Section modulus about the X-X axis (in.³)

 S_y = Section modulus about the Y-Y axis (in.³)

 I_X = Moment of inertia about the X-X axis (in.⁴)

 $I_y = Moment of inertia about the Y-Y axis (in.⁴)$

b = 1.500 in.

d = 3.500 in.

$$A = 1.500 \times 3.500 = 5.25 \text{ in.}^2$$

$$S_x = (1.500)(3.500)^2/6 = 3.06 \text{ in.}^3$$

$$S_V = (1.500)^2 (3.500)/6 = 1.31 \text{ in.}^3$$

$$I_x = (1.500)(3.500)^3/12 = 5.36 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$I_v = (1.500)^3 (3.500)/12 = 0.98 \text{ in.}^4$$

Reference Design Values from Table 4B NDS Supplement (Reference Design Values for Visually Graded Southern Pine Dimension Lumber, 2" - 4" thick). Values per March 2013 Addendum

Species & Grade	Fb	Ft	$F_{\mathbf{v}}$	Fc⊥	Fc	Е	Emin	G
SP SS	2350	1650	175	565	1900	1800000	660000	0.55

The following formula shall be used to determine the density of wood (lbs/ft³. (NDS Supplement Sec. 3.1.3)

where:

 $\rho_{\rm W}$ = Density of wood (lbs/ft³

G = Specific gravity of wood (dimensionless)

m.c. = Moisture content of wood (percentile)

G = 0.55

m.c. = 28 % (Estimated moisture content at wet service conditions)

Beam Design	Customer	Location		2022A331
N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINE		This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Rev.
5/24/2022	3050 State Route 109 Copa ph. (425) 741-5555 www.r	ılis Beach, WA 98535 nedeek.com	Copyright © 2014	Page 2

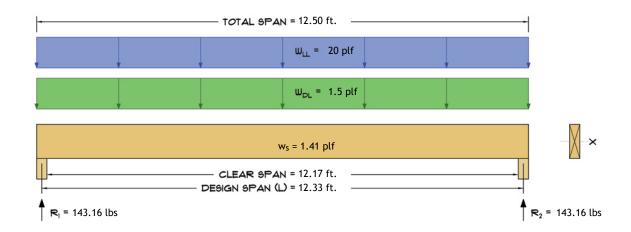
$$= 38.58 \text{ lbs/ft}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Volume_{total} = N[A \text{ x } (L + l_b)] = 1 \text{ x } [5.25 \text{ x } (148.00 + 2)] \text{ x } (12 \text{ in./ft.})^3 = 0.46 \text{ ft}^3 \\ & Volume_{span} = N[A \text{ x } L] = 1 \text{ x } [5.25 \text{ x } 148.00] \text{ x } (12 \text{ in./ft.})^3 = 0.45 \text{ ft}^3 \end{aligned}$$

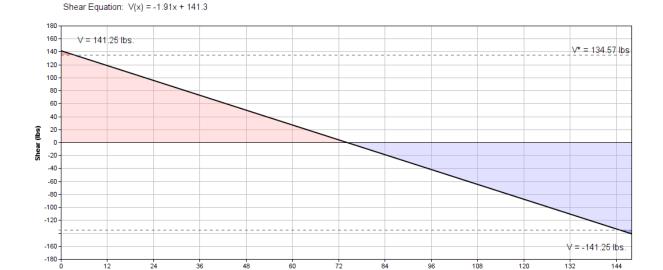
Total Weight (W_T) = ρ_W x Volume_{total} = 38.58 x 0.46 = 17.6 lbs Self Weight (W_S) = ρ_W x Volume_{span} = 38.58 x 0.45 = 17.3 lbs

Distributed Self Weight (w_s) = = 1.41 plf

Load, Shear and Moment Diagrams:



Beam - Shear Diagram

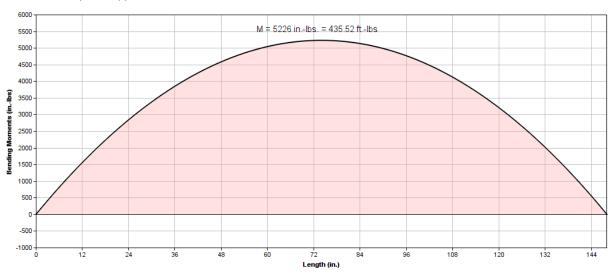


Subject	Customer Lo	ocation		Job No.
Beam Design				2022A331
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEE	RING INC.	This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the	Rev.
Date	3050 State Route 109 Copalis		written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Page
5/24/2022	ph. (425) 741-5555 www.mee	•		3
	' ' '		Copyright © 2014	

Length (in.)

Beam - Moment Diagram

Moment Equation: $M(x) = -0.95x^2 + 141.3x$



1.) Bending:

Members subject to bending stresses shall be proportioned so that the actual bending stress or moment shall not exceed the adjusted bending design value:

$$f_b \leq F_{b} \text{'} \ \textit{(NDS Sec. 3.3.1)}$$

where:

$$f_b = M / S$$

$$F_b' = F_b(C_D)(C_M)(C_t)(C_L)(C_F)(C_i)(C_r)$$

Beam is unbraced along its compression edge, lateral stability is considered below:

Slenderness Ratio for bending member R_B:

 $l_u = Unbraced Length = 12.333 \text{ ft.}$

$$l_u/d = = 42.28$$

$$l_e = 1.63l_u + 3d = 1.63(148.0) + 3(3.5) = 251.73$$
 in. = 20.98 ft. (NDS Table 3.3.3)

$$R_b = 19.79$$

$$R_b = 19.79 < 50$$
 ? **OK**

		1		
Subject	Customer	Location		Job No.
Beam Design				2022A331
8				
Engr.			This report may not be	Rev.
N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINE	ERING INC.	copied, reproduced or distributed without the	-
	0050 01 1 10 1 100 0	I' D 1 14/4 00505	written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	
Date	3050 State Route 109 Copa	lis Beach, WA 98535		Page
5/24/2022	ph. (425) 741-5555 www.r	nedeek.com		4
	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		Copyright © 2014	

Euler-based ASD critical buckling value for bending members:

$$E_{miny}' = E_{miny}(C_M)(C_t)(C_i) = 660000(0.9)(0.9)(1) = 534600 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_{bE} = = 1638.26 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_{bx}^* = F_{bx}(C_D)(C_M)(C_t)(C_f)(C_i)(C_r) = (2350)(1.33)(0.85)(0.7)(1)(1)(1) = 1859.67 \text{ psi}$$

Beam stability factor:

$$C_L = = 0.760$$

$$F_{bx}' = (2350)(1.33)(0.85)(0.7)(0.760)(1)(1)(1) = 1414.0 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_b = 1706.5 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_b = 1706.5 \text{ psi} > F_{bx'} = 1414.0 \text{ psi } (CSI = 1.21)$$
 ? **NG**

2.) Shear:

Members subject to shear stresses shall be proportioned so that the actual shear stress parallel to grain or shear force at any cross section of the bending member shall not exceed the adjusted shear design value:

$$f_v \le F_{v'}$$
 (NDS Sec. 3.4.1)

where:

 $f_v =$

$$F_{v'} = F_{v}(C_{D})(C_{M})(C_{t})(C_{i})$$

$$F_{vx'} = (175)(1.33)(0.97)(0.7)(1) = 158.04 \text{ psi}$$

Shear Reduction: Uniformly distributed loads within a distance, d, from supports equal to the depth of the bending member shall be permitted to be ignored. Concentrated loads within a distance equal to the depth of the bending member from supports shall be permitted to be multiplied by x/d where x is the distance from the beam support face to the load. See NDS 2015, Figure 3C.

$$f_v^* = 38.45 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_v^* = 38.45 \text{ psi} < F_{vx'} = 158.04 \text{ psi} \text{ (CSI} = 0.24)$$
 ? **OK**

No Reduction in Shear (conservative):

$$f_v = = 40.36 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_v = 40.36 \text{ psi} < F_{vx'} = 158.04 \text{ psi} \text{ (CSI} = 0.26)$$
 ? **OK**

Beam Design	Customer	Location		Job No. 2022A331
N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINE		This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Rev.
5/24/2022	3050 State Route 109 Copal ph. (425) 741-5555 www.n	•	Copyright © 2014	Page 5

3.) Deflection:

Bending deflections calculated per standard method of engineering mechanics for live load and total load:

LL Allowable: L/360 TL Allowable: L/240

$$E_{x'} = E_{x}(C_{M})(C_{t})(C_{i}) = 1800000(0.9)(0.9)(1) = 1458000 \text{ psi}$$

 $\Delta_{LL} = = 1.33 \text{ in.}$

$$(L/d)_{LL} = 148.00 / 1.33 = 111$$

$$\Delta_{LL} = 1.33 \text{ in} = L/111 > L/360 ? NG$$

$$\Delta_{TL} = 1.53 \text{ in.}$$

$$(L/d)_{TL} = 148.00 / 1.53 = 97$$

$$\Delta_{TL} = 1.53 \text{ in} = L/97 > L/240$$
 ? **NG**

4.) Bearing:

Members subject to bearing stresses perpendicular to the grain shall be proportioned so that the actual compressive stress perpendicular to grain shall be based on the net bearing area and shall not exceed the adjusted compression design value perpendicular to grain:

$$f_{c\perp} \leq F_{c\perp}$$
' (NDS Sec. 3.10.2)

where:

$$f_{c\perp} =$$

$$F_{c\perp}' = F_{c\perp}(C_M)(C_t)(C_i)$$

$$F_{c \perp x'} = (565)(0.67)(0.7)(1) = 264.99 \text{ psi}$$

$$A_b = b \times l_b = 1.5 \times 2 = 3.00 \text{ in}^2$$

$$f_{c\perp} = = 47.7 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_{c\perp} = 47.7 \text{ psi} < F_{c\perp x'} = 264.99 \text{ psi} \text{ (CSI} = 0.18) ? OK$$

*Disclaimer: The calculations produced herein are for initial design and estimating purposes only. The calculations and drawings presented do not constitute a fully engineered design. All of the potential load cases required to fully design an actual structure may not be provided by this calculator. For the design of an actual structure, a registered and licensed professional should be consulted as per IRC 2012 Sec. R802.10.2 and designed according to the minimum requirements of ASCE 7-10. The beam calculations provided by this online tool are for educational and illustrative purposes only. Medeek Design assumes no liability or loss for any designs presented and does not guarantee fitness for use.

Subject	Customer	Location		Job No.
Beam Design				2022A331
Engr.				Rev.
N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINE		This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	-
Date 5/24/2022	3050 State Route 109 Copa ph. (425) 741-5555 www.n	•		Page 6
	, ,		Copyright © 2014	