



MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC.

3050 State Route 109
Copalis Beach, WA 98535
Phone: 425-741-5555
Email: nathan@medeek.com

ENGINEERING REPORT
STRUCTURAL REVIEW

October 30, 2015

JOB NUMBER: 2015-048

PLAN NUMBER: BARTH RESIDENCE

CUSTOMER: GEORGE BARTH

LOCATION: 164 OCTOPUS AVE. NE, OCEAN SHORES WA 98569

Engineer's seal applies to this entire calculation packet. This packet is void if engineer's seal is not an original and signature is not signed in blue ink.

Engineer: Nathaniel P. Wilkerson

This engineering report is valid only for the building located at 164 Octopus Ave. NE, Ocean Shores WA 98569.

This report is to be used only once and may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.

ENGINEERING REPORT: STRUCTURAL REVIEW

Customer: George Barth
 Location: 164 Octopus Ave. NE, Ocean Shores WA 98569
 Engr: Nathaniel P. Wilkerson
 Date: 30-Oct-15

CODES

ICC International Building Code IBC 2012
 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings ASCE7-10

American Concrete Institute ACI 318-11
 AWC NDS 2012

DESIGN CRITERIA SUMMARY

Ground Snow Load	25.0 PSF
Frost Line Depth	12.0 IN
Occupancy Classification	R
Risk Category	II
Snow Importance Factor (I_s)	1.0
Wind Speed (ultimate)	155.0 MPH
Terrain Exp. Category	C
Wind Importance Factor (I_w)	1
Wind Factor in Load Combinations (ASD)	0.6
Site Class	D Stiff Soil
Seismic Design Category (SDC)	D
Seismic Factor in Load Combinations (ASD)	0.7
Seismic Importance Factor (I_e)	1.0
Construction Type	V-B
Soil Bearing Capacity	1500.0 PSF

LOADS

Floor Dead Load	10.0 PSF	
Floor Live Load	40.0 PSF	
Roof TC Dead Load	7.0 PSF	
Roof BC Dead Load	5.0 PSF	
Ceiling Dead Load (Gypsum)	5.0 PSF	
Roof Live Load (Construction)	20.0 PSF	
Roof Snow Load (P_s) [See Snow Load Report]	19.3 PSF	(governs)
Stair Live Load	40.0 PSF	
Deck Live Load	50.0 PSF	

BUILDING DATA

Roof Pitch	6.00 :12
Roof Eve Height	11.000 FT
Peak Roof Height	19.500 FT
Mean Roof Height	15.250 FT
Building Length (L)	56 FT
Building Width (B)	55 FT
Latitude	46.9869 N
Longitude	124.1539 W
Elevation:	18.0 FT

SEISMIC

SDS		0.979 g
SD1		0.735 g
SMS		1.468 g
SM1		1.103 g
Ss		1.468 g
S1		0.735 g
Fa		1.000
Fv		1.500

Roof Diaphragm Height (hn)* 15.25 FT

Fundamental Period (Ta)	$T_a = C_t h_n^x$	=	0.154 sec.
T0			0.150 sec.
Ts			0.751 sec.
TL (Fig. 22-12)			16.0 sec.

Response Modification Factor (R)	6.5 WSP SWL
Response Modification Factor (R)	2 GYP SWL
Deflection Amplification Factor (Cd)	4 WSP SWL
Overstrength factor (Ω0)	3 WSP SWL

Redundancy Factor (ρ) 1.3 (SDC D)

Seismic Response Coef.(Cs) $C_s = \frac{S_{DS}}{\left(\frac{R}{I_e}\right)} = 0.151$

Max. Seismic Response Coef.(Csmax) (for Ta ≤ TL) $C_s = \frac{S_{D1}}{T_a \left(\frac{R}{I_e}\right)} = 0.733$

Min. Seismic Response Coef.(Csmin) $C_s = 0.044 S_{DS} I_e \geq 0.01 = 0.039$



if S1 ≥ 0.6g: $C_s = \frac{0.5 S_1}{\left(\frac{R}{I_e}\right)} = 0.057$

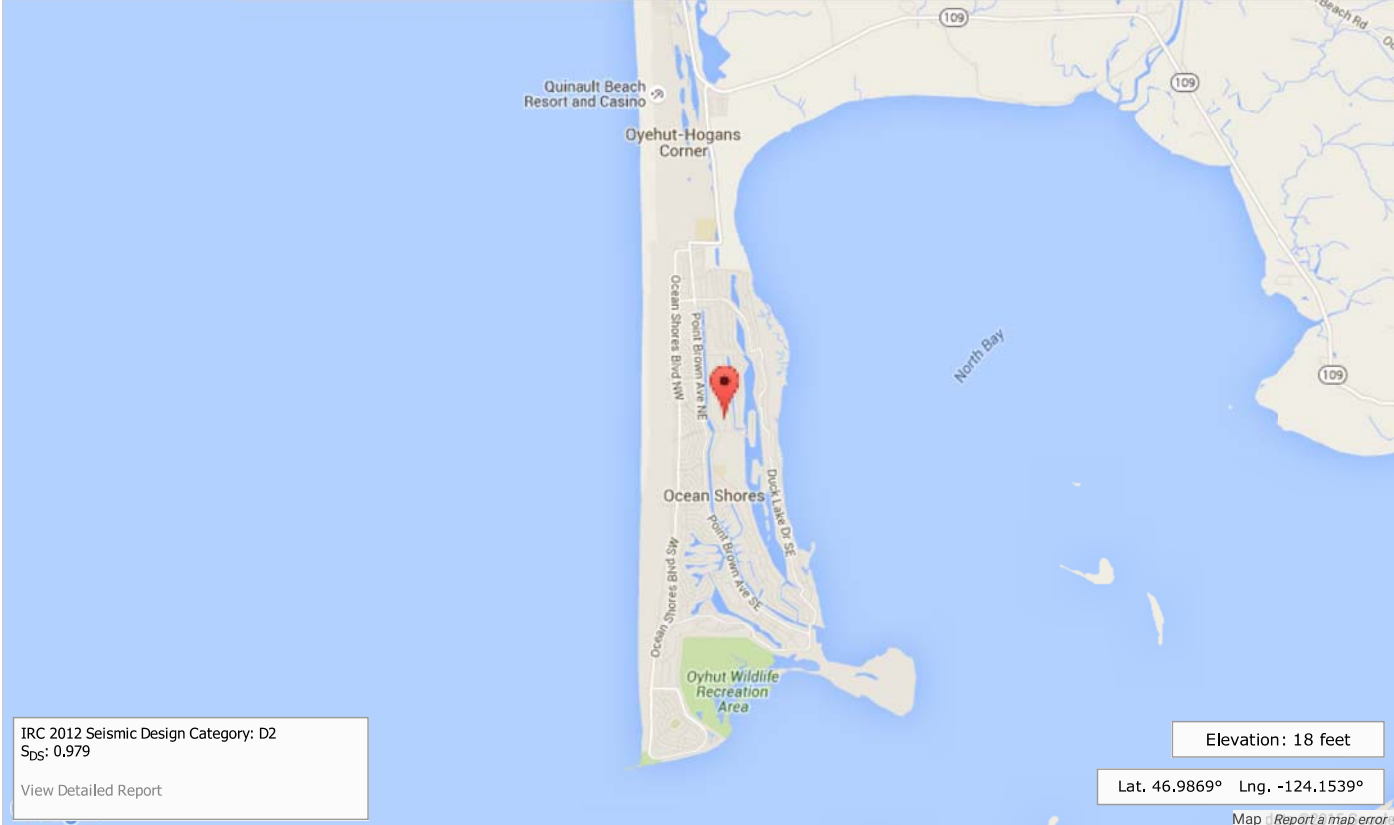
*For pitched or sloped roofs, the structural height is from the base to the average height of the roof.

IRC Seismic Design Categories TM

Use our IRC Seismic Design Categories map to easily obtain the seismic design category (Figure R301.2(2) of IRC 2012) for any location in the contiguous United States, Puerto Rico and Alaska. You can click on the map below to determine the seismic design category for that location.

The seismic design category (SDC) is calculated based on the design spectral response acceleration (S_{DS} at Site Class = D, Risk Cat. = II), provided by the USGS Seismic API.

Street: City: State: Zip:  



IRC 2012 Seismic Design Category: D2
 S_{DS} : 0.979

[View Detailed Report](#)

Elevation: 18 feet

Lat. 46.9869° Lng. -124.1539°

Map [Report a map error](#)

* Seismic Design Categories calculated from USGS Seismic API data. Local codes and amendments may govern, verify with local building department or jurisdiction.

If you need to gather seismic data programmatically, please consider our *API Service*.
 If you have any questions or concerns please call us at 1-425-741-5555.

USGS Design Maps Summary Report

User-Specified Input

Building Code Reference Document 2012 International Building Code
(which utilizes USGS hazard data available in 2008)

Site Coordinates 46.9869°N, 124.1539°W

Site Soil Classification Site Class D – “Stiff Soil”

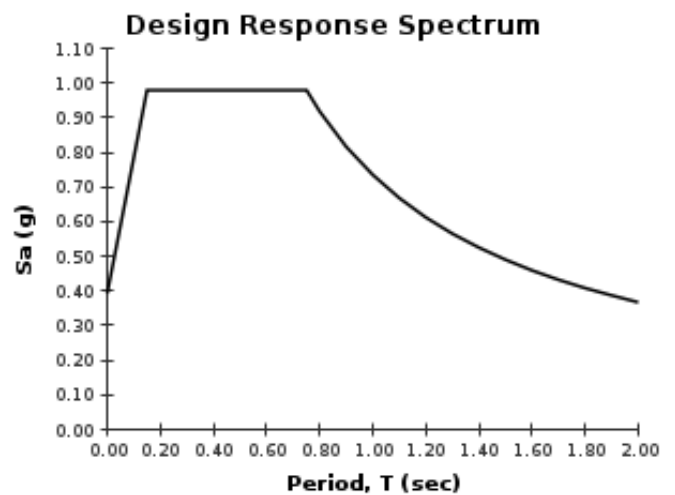
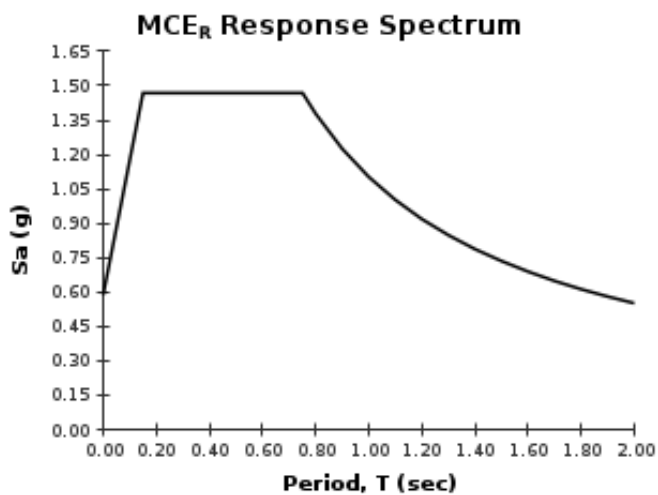
Risk Category I/II/III



USGS-Provided Output

$S_s = 1.468 \text{ g}$	$S_{MS} = 1.468 \text{ g}$	$S_{DS} = 0.979 \text{ g}$
$S_1 = 0.735 \text{ g}$	$S_{M1} = 1.102 \text{ g}$	$S_{D1} = 0.735 \text{ g}$

For information on how the S_s and S_1 values above have been calculated from probabilistic (risk-targeted) and deterministic ground motions in the direction of maximum horizontal response, please return to the application and select the “2009 NEHRP” building code reference document.



Although this information is a product of the U.S. Geological Survey, we provide no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the data contained therein. This tool is not a substitute for technical subject-matter knowledge.

Snow Load Report

1. Roof and Building Data

Ground Snow Load (Pg): 25.0 psf
Roof Pitch: 6 /12
Risk Category: II
Eave-to-Ridge (W): 7.333 ft.
Terrain Category: C
Exposure: Partially Exposed
Thermal Factor (C_t): 1.10
Roof Surface: Asphalt Shingles
Roof System: Common Truss
Spacing: 24 in. o/c
Overhang: 16 in.

2. Design Loads

Top Chord Dead Load: 7 psf
Bottom Chord Dead Load: 10 psf
SF (Slope Factor) = 1/Cosine(Φ) = 1.12 (Dead loads specified on a projected horizontal basis take into account the effect of the pitch via a slope factor.)
Adj. TCDL (TCDL x SF): 7.8 psf

3. Design Assumptions

Code Standard: ASCE 7-10
Number of Plies: 1 PLY
Bottom Chord Pitch: 0 /12

4. Snow Load Calculations

Calculate flat roof snow load p_f using the following equation:

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g$$

where:

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf
C_e = 1.00 = Exposure Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-2 (Terrain Cat. C, Exp. Partially Exposed)
C_t = 1.10 = Thermal Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-3
I_s = 1.00 = Importance Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 1.5-2 (Risk Cat. II)
p_g = 25.0 psf = Ground Snow Load in psf

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g = 0.7(1.00)(1.10)(1.00)(25.0) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 1

This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.

Copyright © 2015



A minimum roof snow load, p_m shall apply to monoslope, hip and gable roofs with slopes less than 15 degrees using the following equations:

Where p_g is 20 psf or less: $p_m = I_s p_g$

Where p_g exceeds 20 psf: $p_m = I_s(20)$

Roof slope is greater than 15 degrees, the minimum roof snow load, p_m , does not apply.

For locations where p_g is 20 psf or less, but not zero, all roofs with slopes (in degrees) less than $W/50$ with W in feet shall included a 5 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load. This additional load applies only to the sloped roof (balanced) load case and need not be used in combination with drift, sliding, unbalanced, minimum, or partial loads.

Roof slope in degrees (26.57°) is greater than $W/50 = 0.1$, the 5.0 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load does not apply.

Calculate sloped roof snow load p_s using the following equation:

$$p_s = C_s p_f$$

where:

p_s = Sloped Roof Snow Load in psf

$C_s = 1.00$ = Roof Slope Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Sec. 7.4.1-7.4.4 and Figure 7-2

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf

Roof surface (Asphalt Shingles) is considered a "non-slippery" roof. For a $C_t = 1.10$ the roof slope factor C_s is given by the solid line of ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-2b.

$$p_s = C_s p_f = (1.00)(19.3) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Calculate unbalanced snow load for hip and gable roofs as shown in ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-5.

Unbalanced snow loads are required for roof pitches between 1/2 on 12 to 7 on 12.

Using the following equations:

$$\gamma = 0.13 p_g + 14 \text{ (snow density)}$$

$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{l_u^4 p_g} + 10 - 1.5 \text{ (drift height) [if } l_u < 20 \text{ ft, use } l_u = 20 \text{ ft.]}$$

$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} h_d \sqrt{S} \text{ (width of drift surcharge)}$$

$$p_d = h_d \gamma / \sqrt{S} \text{ (drift surcharge snow load)}$$

where:

γ = Snow density in pcf, not to exceed 30 pcf.

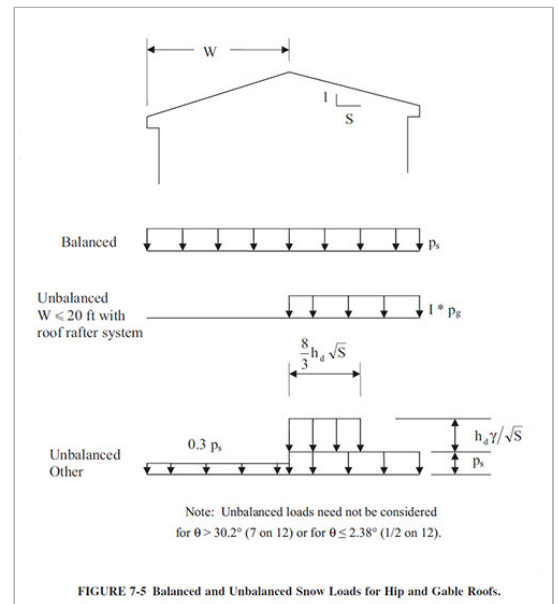
h_d = Drift height in feet, as determined by eqn. or ASCE 7-10 Fig. 7-9.

$l_u = W$ = Ridge to eave distance in feet, windward side of roof.

$S = 12/\text{Roof Pitch}$

l_d = Width of drift surcharge in feet.

p_d = Drift Surcharge Snow Load in psf



Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p>This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p>Page 2</p> <p>Copyright © 2015</p>

$$p_{\text{windward}} = 0.3p_s = (0.3)(19.3) = 5.8 \text{ psf}$$

$$p_{\text{leeward}} = p_s = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

$$\gamma = 0.13(25.0) + 14 = 17.25 \text{ pcf}$$

$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{20} \sqrt[4]{25.0 + 10} - 1.5 = 1.34 \text{ ft. } [l_u = 20 \text{ ft.}]$$

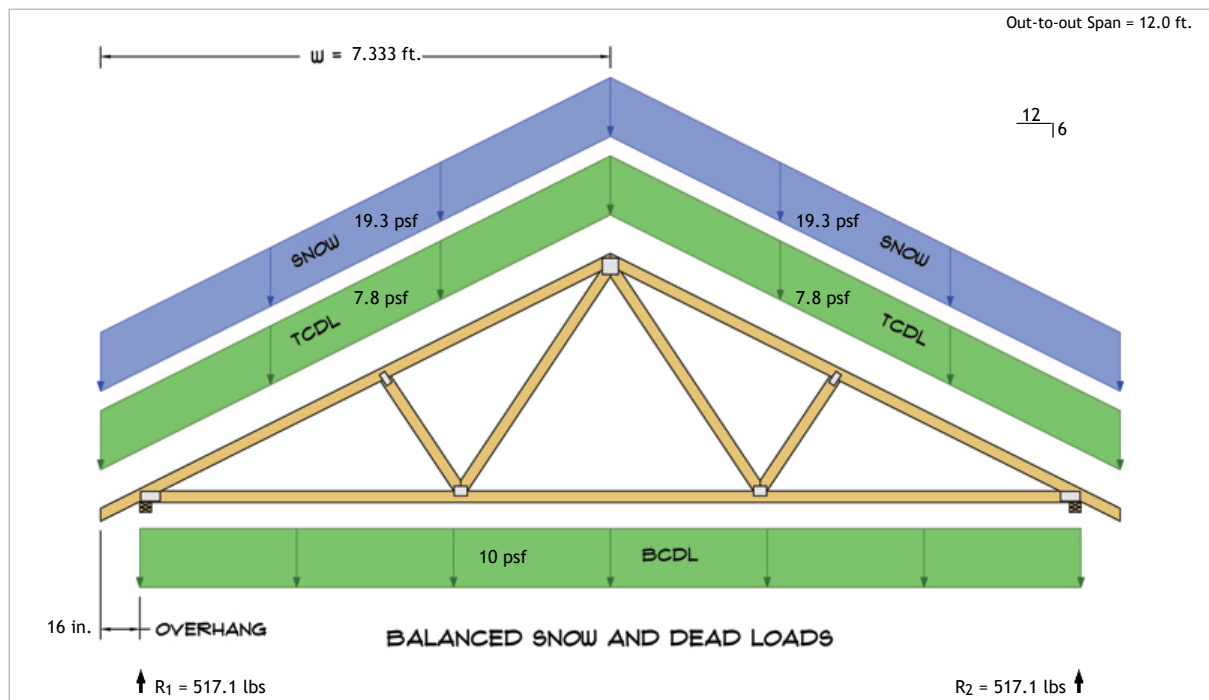
$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} \times 1.34 \times \sqrt{12/6} = 5.05 \text{ ft.}$$

$$p_d = \frac{1.34 \times 17.25}{\sqrt{12/6}} = 16.3 \text{ psf}$$

On warm roofs apply a distributed 2pf snow load on all overhanging portions as per ASCE 7-10 section 7.4.5.

No other loads except dead loads shall be present on the roof when this uniformly distributed load is applied.

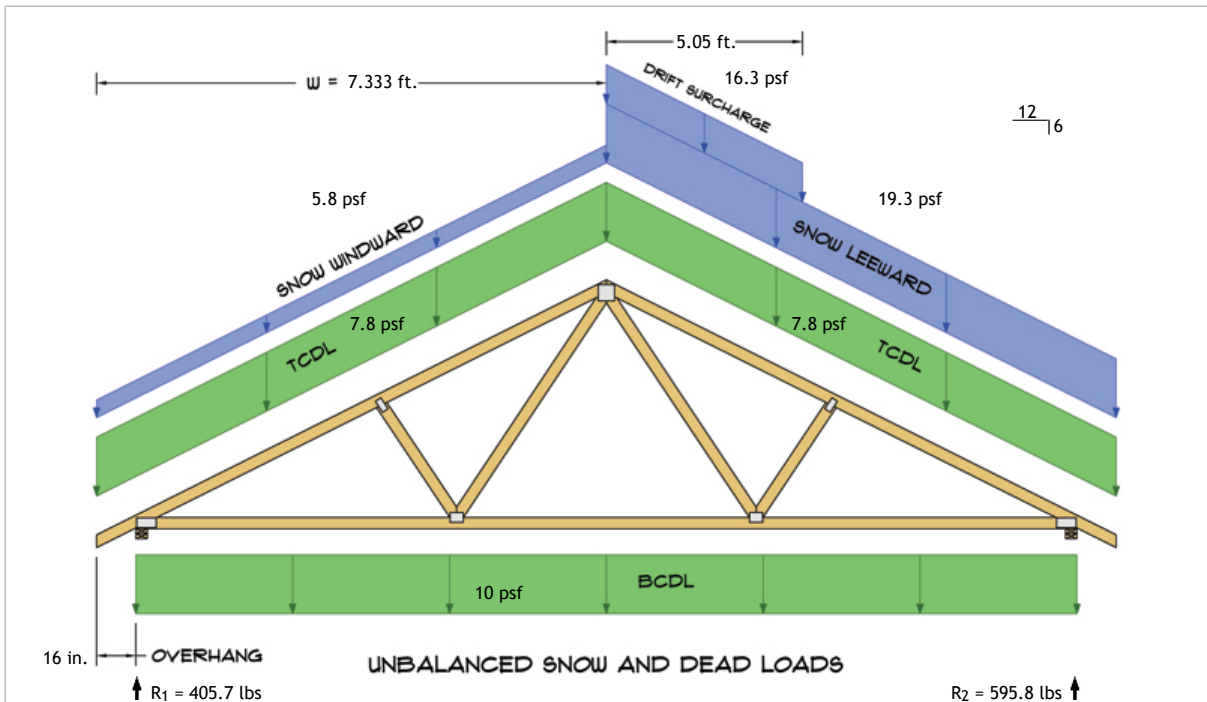
$$2p_f = (2)(19.3) = 38.5 \text{ psf}$$



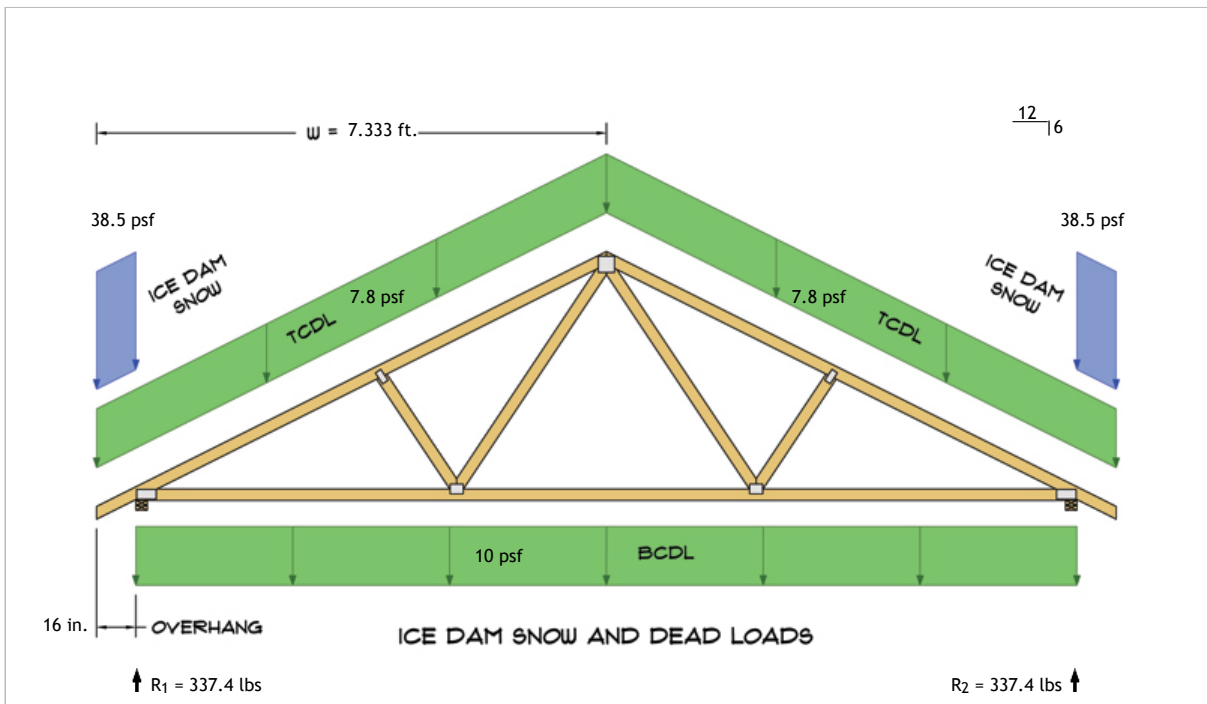
$$R_1 = D + S = 234.8 \text{ lbs} + 282.3 \text{ lbs}$$

$$R_2 = D + S = 234.8 \text{ lbs} + 282.3 \text{ lbs}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p style="font-size: small;">This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">Copyright © 2015</p>



$R_1 = D + S = 234.8 \text{ lbs} + 170.9 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 234.8 \text{ lbs} + 361.1 \text{ lbs}$



$R_1 = D + S = 234.8 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 234.8 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 4



This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.

Snow Load Report

1. Roof and Building Data

Ground Snow Load (Pg): 25.0 psf
Roof Pitch: 6 /12
Risk Category: II
Eave-to-Ridge (W): 9.333 ft.
Terrain Category: C
Exposure: Partially Exposed
Thermal Factor (C_t): 1.10
Roof Surface: Asphalt Shingles
Roof System: Common Truss
Spacing: 24 in. o/c
Overhang: 16 in.

2. Design Loads

Top Chord Dead Load: 7 psf
Bottom Chord Dead Load: 10 psf
SF (Slope Factor) = 1/Cosine(Φ) = 1.12 (Dead loads specified on a projected horizontal basis take into account the effect of the pitch via a slope factor.)
Adj. TCDL (TCDL x SF): 7.8 psf

3. Design Assumptions

Code Standard: ASCE 7-10
Number of Plies: 1 PLY
Bottom Chord Pitch: 0 /12

4. Snow Load Calculations

Calculate flat roof snow load p_f using the following equation:

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g$$

where:

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf

C_e = 1.00 = Exposure Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-2 (Terrain Cat. C, Exp. Partially Exposed)

C_t = 1.10 = Thermal Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-3

I_s = 1.00 = Importance Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 1.5-2 (Risk Cat. II)

p_g = 25.0 psf = Ground Snow Load in psf

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g = 0.7(1.00)(1.10)(1.00)(25.0) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 1

This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.



Copyright © 2015

A minimum roof snow load, p_m shall apply to monoslope, hip and gable roofs with slopes less than 15 degrees using the following equations:

Where p_g is 20 psf or less: $p_m = I_s p_g$

Where p_g exceeds 20 psf: $p_m = I_s(20)$

Roof slope is greater than 15 degrees, the minimum roof snow load, p_m , does not apply.

For locations where p_g is 20 psf or less, but not zero, all roofs with slopes (in degrees) less than $W/50$ with W in feet shall included a 5 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load. This additional load applies only to the sloped roof (balanced) load case and need not be used in combination with drift, sliding, unbalanced, minimum, or partial loads.

Roof slope in degrees (26.57°) is greater than $W/50 = 0.2$, the 5.0 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load does not apply.

Calculate sloped roof snow load p_s using the following equation:

$$p_s = C_s p_f$$

where:

p_s = Sloped Roof Snow Load in psf

$C_s = 1.00$ = Roof Slope Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Sec. 7.4.1-7.4.4 and Figure 7-2

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf

Roof surface (Asphalt Shingles) is considered a "non-slippery" roof. For a $C_t = 1.10$ the roof slope factor C_s is given by the solid line of ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-2b.

$$p_s = C_s p_f = (1.00)(19.3) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Calculate unbalanced snow load for hip and gable roofs as shown in ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-5.

Unbalanced snow loads are required for roof pitches between 1/2 on 12 to 7 on 12.

Using the following equations:

$$\gamma = 0.13 p_g + 14 \text{ (snow density)}$$

$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{l_u^4 p_g} + 10 - 1.5 \text{ (drift height) [if } l_u < 20 \text{ ft, use } l_u = 20 \text{ ft.]}$$

$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} h_d \sqrt{S} \text{ (width of drift surcharge)}$$

$$p_d = h_d \gamma / \sqrt{S} \text{ (drift surcharge snow load)}$$

where:

γ = Snow density in pcf, not to exceed 30 pcf.

h_d = Drift height in feet, as determined by eqn. or ASCE 7-10 Fig. 7-9.

$l_u = W$ = Ridge to eave distance in feet, windward side of roof.

$S = 12/\text{Roof Pitch}$

l_d = Width of drift surcharge in feet.

p_d = Drift Surcharge Snow Load in psf

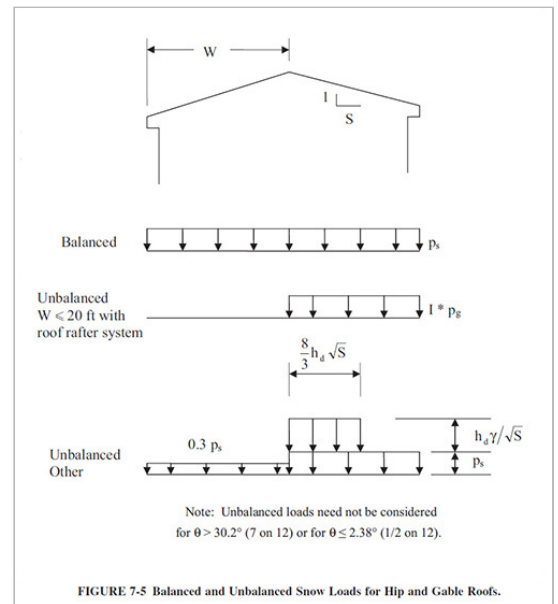


FIGURE 7-5 Balanced and Unbalanced Snow Loads for Hip and Gable Roofs.

Subject	Snow Loads	Customer	George Barth	Location	164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No.	2015-048	
Engr.	N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com				This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Rev.	-
Date	10/30/2015						Page	2

$$p_{\text{windward}} = 0.3p_s = (0.3)(19.3) = 5.8 \text{ psf}$$

$$p_{\text{leeward}} = p_s = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

$$\gamma = 0.13(25.0) + 14 = 17.25 \text{ pcf}$$

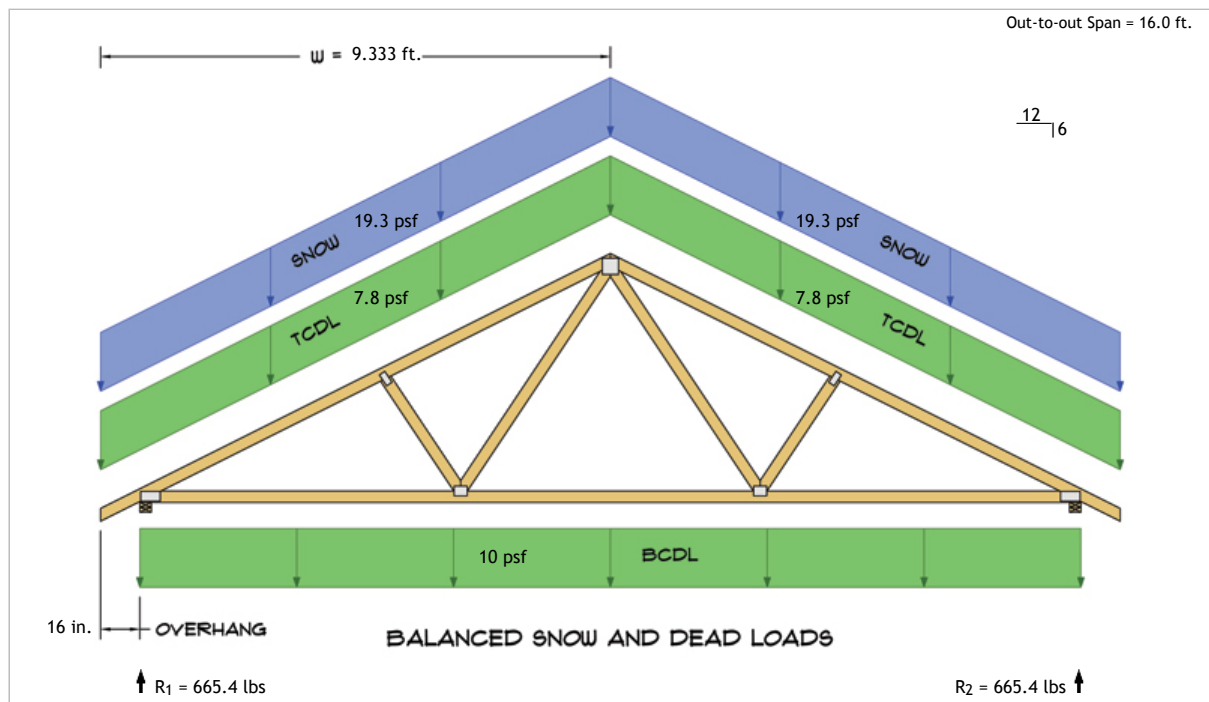
$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{20} \sqrt[4]{25.0 + 10} - 1.5 = 1.34 \text{ ft. } [l_u = 20 \text{ ft.}]$$

$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} \times 1.34 \times \sqrt{12/6} = 5.05 \text{ ft.}$$

$$p_d = \frac{1.34 \times 17.25}{\sqrt{12/6}} = 16.3 \text{ psf}$$

On warm roofs apply a distributed 2pf snow load on all overhanging portions as per ASCE 7-10 section 7.4.5.
No other loads except dead loads shall be present on the roof when this uniformly distributed load is applied.

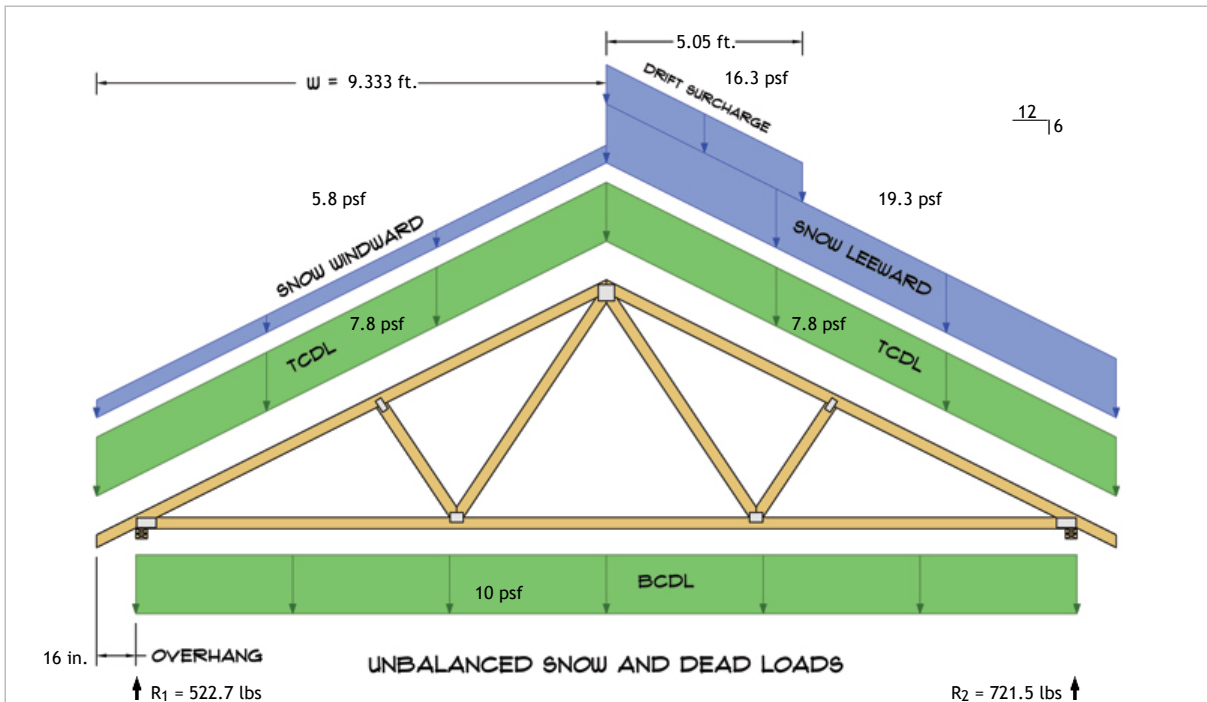
$$2p_f = (2)(19.3) = 38.5 \text{ psf}$$



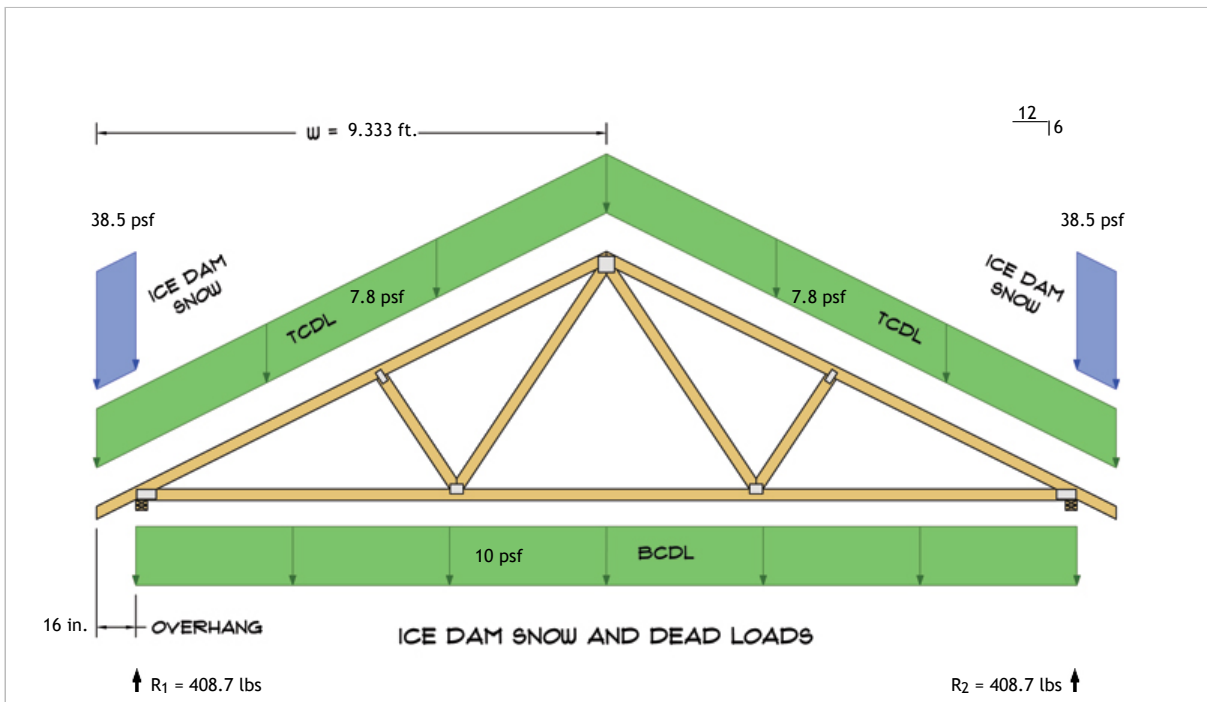
$$R_1 = D + S = 306.1 \text{ lbs} + 359.3 \text{ lbs}$$

$$R_2 = D + S = 306.1 \text{ lbs} + 359.3 \text{ lbs}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p style="font-size: small;">This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">Copyright © 2015</p>



$R_1 = D + S = 306.1 \text{ lbs} + 216.6 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 306.1 \text{ lbs} + 415.4 \text{ lbs}$



$R_1 = D + S = 306.1 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 306.1 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 4



This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.

Snow Load Report

1. Roof and Building Data

Ground Snow Load (Pg): 25.0 psf
Roof Pitch: 6 /12
Risk Category: II
Eave-to-Ridge (W): 8.333 ft.
Terrain Category: C
Exposure: Partially Exposed
Thermal Factor (C_t): 1.10
Roof Surface: Asphalt Shingles
Roof System: Common Truss
Spacing: 24 in. o/c
Overhang: 16 in.

2. Design Loads

Top Chord Dead Load: 7 psf
Bottom Chord Dead Load: 10 psf
SF (Slope Factor) = 1/Cosine(Φ) = 1.12 (Dead loads specified on a projected horizontal basis take into account the effect of the pitch via a slope factor.)
Adj. TCDL (TCDL x SF): 7.8 psf

3. Design Assumptions

Code Standard: ASCE 7-10
Number of Plies: 1 PLY
Bottom Chord Pitch: 0 /12

4. Snow Load Calculations

Calculate flat roof snow load p_f using the following equation:

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g$$

where:

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf
C_e = 1.00 = Exposure Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-2 (Terrain Cat. C, Exp. Partially Exposed)
C_t = 1.10 = Thermal Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-3
I_s = 1.00 = Importance Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 1.5-2 (Risk Cat. II)
p_g = 25.0 psf = Ground Snow Load in psf

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g = 0.7(1.00)(1.10)(1.00)(25.0) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 1

This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.
Copyright © 2015

A minimum roof snow load, p_m shall apply to monoslope, hip and gable roofs with slopes less than 15 degrees using the following equations:

Where p_g is 20 psf or less: $p_m = I_s p_g$

Where p_g exceeds 20 psf: $p_m = I_s(20)$

Roof slope is greater than 15 degrees, the minimum roof snow load, p_m , does not apply.

For locations where p_g is 20 psf or less, but not zero, all roofs with slopes (in degrees) less than $W/50$ with W in feet shall included a 5 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load. This additional load applies only to the sloped roof (balanced) load case and need not be used in combination with drift, sliding, unbalanced, minimum, or partial loads.

Roof slope in degrees (26.57°) is greater than $W/50 = 0.2$, the 5.0 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load does not apply.

Calculate sloped roof snow load p_s using the following equation:

$$p_s = C_s p_f$$

where:

p_s = Sloped Roof Snow Load in psf

$C_s = 1.00$ = Roof Slope Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Sec. 7.4.1-7.4.4 and Figure 7-2

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf

Roof surface (Asphalt Shingles) is considered a "non-slippery" roof. For a $C_t = 1.10$ the roof slope factor C_s is given by the solid line of ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-2b.

$$p_s = C_s p_f = (1.00)(19.3) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Calculate unbalanced snow load for hip and gable roofs as shown in ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-5.

Unbalanced snow loads are required for roof pitches between 1/2 on 12 to 7 on 12.

Using the following equations:

$$\gamma = 0.13 p_g + 14 \text{ (snow density)}$$

$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{l_u} \sqrt{p_g} + 10 - 1.5 \text{ (drift height) [if } l_u < 20 \text{ ft, use } l_u = 20 \text{ ft.]}$$

$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} h_d \sqrt{S} \text{ (width of drift surcharge)}$$

$$p_d = h_d \gamma / \sqrt{S} \text{ (drift surcharge snow load)}$$

where:

γ = Snow density in pcf, not to exceed 30 pcf.

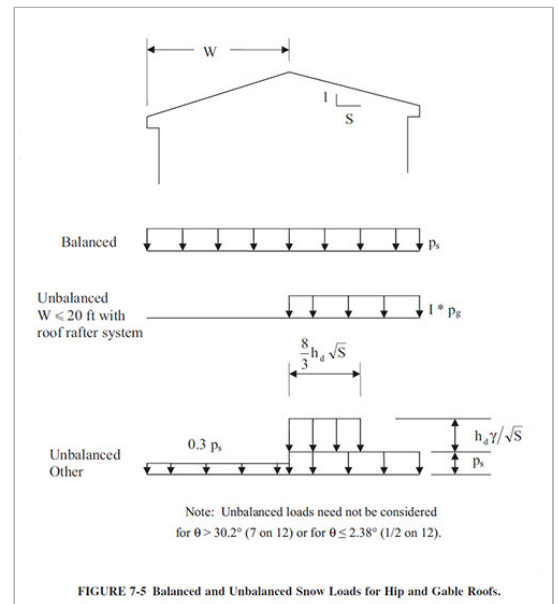
h_d = Drift height in feet, as determined by eqn. or ASCE 7-10 Fig. 7-9.

$l_u = W$ = Ridge to eave distance in feet, windward side of roof.

$S = 12/\text{Roof Pitch}$

l_d = Width of drift surcharge in feet.

p_d = Drift Surcharge Snow Load in psf



Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p>This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p>Page 2</p> <p>Copyright © 2015</p>

$$p_{\text{windward}} = 0.3p_s = (0.3)(19.3) = 5.8 \text{ psf}$$

$$p_{\text{leeward}} = p_s = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

$$\gamma = 0.13(25.0) + 14 = 17.25 \text{ pcf}$$

$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{20} \sqrt[4]{25.0 + 10} - 1.5 = 1.34 \text{ ft. } [l_u = 20 \text{ ft.}]$$

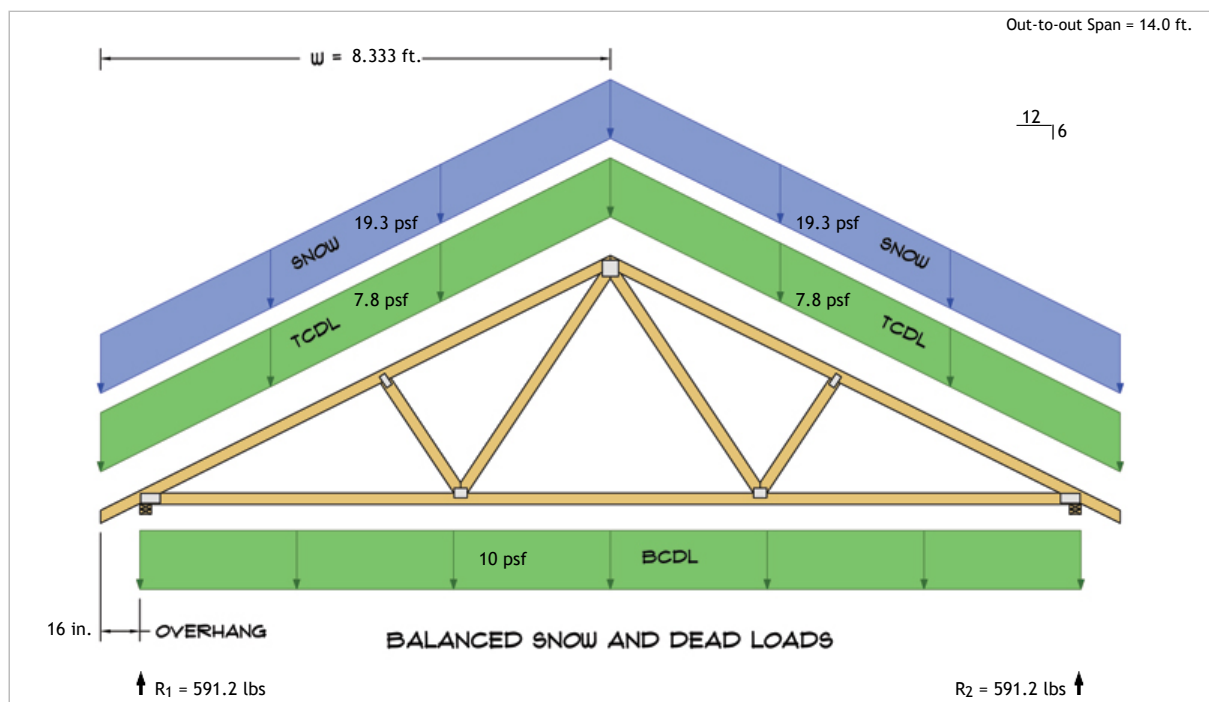
$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} \times 1.34 \times \sqrt{12/6} = 5.05 \text{ ft.}$$

$$p_d = \frac{1.34 \times 17.25}{\sqrt{12/6}} = 16.3 \text{ psf}$$

On warm roofs apply a distributed 2pf snow load on all overhanging portions as per ASCE 7-10 section 7.4.5.

No other loads except dead loads shall be present on the roof when this uniformly distributed load is applied.

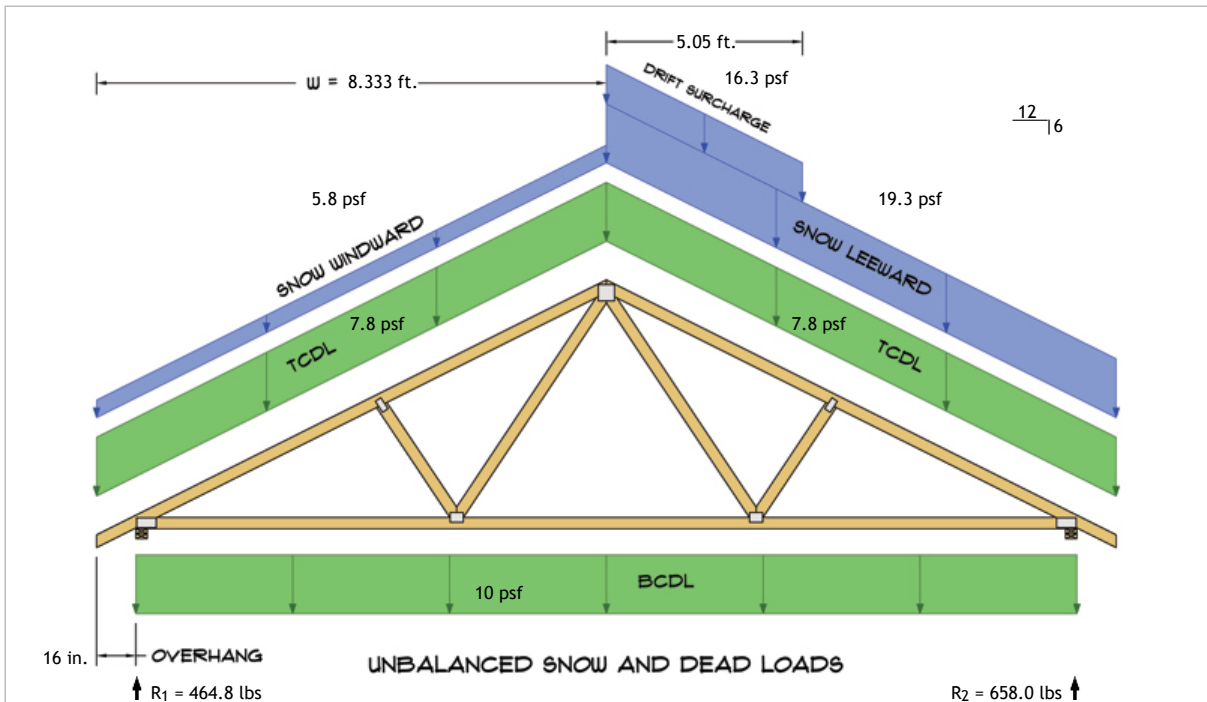
$$2p_f = (2)(19.3) = 38.5 \text{ psf}$$



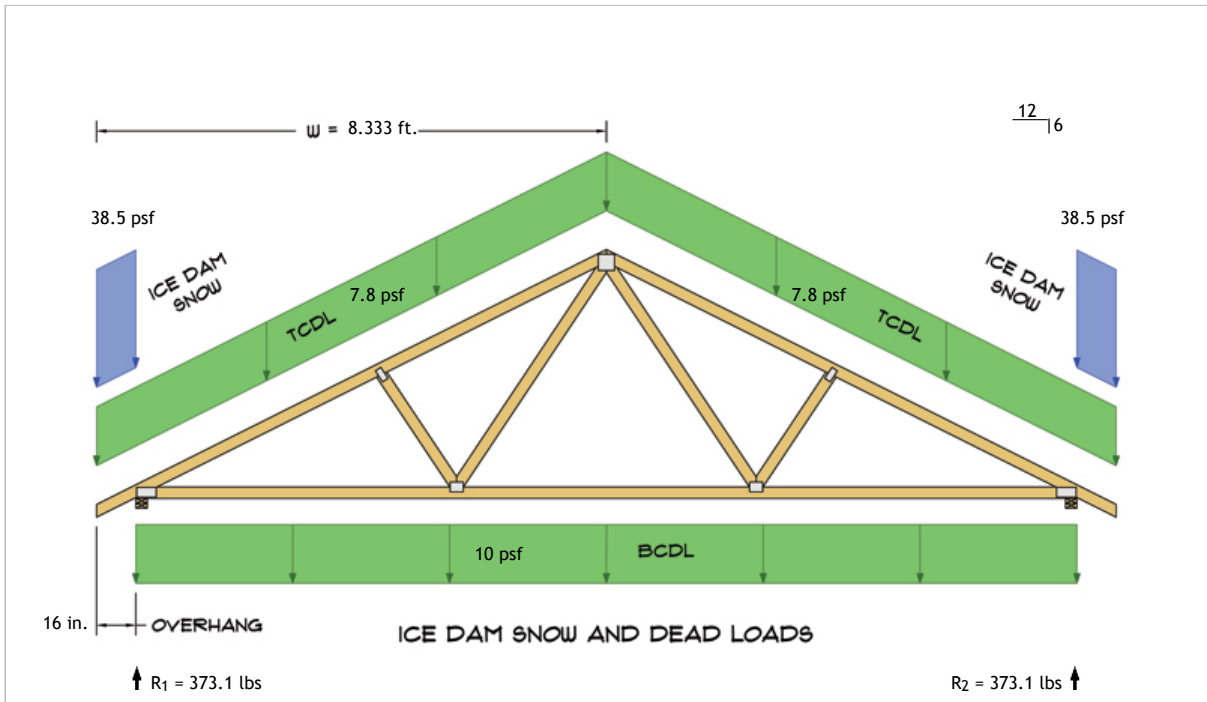
$$R_1 = D + S = 270.4 \text{ lbs} + 320.8 \text{ lbs}$$

$$R_2 = D + S = 270.4 \text{ lbs} + 320.8 \text{ lbs}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p>This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p>Copyright © 2015</p>



$R_1 = D + S = 270.4 \text{ lbs} + 194.4 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 270.4 \text{ lbs} + 387.6 \text{ lbs}$



$R_1 = D + S = 270.4 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 270.4 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 4



This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.

Snow Load Report

1. Roof and Building Data

Ground Snow Load (Pg): 25.0 psf
Roof Pitch: 6 /12
Risk Category: II
Eave-to-Ridge (W): 14.333 ft.
Terrain Category: C
Exposure: Partially Exposed
Thermal Factor (C_t): 1.10
Roof Surface: Asphalt Shingles
Roof System: Common Truss
Spacing: 24 in. o/c
Overhang: 16 in.

2. Design Loads

Top Chord Dead Load: 7 psf
Bottom Chord Dead Load: 10 psf
SF (Slope Factor) = 1/Cosine(Φ) = 1.12 (Dead loads specified on a projected horizontal basis take into account the effect of the pitch via a slope factor.)
Adj. TCDL (TCDL x SF): 7.8 psf

3. Design Assumptions

Code Standard: ASCE 7-10
Number of Plies: 1 PLY
Bottom Chord Pitch: 0 /12

4. Snow Load Calculations

Calculate flat roof snow load p_f using the following equation:

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g$$

where:

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf

C_e = 1.00 = Exposure Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-2 (Terrain Cat. C, Exp. Partially Exposed)

C_t = 1.10 = Thermal Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-3

I_s = 1.00 = Importance Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 1.5-2 (Risk Cat. II)

p_g = 25.0 psf = Ground Snow Load in psf

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g = 0.7(1.00)(1.10)(1.00)(25.0) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 1

This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.



Copyright © 2015

A minimum roof snow load, p_m shall apply to monoslope, hip and gable roofs with slopes less than 15 degrees using the following equations:

Where p_g is 20 psf or less: $p_m = I_s p_g$

Where p_g exceeds 20 psf: $p_m = I_s(20)$

Roof slope is greater than 15 degrees, the minimum roof snow load, p_m , does not apply.

For locations where p_g is 20 psf or less, but not zero, all roofs with slopes (in degrees) less than $W/50$ with W in feet shall included a 5 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load. This additional load applies only to the sloped roof (balanced) load case and need not be used in combination with drift, sliding, unbalanced, minimum, or partial loads.

Roof slope in degrees (26.57°) is greater than $W/50 = 0.3$, the 5.0 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load does not apply.

Calculate sloped roof snow load p_s using the following equation:

$$p_s = C_s p_f$$

where:

p_s = Sloped Roof Snow Load in psf

$C_s = 1.00$ = Roof Slope Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Sec. 7.4.1-7.4.4 and Figure 7-2

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf

Roof surface (Asphalt Shingles) is considered a "non-slippery" roof. For a $C_t = 1.10$ the roof slope factor C_s is given by the solid line of ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-2b.

$$p_s = C_s p_f = (1.00)(19.3) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Calculate unbalanced snow load for hip and gable roofs as shown in ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-5.

Unbalanced snow loads are required for roof pitches between 1/2 on 12 to 7 on 12.

Using the following equations:

$$\gamma = 0.13 p_g + 14 \text{ (snow density)}$$

$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{l_u} \sqrt{p_g} + 10 - 1.5 \text{ (drift height) [if } l_u < 20 \text{ ft, use } l_u = 20 \text{ ft.]}$$

$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} h_d \sqrt{S} \text{ (width of drift surcharge)}$$

$$p_d = h_d \gamma / \sqrt{S} \text{ (drift surcharge snow load)}$$

where:

γ = Snow density in pcf, not to exceed 30 pcf.

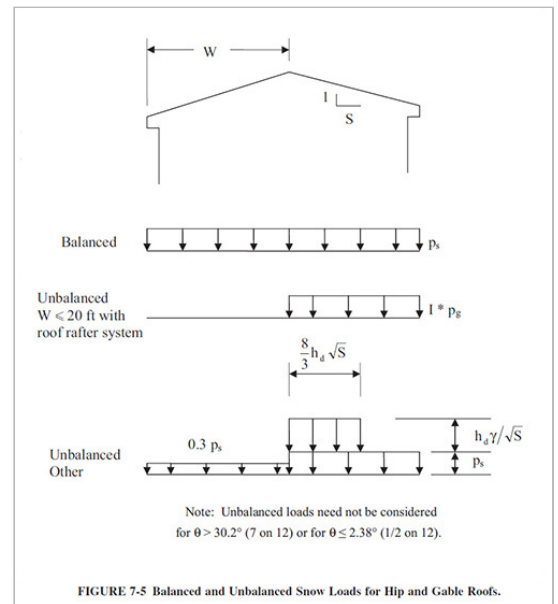
h_d = Drift height in feet, as determined by eqn. or ASCE 7-10 Fig. 7-9.

$l_u = W$ = Ridge to eave distance in feet, windward side of roof.

$S = 12/\text{Roof Pitch}$

l_d = Width of drift surcharge in feet.

p_d = Drift Surcharge Snow Load in psf



Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p>This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p>Page 2</p> <p>Copyright © 2015</p>

$$p_{\text{windward}} = 0.3p_s = (0.3)(19.3) = 5.8 \text{ psf}$$

$$p_{\text{leeward}} = p_s = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

$$\gamma = 0.13(25.0) + 14 = 17.25 \text{ pcf}$$

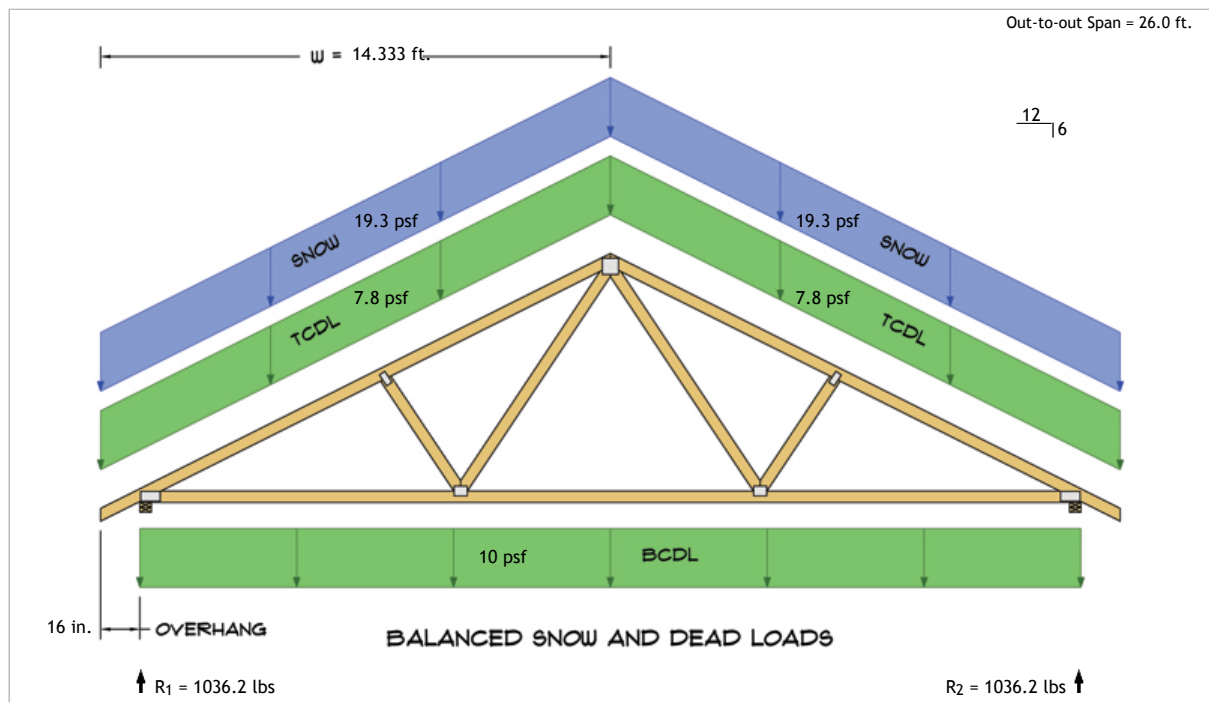
$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{20} \sqrt[4]{25.0 + 10} - 1.5 = 1.34 \text{ ft. } [l_u = 20 \text{ ft.}]$$

$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} \times 1.34 \times \sqrt{12/6} = 5.05 \text{ ft.}$$

$$p_d = \frac{1.34 \times 17.25}{\sqrt{12/6}} = 16.3 \text{ psf}$$

On warm roofs apply a distributed 2pf snow load on all overhanging portions as per ASCE 7-10 section 7.4.5.
No other loads except dead loads shall be present on the roof when this uniformly distributed load is applied.

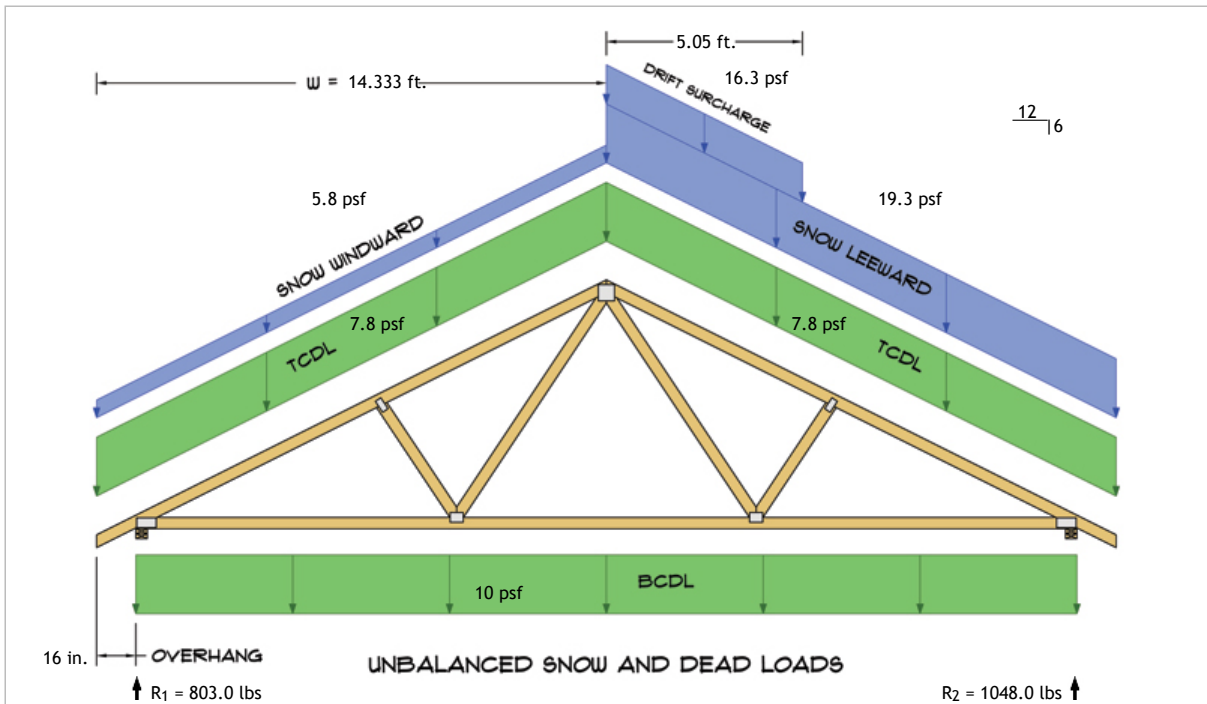
$$2p_f = (2)(19.3) = 38.5 \text{ psf}$$



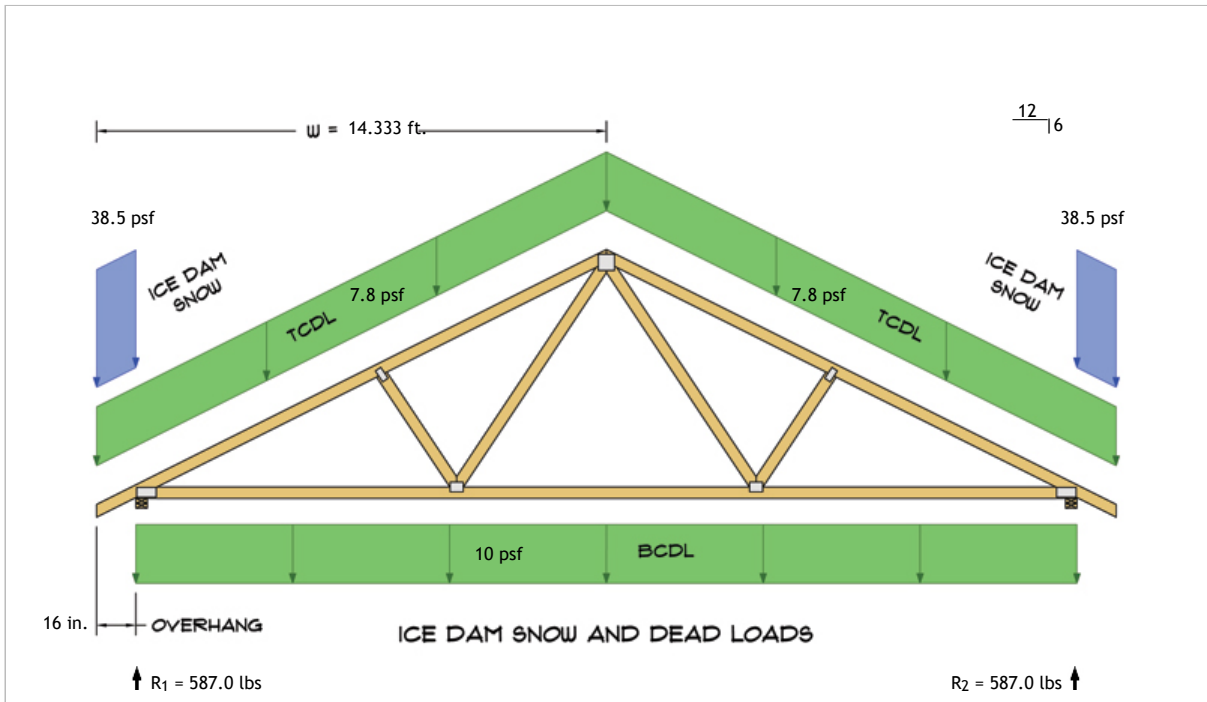
$$R_1 = D + S = 484.3 \text{ lbs} + 551.8 \text{ lbs}$$

$$R_2 = D + S = 484.3 \text{ lbs} + 551.8 \text{ lbs}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p style="font-size: small;">This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">Copyright © 2015</p>



$R_1 = D + S = 484.3 \text{ lbs} + 318.7 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 484.3 \text{ lbs} + 563.6 \text{ lbs}$



$R_1 = D + S = 484.3 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 484.3 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 4



This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.

Snow Load Report

1. Roof and Building Data

Ground Snow Load (Pg): 25.0 psf
Roof Pitch: 6 /12
Risk Category: II
Eave-to-Ridge (W): 17.0833 ft.
Terrain Category: C
Exposure: Partially Exposed
Thermal Factor (C_t): 1.10
Roof Surface: Asphalt Shingles
Roof System: Common Truss
Spacing: 24 in. o/c
Overhang: 16 in.

2. Design Loads

Top Chord Dead Load: 7 psf
Bottom Chord Dead Load: 10 psf
SF (Slope Factor) = 1/Cosine(Φ) = 1.12 (Dead loads specified on a projected horizontal basis take into account the effect of the pitch via a slope factor.)
Adj. TCDL (TCDL x SF): 7.8 psf

3. Design Assumptions

Code Standard: ASCE 7-10
Number of Plies: 1 PLY
Bottom Chord Pitch: 0 /12

4. Snow Load Calculations

Calculate flat roof snow load p_f using the following equation:

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g$$

where:

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf

C_e = 1.00 = Exposure Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-2 (Terrain Cat. C, Exp. Partially Exposed)

C_t = 1.10 = Thermal Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 7-3

I_s = 1.00 = Importance Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Table 1.5-2 (Risk Cat. II)

p_g = 25.0 psf = Ground Snow Load in psf

$$p_f = 0.7C_eC_tI_s p_g = 0.7(1.00)(1.10)(1.00)(25.0) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Subject	Snow Loads	Customer	George Barth	Location	164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No.	2015-048		
Engr.	N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com					This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.	Rev.	-
Date	10/30/2015						Page	1	

A minimum roof snow load, p_m shall apply to monoslope, hip and gable roofs with slopes less than 15 degrees using the following equations:

Where p_g is 20 psf or less: $p_m = I_s p_g$

Where p_g exceeds 20 psf: $p_m = I_s(20)$

Roof slope is greater than 15 degrees, the minimum roof snow load, p_m , does not apply.

For locations where p_g is 20 psf or less, but not zero, all roofs with slopes (in degrees) less than $W/50$ with W in feet shall included a 5 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load. This additional load applies only to the sloped roof (balanced) load case and need not be used in combination with drift, sliding, unbalanced, minimum, or partial loads.

Roof slope in degrees (26.57°) is greater than $W/50 = 0.3$, the 5.0 psf rain-on-snow surcharge load does not apply.

Calculate sloped roof snow load p_s using the following equation:

$$p_s = C_s p_f$$

where:

p_s = Sloped Roof Snow Load in psf

$C_s = 1.00$ = Roof Slope Factor, as determined by ASCE 7-10 Sec. 7.4.1-7.4.4 and Figure 7-2

p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load in psf

Roof surface (Asphalt Shingles) is considered a "non-slippery" roof. For a $C_t = 1.10$ the roof slope factor C_s is given by the solid line of ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-2b.

$$p_s = C_s p_f = (1.00)(19.3) = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

Calculate unbalanced snow load for hip and gable roofs as shown in ASCE 7-10 Figure 7-5.

Unbalanced snow loads are required for roof pitches between 1/2 on 12 to 7 on 12.

Using the following equations:

$$\gamma = 0.13 p_g + 14 \text{ (snow density)}$$

$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{l_u} \sqrt{p_g} + 10 - 1.5 \text{ (drift height) [if } l_u < 20 \text{ ft, use } l_u = 20 \text{ ft.]}$$

$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} h_d \sqrt{S} \text{ (width of drift surcharge)}$$

$$p_d = h_d \gamma / \sqrt{S} \text{ (drift surcharge snow load)}$$

where:

γ = Snow density in pcf, not to exceed 30 pcf.

h_d = Drift height in feet, as determined by eqn. or ASCE 7-10 Fig. 7-9.

$l_u = W$ = Ridge to eave distance in feet, windward side of roof.

$S = 12/\text{Roof Pitch}$

l_d = Width of drift surcharge in feet.

p_d = Drift Surcharge Snow Load in psf

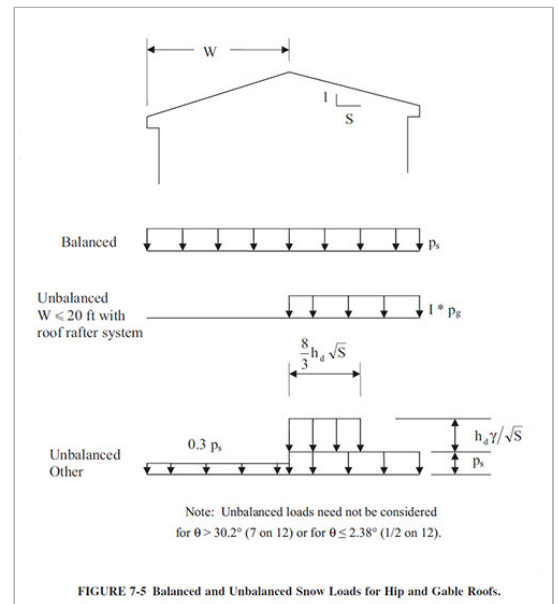


FIGURE 7-5 Balanced and Unbalanced Snow Loads for Hip and Gable Roofs.

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p>This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p>Page 2</p> <p>Copyright © 2015</p>

$$p_{\text{windward}} = 0.3p_s = (0.3)(19.3) = 5.8 \text{ psf}$$

$$p_{\text{leeward}} = p_s = 19.3 \text{ psf}$$

$$\gamma = 0.13(25.0) + 14 = 17.25 \text{ pcf}$$

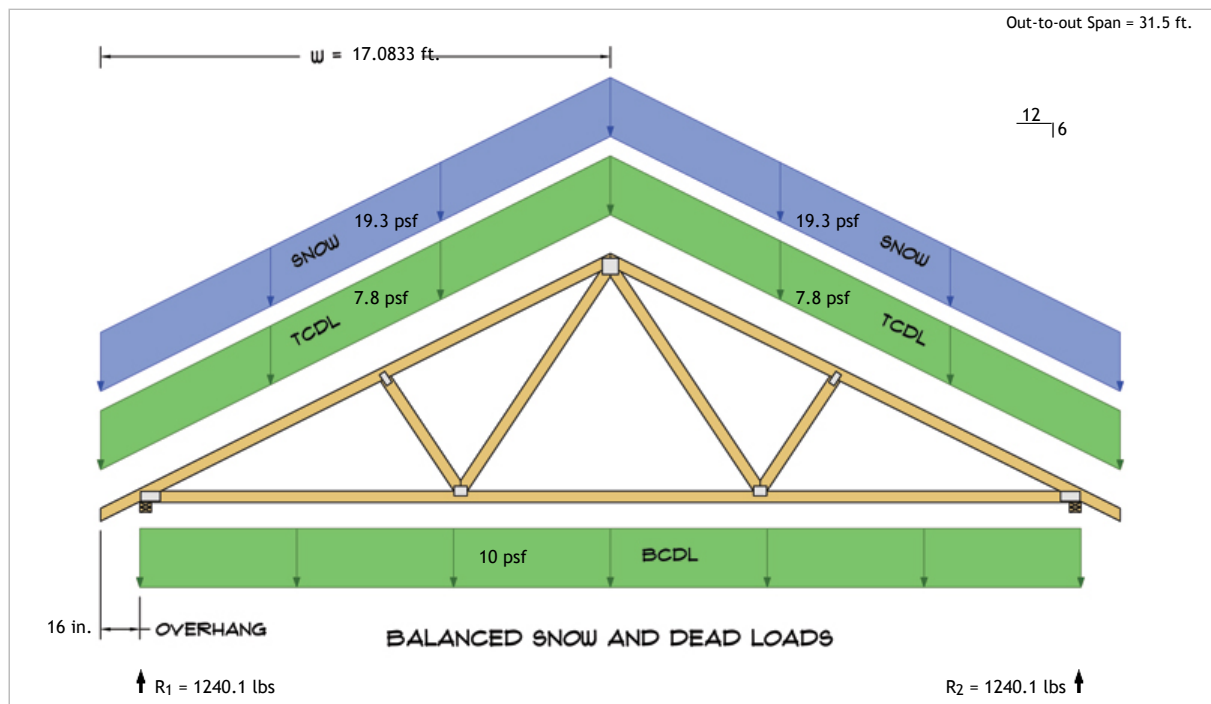
$$h_d = .43 \sqrt[3]{20} \sqrt[4]{25.0 + 10} - 1.5 = 1.34 \text{ ft. } [l_u = 20 \text{ ft.}]$$

$$l_d = \frac{8}{3} \times 1.34 \times \sqrt{12/6} = 5.05 \text{ ft.}$$

$$p_d = \frac{1.34 \times 17.25}{\sqrt{12/6}} = 16.3 \text{ psf}$$

On warm roofs apply a distributed 2pf snow load on all overhanging portions as per ASCE 7-10 section 7.4.5.
No other loads except dead loads shall be present on the roof when this uniformly distributed load is applied.

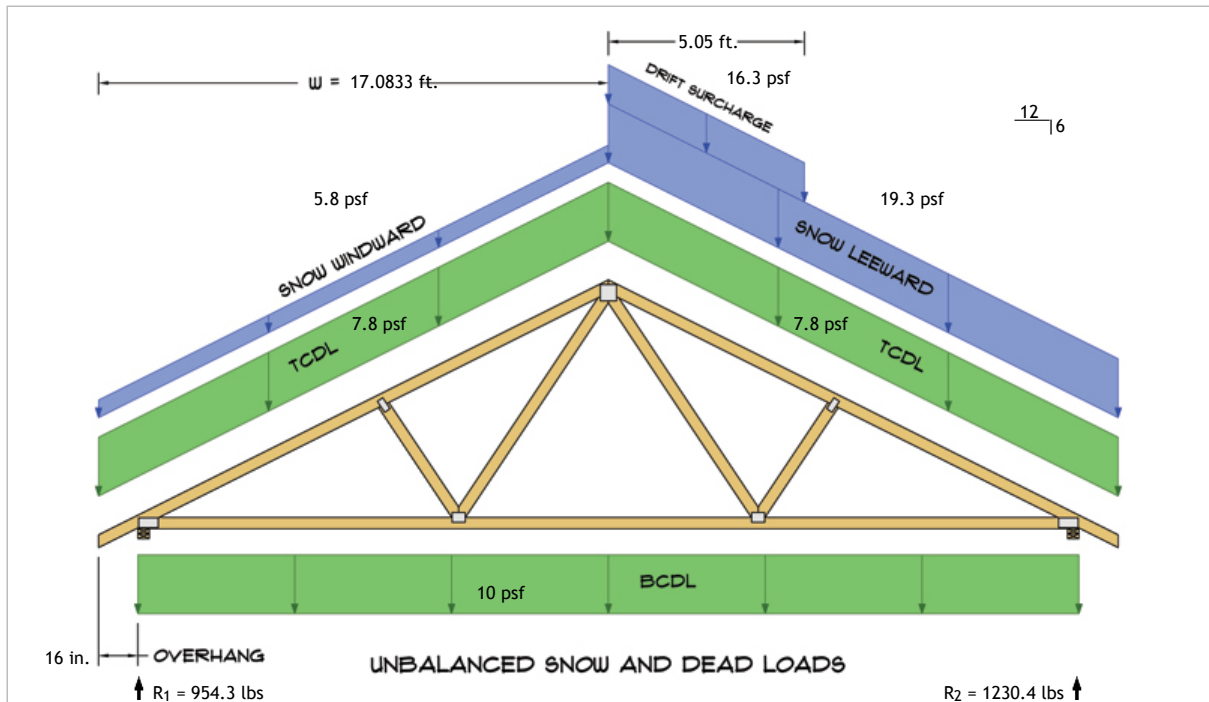
$$2p_f = (2)(19.3) = 38.5 \text{ psf}$$



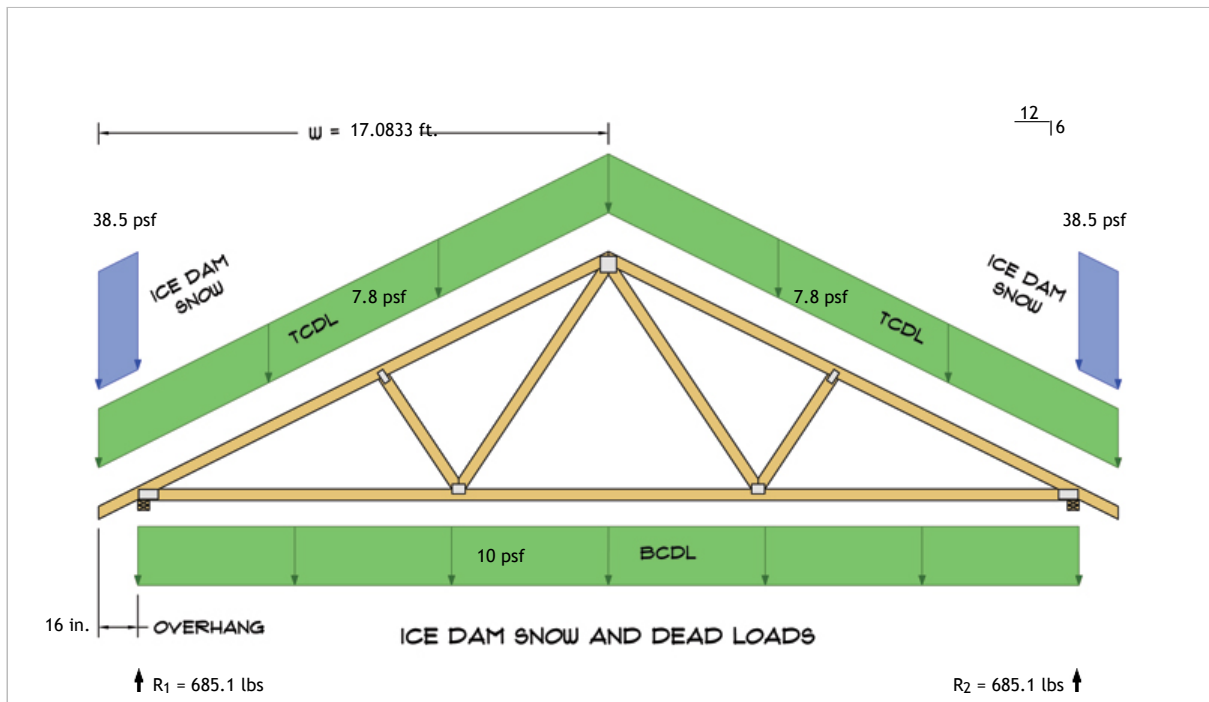
$$R_1 = D + S = 582.4 \text{ lbs} + 657.7 \text{ lbs}$$

$$R_2 = D + S = 582.4 \text{ lbs} + 657.7 \text{ lbs}$$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			 <p>This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.</p> <p>Copyright © 2015</p>



$R_1 = D + S = 582.4 \text{ lbs} + 371.9 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 582.4 \text{ lbs} + 648.0 \text{ lbs}$



$R_1 = D + S = 582.4 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$
 $R_2 = D + S = 582.4 \text{ lbs} + 102.7 \text{ lbs}$

Subject Snow Loads	Customer George Barth	Location 164 Octopus Ave. NE Ocean Shores WA 98569	Job No. 2015-048
Engr. N. Wilkerson	MEDEEK ENGINEERING INC. 3050 State Route 109 Copalis Beach, WA 98535 ph. (425) 420-5715 www.medeek.com		Rev. -
Date 10/30/2015			Page 4



This report may not be copied, reproduced or distributed without the written consent of Medeek Engineering Inc.

WIND (MWFRS)

Wind Analysis Method	Analytic Directional Procedure	ASCE 7-10 Fig. 27.4-1
Basic Wind Speed (ultimate)	155.00 MPH	
Topography Factor	Kzt = 1.00	ASCE 7-10 Fig. 26.8-1
Directionality Factor	Kd = 0.85	ASCE 7-10 Fig. 26.6-1
Gust Effect Factor	G = 0.85	ASCE 7-10 Sec. 26.9.1
Internal Pressure Coefficients	(GCpi) = 0.18 -0.18	ASCE 7-10 Table 26.11-1
Roof Pitch	6.00 :12	26.57 DEG
Roof Eave Height	11.000 FT	
Peak Roof Height	19.500 FT	α = 9.5
Mean Roof Height	15.250 FT	zg = 900
Terrain Exp. Category	C	

Velocity Pressures

Height (ft)		Kz	qz	
he =	11.00 FT	0.849	44.38	
h =	15.25 FT	0.852	44.53	
z =	15 FT	0.849	44.38	L = Parallel to wind dir.
z =	20 FT	0.902	47.15	B = Perp. to wind dir.
z =	25 FT	0.945	49.42	
z =	30 FT	0.982	51.35	

$$q_z = 0.00256 K_z K_{zt} K_d V^2$$

Design Pressures

Note: Pressures are limit state design pressures for strength design. Multiple by 0.6 for ASD.

$p = qGC_p - qh(GC_{pi})$

Transverse Direction:	L = 55	L/B = 0.98			
	B = 56	h/L = 0.28			
				Design Pressure (psf)	
		z (ft)	qz (psf)	Cp	qGCp (+GCpi) (-GCpi)
Windward Wall		15	44.38	0.80	30.18 22.16 38.19
		20	47.15	0.80	32.06 24.05 40.08
		25	49.42	0.80	33.60 25.59 41.62
		30	51.35	0.80	34.92 26.90 42.93
Leeward Wall		15.25	44.53	-0.50	-18.93 -26.94 -10.91
Side Wall		15.25	44.53	-0.70	-26.50 -34.51 -18.48
Windward Roof (Positive)		15.25	44.53	0.29	10.94 2.93 18.96
Windward Roof (Negative)		15.25	44.53	-0.21	-7.85 -15.87 0.16
Leeward Roof		15.25	44.53	-0.60	-22.71 -30.73 -14.70
Ridge Parallel Roof	(0 to h/2)		44.53	-0.90	-34.07 -42.08 -26.05
	(h/2 to h)		44.53	-0.90	-34.07 -42.08 -26.05
	(h to 2h)		44.53	-0.50	-18.93 -26.94 -10.91
	(>h2)		44.53	-0.30	-11.36 -19.37 -3.34

Longitudinal Direction:

Note: Pressures are limit state design pressures for strength design. Multiple by 0.6 for ASD.

	L = 56	L/B = 1.02			
	B = 55	h/L = 0.27			
				Design Pressure (psf)	
		z (ft)	qz (psf)	Cp	qGCp (+GCpi) (-GCpi)
Windward Wall		15	44.38	0.80	30.18 22.16 38.19
		20	47.15	0.80	32.06 24.05 40.08
		25	49.42	0.80	33.60 25.59 41.62
		30	51.35	0.80	34.92 26.90 42.93
Leeward Wall		15.25	44.53	-0.50	-18.79 -26.80 -10.77
Side Wall		15.25	44.53	-0.70	-26.50 -34.51 -18.48
Windward Roof (Positive)		15.25	44.53	0.29	11.02 3.00 19.03
Windward Roof (Negative)		15.25	44.53	-0.21	-7.80 -15.82 0.21
Leeward Roof		15.25	44.53	-0.60	-22.71 -30.73 -14.70
Ridge Parallel Roof	(0 to h/2)		44.53	-0.90	-34.07 -42.08 -26.05
	(h/2 to h)		44.53	-0.90	-34.07 -42.08 -26.05
	(h to 2h)		44.53	-0.50	-18.93 -26.94 -10.91
	(>h2)		44.53	-0.30	-11.36 -19.37 -3.34

Overhangs:

	z (ft)	qz (psf)	Cp	qGCp	$p = qGC_p$
Windward Overhang	11.000	44.38	0.80	30.18	

WIND (C&C)

Wind Analysis Method

Part 1: Low Rise Buildings

Basic Wind Speed (ultimate)

155.00 MPH

Topography Factor

K_{zt} = 1.00 ASCE 7-10 Fig. 26.8-1

Directionality Factor

K_d = 0.85 ASCE 7-10 Fig. 26.6-1

Internal Pressure Coefficients

(GC_{pi}) = 0.18 -0.18 ASCE 7-10 Table 26.11-1

Roof Pitch

6.00 :12 26.57 DEG

Roof Eave Height

11.000 FT

Peak Roof Height

19.500 FT

α = 9.5

Mean Roof Height

15.250 FT

z_g = 900

Terrain Exp. Category

C

Velocity Pressure

$$qz = 0.00256 Kz Kzt Kd V^2$$

Height (ft)

K_z

q_z

h = 15.25 FT

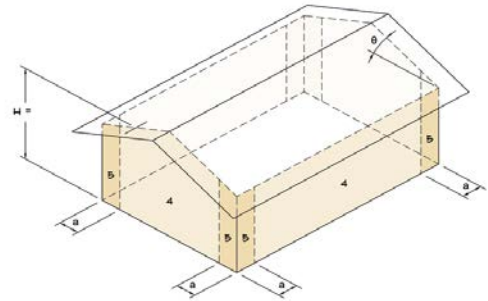
0.852

44.53

Wall Components

$$p = qh(GC_p - GC_{pi})$$

Component	Span Length (ft.)	Width (ft.)	Trib. Area	Eff. Area
Stud	9	1.33	11.97	27.00
Panel	8	4	32.00	32.00
A ≤ 10 ft ²	-	-	-	10.00
A = 20 ft ²	-	-	-	20.00
A = 50 ft ²	-	-	-	50.00
A = 100 ft ²	-	-	-	100.00
A = 200 ft ²	-	-	-	200.00
A ≥ 500 ft ²	-	-	-	500.00



Wall Coefficients taken from ASCE 7-10 Fig. 30.4-1

Wall Coefficients

Component	Eff. Area	Zone 4 Pos	Zone 4 Neg	Zone 5 Pos	Zone 5 Neg
Stud	27.00	0.92	-1.02	0.92	-1.25
Panel	32.00	0.91	-1.01	0.91	-1.22
A ≤ 10 ft ²	10.00	1.00	-1.10	1.00	-1.40
A = 20 ft ²	20.00	0.95	-1.05	0.95	-1.29
A = 50 ft ²	50.00	0.88	-0.98	0.88	-1.15
A = 100 ft ²	100.00	0.82	-0.92	0.82	-1.05
A = 200 ft ²	200.00	0.77	-0.87	0.77	-0.94
A ≥ 500 ft ²	500.00	0.70	-0.80	0.70	-0.80

Wall Design Pressures

(psf)

Component	Eff. Area	Zone 4 Pos	Zone 4 Neg	Zone 5 Pos	Zone 5 Neg
Stud	27.00	49.16	-53.61	49.16	-63.58
Panel	32.00	48.58	-53.03	48.58	-62.42
A ≤ 10 ft ²	10.00	52.55	-57.00	52.55	-70.36
A = 20 ft ²	20.00	50.18	-54.63	50.18	-65.63
A = 50 ft ²	50.00	47.05	-51.51	47.05	-59.37
A = 100 ft ²	100.00	44.68	-49.14	44.68	-54.63
A = 200 ft ²	200.00	42.32	-46.77	42.32	-49.90
A ≥ 500 ft ²	500.00	39.19	-43.64	39.19	-43.64

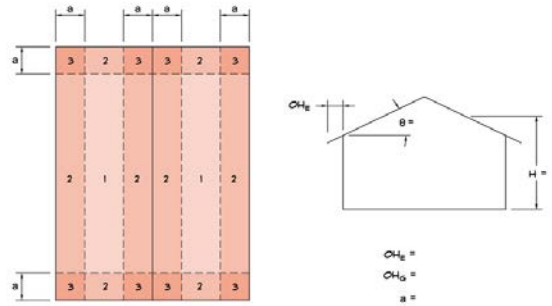
Note: Pressures are limit state design pressures for strength design. Multiple by 0.6 for ASD.

Min. Pressure: The design wind pressure for C&C shall not be less than 16 psf acting in either direction normal to the surface.

Roof Components

$$p = qh(GC_p - GC_{pi})$$

Component	Span Length (ft.)	Width (ft.)	Trib. Area	Eff. Area
Truss/Rafter	14	2	28.00	65.33
Panel	8	4	32.00	32.00
A ≤ 10 ft ²	-	-	-	10.00
A = 20 ft ²	-	-	-	20.00
A = 50 ft ²	-	-	-	50.00
A ≥ 100 ft ²	-	-	-	100.00



Roof Coefficients taken from ASCE 7-10 Fig. 30.4-2B and Fig. 30.4-2C

Roof Coefficients

Component	Eff. Area	Zone 1 Pos	Zone1 Neg	Zone 2 Pos	Zone 2 Neg	Zone 3 Pos	Zone 3 Neg
Truss/Rafter	65.33	0.34	-0.82	0.34	-1.29	0.34	-2.11
Panel	32.00	0.40	-0.85	0.40	-1.45	0.40	-2.30
A ≤ 10 ft ²	10.00	0.50	-0.90	0.50	-1.70	0.50	-2.60
A = 20 ft ²	20.00	0.44	-0.87	0.44	-1.55	0.44	-2.42
A = 50 ft ²	50.00	0.36	-0.83	0.36	-1.35	0.36	-2.18
A ≥ 100 ft ²	100.00	0.30	-0.80	0.30	-1.20	0.30	-2.00

Roof Design Pressures

(psf)

Component	Eff. Area	Zone 1 Pos	Zone1 Neg	Zone 2 Pos	Zone 2 Neg	Zone 3 Pos	Zone 3 Neg
Truss/Rafter	65.33	23.02	-44.47	23.02	-65.57	23.02	-102.02
Panel	32.00	25.78	-45.85	25.78	-72.47	25.78	-110.30
A ≤ 10 ft ²	10.00	30.28	-48.10	30.28	-83.72	30.28	-123.80
A = 20 ft ²	20.00	27.60	-46.76	27.60	-77.02	27.60	-115.76
A = 50 ft ²	50.00	24.06	-44.98	24.06	-68.16	24.06	-105.13
A = 100 ft ²	100.00	21.38	-43.64	21.38	-61.46	21.38	-97.08

Roof Coefficients

(Overhang)

Component	Eff. Area	Zone 1 Pos	Zone1 Neg	Zone 2 Pos	Zone 2 Neg	Zone 3 Pos	Zone 3 Neg
Truss/Rafter	65.33	0.34	-0.82	0.34	-2.20	0.34	-2.72
Panel	32.00	0.40	-0.85	0.40	-2.20	0.40	-3.09
A ≤ 10 ft ²	10.00	0.50	-0.90	0.50	-2.20	0.50	-3.70
A = 20 ft ²	20.00	0.44	-0.87	0.44	-2.20	0.44	-3.34
A = 50 ft ²	50.00	0.36	-0.83	0.36	-2.20	0.36	-2.86
A ≥ 100 ft ²	100.00	0.30	-0.80	0.30	-2.20	0.30	-2.50

Roof Design Pressures

(Overhang)

(psf)

Component	Eff. Area	Zone 1 Pos	Zone1 Neg	Zone 2 Pos	Zone 2 Neg	Zone 3 Pos	Zone 3 Neg
Truss/Rafter	65.33	23.02	-44.47	23.02	-105.99	23.02	-129.23
Panel	32.00	25.78	-45.85	25.78	-105.99	25.78	-145.79
A ≤ 10 ft ²	10.00	30.28	-48.10	30.28	-105.99	30.28	-172.79
A = 20 ft ²	20.00	27.60	-46.76	27.60	-105.99	27.60	-156.70
A = 50 ft ²	50.00	24.06	-44.98	24.06	-105.99	24.06	-135.44
A = 100 ft ²	100.00	21.38	-43.64	21.38	-105.99	21.38	-119.35

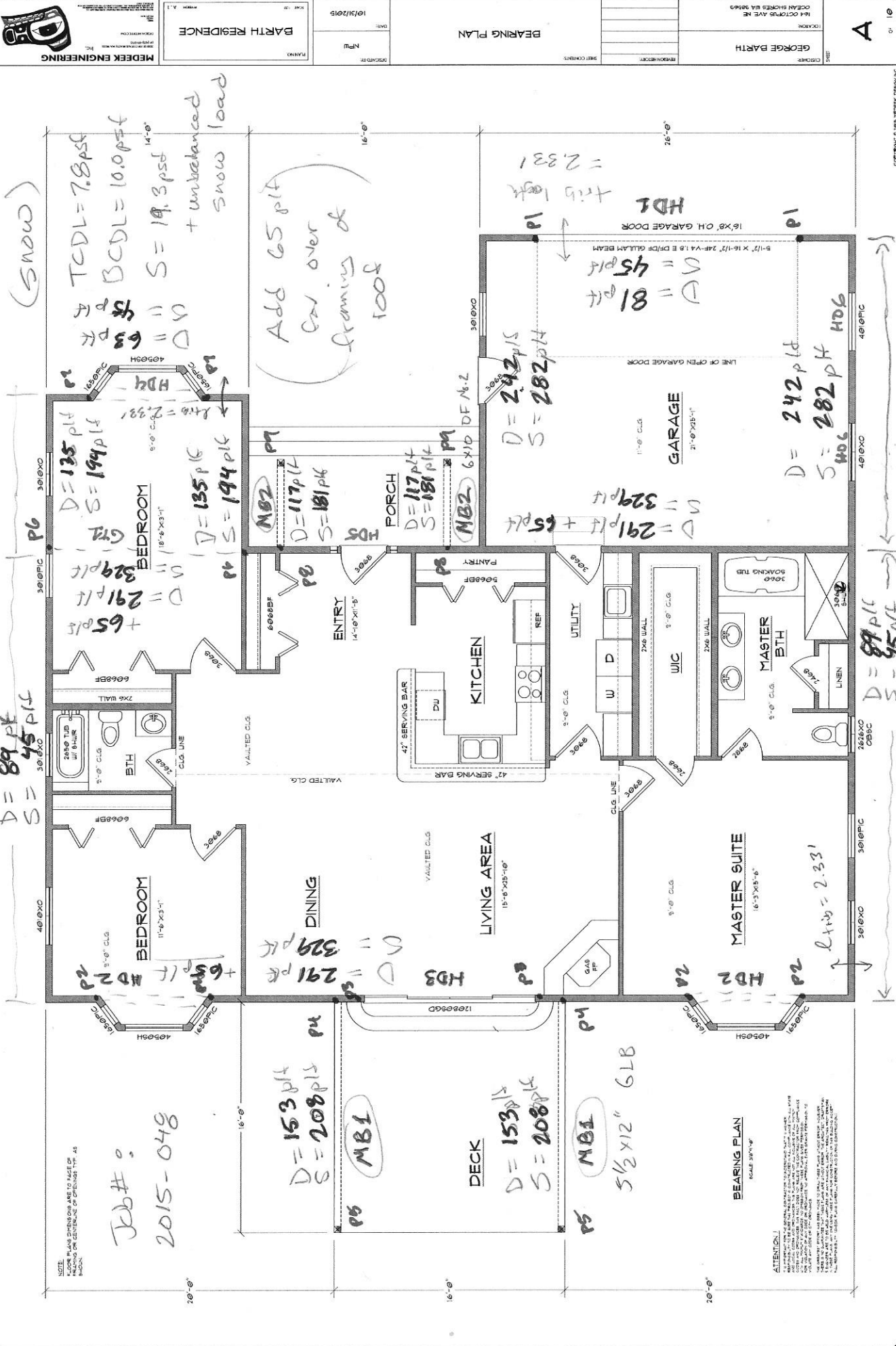
Width of Zones 2,3 and 5

smaller of:	0.1 x	55.00 =	5.50 ft	(controls)	a = 5.5 ft
	0.4 x	15.25 =	6.10 ft		
not less than:	0.04 x	55.00 =	2.20 ft		
		or	3 ft		

Note: Pressures are limit state design pressures for strength design. Multiple by 0.6 for ASD.

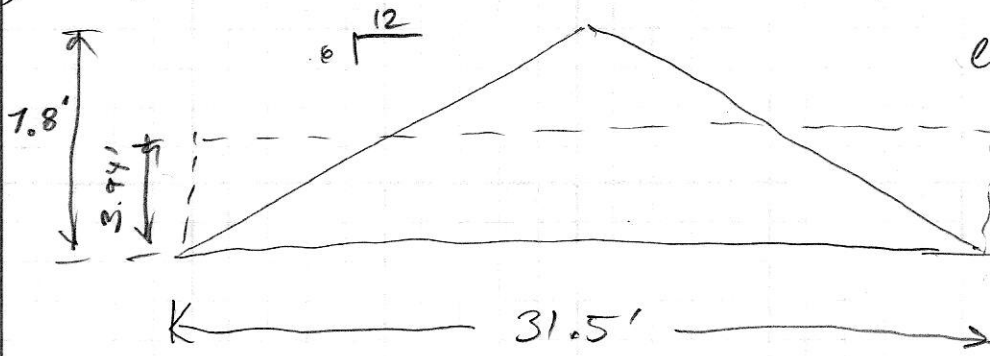
Min. Pressure: The design wind pressure for C&C shall not be less than 16 psf acting in either direction normal to the surface.

MEI Oct 31, 2015 NPW ASCE 7-10 Load Case #3 Govers (D+S) (SNOW)



Bearing Walls @ Gable Ends

1) Master Suite



trib length:

$$l = 12'' + 16'' = 28''$$

$$l = 2.33'$$

Wall
Dead Load
= 12 psf

$$D_{wall} = (12 \text{ psf}) (3.94') = 47 \text{ plf}$$

$$D_{roof} = 41.5 \text{ plf}$$

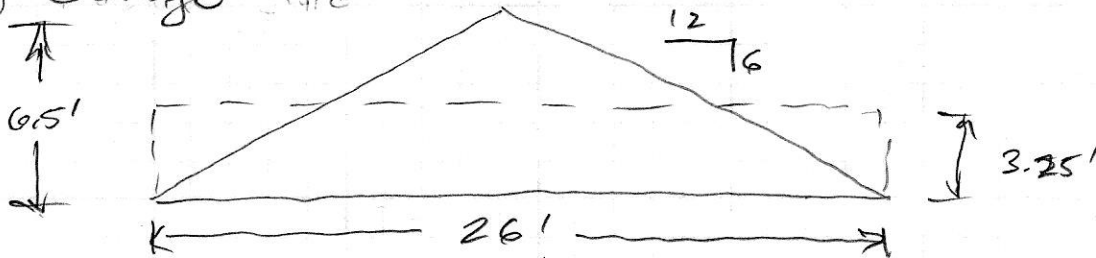
$$S = \underline{45 \text{ plf}}$$

$$D_{total} = \underline{89 \text{ plf}}$$

TCOL + BCOL
= 17.8 psf

Snow = 19.3 psf

2) Garage Suite



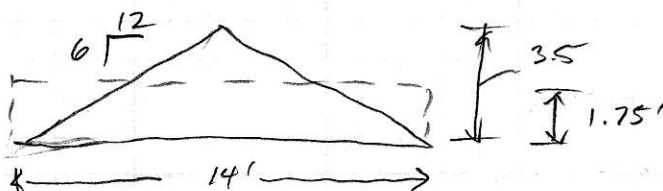
$$D_{wall} = (12 \text{ psf}) (3.25') = 39 \text{ plf}$$

$$D_{roof} = 41.5 \text{ plf}$$

$$S = 45 \text{ plf}$$

$$D_{total} = 81 \text{ plf}$$

3) Bedroom



$$D_{wall} = (12 \text{ psf}) (1.75') = 21 \text{ plf}$$

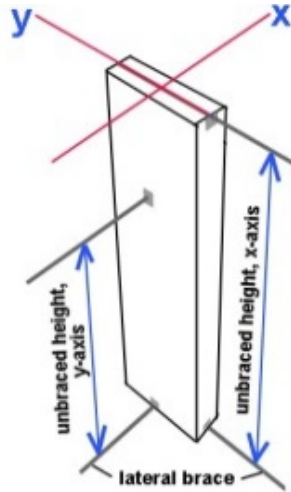
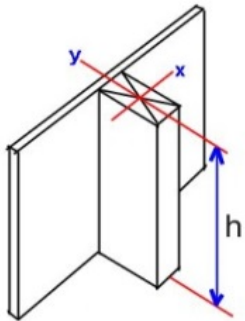
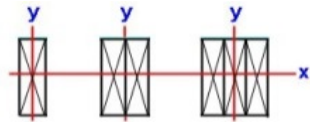
$$D_{roof} = 41.5$$

$$S = 45 \text{ plf}$$

$$D_{tot} = 63 \text{ plf}$$

COLUMNS

Post No.	Type	Grade	Exp.	PT	Bearing	dx	dy	Force (P)	hgt. (H)	lex	ley	ex	ey	Cd	CM_b	CM_c1	CM_c	CM_e	Ct	CF_b	CF_c	Ci	Ci_e	Cr	Cb	(le/d)x	(le/d)y	A	Sx	Sy	Kfx	Kfy
P1	(2) 2x6	DF No. 2	dry	N	HF	5.50	3.00	1388	7.0	7.0	1.0	0.92	0.50	1.15	1	1	1	1	1	1.3	1.1	1	1	1	1	15.27	4.00	16.50	15.13	8.25	1.00	0.60
P2	4x6	DF No. 2	dry	N	HF	5.50	3.50	2713	8.0	8.0	1.0	0.92	0.58	1.15	1	1	1	1	1	1.3	1.1	1	1	1	1	17.45	3.43	19.25	17.65	11.23	1.00	1.00
P3	(2) 2x6	DF No. 2	dry	N	HF	5.50	3.00	4381	8.0	8.0	1.0	0.92	0.50	1.15	1	1	1	1	1	1.3	1.1	1	1	1	1	17.45	4.00	16.50	15.13	8.25	1.00	0.60
P4	6x6	DF No. 2	dry	N	HF	5.50	5.50	3102	9.0	9.0	1.0	0.92	0.92	1.15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	19.64	2.18	30.25	27.73	27.73	1.00	1.00
P5	6x6	HF No. 2	wet	Y	DF	5.50	5.50	3615	11.0	11.0	11.0	0.92	0.92	1.15	1	0.67	0.91	1	1	1	1	0.8	0.95	1	1	24.00	24.00	30.25	27.73	27.73	1.00	1.00
P6	(3) 2x6	DF No. 2	dry	N	HF	5.50	4.50	4795	9.0	9.0	1.0	0.92	0.75	1.15	1	1	1	1	1	1.3	1.1	1	1	1	1	19.64	2.67	24.75	22.69	18.56	1.00	0.60
P7	4x6	DF No. 2	dry	N	HF	5.50	3.50	508	8.0	8.0	1.0	0.92	0.58	1.15	1	1	1	1	1	1.3	1.1	1	1	1	1	17.45	3.43	19.25	17.65	11.23	1.00	1.00
P8	4x6	DF No. 2	dry	N	DF	5.50	3.50	975	10.0	10.0	10.0	0.92	0.58	1.15	1	1	1	1	1	1.3	1.1	1	1	1	1	21.82	34.29	19.25	17.65	11.23	1.00	1.00
P9	6x6	HF No. 2	wet	Y	DF	5.50	5.50	1468	10.0	10.0	10.0	0.92	0.92	1.15	1	0.67	0.91	1	1	1	1	0.8	0.95	1	1	21.82	21.82	30.25	27.73	27.73	1.00	1.00
FP1	4x6	HF No. 2	dry	Y	DF	5.50	3.50	3174	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.92	0.58	1.00	1	1	1	1	1	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.95	1	1	8.73	13.71	19.25	17.65	11.23	1.00	1.00
FP2	4x4	HF No. 2	dry	Y	DF	3.50	3.50	3579	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.58	0.58	1.00	1	1	1	1	1	1.5	1.15	0.8	0.95	1	1	13.71	13.71	12.25	7.15	7.15	1.00	1.00



	2"-4" Thick DF No. 1	2"-4" Thick DF No. 2	2"-4" Thick HF No. 1	2"-4" Thick HF No. 2	
Fc	1500	1350	1350	1300	psi
Fbx	1000	900	975	850	psi
Fby	1000	900	975	850	psi
Ex	1,700,000	1,600,000	1,500,000	1,300,000	psi
Ey	1,700,000	1,600,000	1,500,000	1,300,000	psi
Eminx	620,000	580,000	550,000	470,000	psi
Eminy	620,000	580,000	550,000	470,000	psi

Mech. Lamination Method

Nailed

Post No.	E'minx	E'miny	FcEx	FcEy	Fc*	c	Cpx	Cpy	Cp	Fc'	fc	Axial													
												Check 1	lux	luy	lux/dx	luy/dy	lebx	leby	Rbx	Rby	Fbex	Fbey	Fbe	Fbx*	Fby*
P1	580000	580000	2044	29798	1708	0.80	0.749	0.593	0.593	1012	84	0.083	1.00	7.00	2.18	28.00	2.06	12.88	3.89	3.92	46072	45406	45406	1346	1346
P2	580000	580000	1565	40558	1708	0.80	0.660	0.991	0.660	1127	141	0.125	1.00	8.00	2.18	27.43	2.06	14.72	3.33	4.52	62710	34055	34055	1346	1346
P3	580000	580000	1565	29798	1708	0.80	0.660	0.593	0.593	1012	266	0.262	1.00	8.00	2.18	32.00	2.06	14.72	3.89	4.19	46072	39731	39731	1346	1346
P4	470000	470000	1002	81158	805	0.80	0.761	0.998	0.761	612	103	0.167	1.00	9.00	2.18	19.64	2.06	16.56	2.12	6.01	125485	15610	15610	863	863
P5	380000	380000	542	542	481	0.80	0.730	0.730	0.730	352	120	0.340	11.00	11.00	24.00	24.00	20.24	20.24	6.65	6.65	10326	10326	10326	529	529
P6	580000	580000	1236	67044	1708	0.80	0.572	0.597	0.572	976	194	0.198	1.00	9.00	2.18	24.00	2.06	16.56	2.59	5.44	103663	23544	23544	1346	1346
P7	580000	580000	1565	40558	1708	0.80	0.660	0.991	0.660	1127	26	0.023	1.00	8.00	2.18	27.43	2.06	14.72	3.33	4.52	62710	34055	34055	1346	1346
P8	580000	580000	1002	406	1708	0.80	0.491	0.224	0.224	383	51	0.132	10.00	10.00	21.82	34.29	18.40	18.40	9.96	5.05	7021	27244	7021	1346	1346
P9	380000	380000	656	656	481	0.80	0.786	0.786	0.786	378	49	0.128	10.00	10.00	21.82	21.82	18.40	18.40	6.34	6.34	11359	11359	11359	529	529
FP1	446500	446500	4819	1951	1144	0.80	0.945	0.838	0.838	959	165	0.172	4.00	4.00	8.73	13.71	7.90	7.40	6.52	3.20	12596	52184	12596	884	884
FP2	446500	446500	1951	1951	1196	0.80	0.829	0.829	0.829	991	292	0.295	4.00	4.00	13.71	13.71	7.40	7.40	5.04	5.04	21133	21133	21133	1020	1020

	5"x5" & Larger DF No. 1	5"x5" & Larger DF No. 2	5"x5" & Larger HF No. 1	5"x5" & Larger HF No. 2	
Fc	1000	700	850	575	psi
Fbx	1200	750	975	575	psi
Fby	1200	750	975	575	psi
Ex	1,600,000	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,100,000	psi
Ey	1,600,000	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,100,000	psi
Eminx	580,000	470,000	470,000	400,000	psi
Eminy	580,000	470,000	470,000	400,000	psi

	PSL 1.7 2650 VERSA-LAM	
Fc	3000	psi
Fbx	2650	psi
Fby	2400	psi
Ex	1,700,000	psi
Ey	1,700,000	psi
Eminx	865,000	psi
Eminy	865,000	psi

Notes:

1. A minimum eccentricity of 1/2 inch or 16.7% of the column width is considered about both principal axes, whichever is greater.
2. The bending moment of the column due to the eccentricities is calculated independently for each axis.
2. Flat use factor in bending interaction equations about any minor axis is conservatively set to unity.

Post No.	CLx	Cly	Fbx'	Fby'	ecc fbx	ecc fby	Bending X		Bending Y		Pdelta x	Pdelta y	Amp Ecc x	Amp Ecc y	Combined X		Combined Y		Bearing	
							Check 2	Check 3	Check 4	Check 5					Fcperp'	Check 6				
P1	0.999	1.000	1343	1346	84	84	0.063	0.063	1.04	1.00	1.01	1.00	0.073	0.070	405.00	0.208				
P2	0.999	1.000	1344	1346	141	141	0.105	0.105	1.10	1.00	1.02	1.00	0.134	0.121	405.00	0.348				
P3	0.999	1.000	1343	1346	266	266	0.198	0.198	1.20	1.01	1.04	1.00	0.317	0.269	405.00	0.656				
P4	1.000	1.000	863	863	103	103	0.119	0.119	1.11	1.00	1.02	1.00	0.164	0.147	405.00	0.253				
P5	1.000	1.000	529	529	120	120	0.226	0.226	1.28	1.28	1.05	1.05	0.421	0.421	418.75	0.285				
P6	0.999	1.000	1345	1346	194	194	0.144	0.144	1.19	1.00	1.04	1.00	0.217	0.184	405.00	0.478				
P7	0.999	1.000	1344	1346	26	26	0.020	0.020	1.02	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.021	0.020	405.00	0.065				
P8	0.988	1.000	1330	1346	51	51	0.038	0.038	1.05	1.14	1.01	1.03	0.058	0.062	625.00	0.081				
P9	1.000	1.000	529	529	49	49	0.092	0.092	1.08	1.08	1.02	1.02	0.117	0.117	418.75	0.116				
FP1	0.996	1.000	881	884	165	165	0.188	0.187	1.04	1.09	1.01	1.02	0.225	0.238	625.00	0.264				
FP2	1.000	1.000	1020	1020	293	293	0.287	0.287	1.18	1.18	1.04	1.04	0.436	0.436	625.00	0.467				

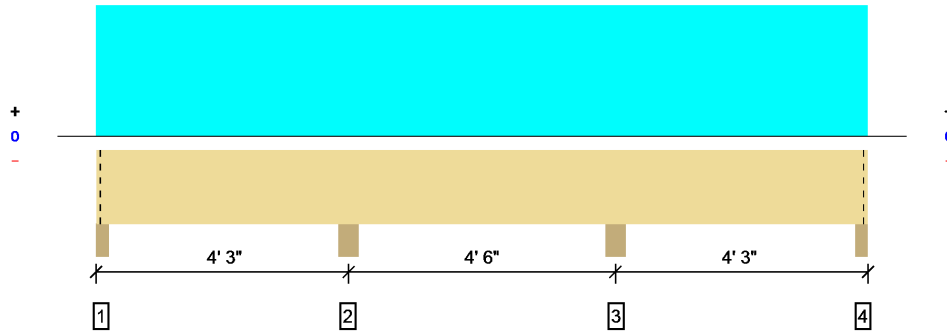
Post No.	Dead	Floor Live	Roof Live	Snow	Wind	Seismic	Cd = 0.90		Cd = 1.00		Cd = 1.15/1.25		Cd = 1.15/1.25		Cd = 1.60		Cd = 1.60		Cd = 1.60		Max.	Max.	Cd	LC
							LC1	LC1/Cd	LC2	LC2/Cd	LC3	LC3/Cd	LC4	LC4/Cd	LC5	LC5/Cd	LC6a	LC6a/Cd	LC6b	LC6b/Cd	Bearing	LC		
P1	966	0	0	422	0	0	966	1,073	966	966	1,388	1,207	1,283	1,115	966	604	1,283	802	1,283	802	1,388	1,388	1.15	LC3
P2	1,301	0	0	1,412	0	0	1,301	1,446	1,301	1,301	2,713	2,359	2,360	2,052	1,301	813	2,360	1,475	2,360	1,475	2,713	2,713	1.15	LC3
P3	2,325		0	2,056	0	0	2,325	2,583	2,325	2,325	4,381	3,810	3,867	3,363	2,325	1,453	3,867	2,417	3,867	2,417	4,381	4,381	1.15	LC3
P4	1,387	0	0	1,715	0	0	1,387	1,541	1,387	1,387	3,102	2,697	2,673	2,325	1,387	867	2,673	1,671	2,673	1,671	3,102	3,102	1.15	LC3
P5	1,621	0	0	1,994	0	0	1,621	1,801	1,621	1,621	3,615	3,143	3,117	2,710	1,621	1,013	3,117	1,948	3,117	1,948	3,615	3,615	1.15	LC3
P6	2,492	0	0	2,303	0	0	2,492	2,769	2,492	2,492	4,795	4,170	4,219	3,669	2,492	1,558	4,219	2,637	4,219	2,637	4,795	4,795	1.15	LC3
P7	315	0	0	193	0	0	315	350	315	315	508	442	460	400	315	197	460	287	460	287	508	508	1.15	LC3
P8	400	0	0	575	0	0	400	444	400	400	975	848	831	723	400	250	831	520	831	520	975	975	1.15	LC3
P9	614	0	0	854	0	0	614	682	614	614	1,468	1,277	1,255	1,091	614	384	1,255	784	1,255	784	1,468	1,468	1.15	LC3
FP1	540	2,634	0	0	0	0	540	600	3,174	3,174	540	470	2,516	2,187	540	338	2,516	1,572	2,516	1,572	3,174	3,174	1.00	LC2
FP2	667	2,912	0	0	0	0	667	741	3,579	3,579	667	580	2,851	2,479	667	417	2,851	1,782	2,851	1,782	3,579	3,579	1.00	LC2

01: Level 1			
Member Name	Results	Current Solution	Comments
FJ1	Passed	1 Piece(s) 9 1/2" TJI® 110 @ 16" OC	
FJ2	Passed	1 Piece(s) 9 1/2" TJI® 110 @ 16" OC	
FB1	Passed	1 Piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
FB2	Passed	1 Piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
FB3	Passed	1 Piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
02: Roof			
Member Name	Results	Current Solution	Comments
GT1	Passed	2 Piece(s) 24" TJI® 560D @ 12" OC	Reinforcement accessories required
MB1	Passed	1 Piece(s) 5 1/2" x 12" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
MB2	Passed	1 Piece(s) 6 x 10 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
HD1	Passed	1 Piece(s) 5 1/2" x 16 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
HD2	Passed	1 Piece(s) 5 1/2" x 9" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
HD3	Passed	1 Piece(s) 5 1/2" x 12" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
HD4	Passed	1 Piece(s) 6 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
HD5	Passed	1 Piece(s) 6 x 10 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
HD6	Passed	1 Piece(s) 6 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
HD7	Passed	1 Piece(s) 6 x 6 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	

Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

1 piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2

Overall Length: 13'



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	3579 @ 8' 9"	12031 (5.50")	Passed (30%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1217 @ 3' 5"	3045	Passed (40%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	-1465 @ 4' 3"	2989	Passed (49%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.016 @ 2' 1 13/16"	0.136	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.018 @ 2' 1 5/8"	0.204	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)

 System : Floor
 Member Type : Drop Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 13' o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	247	1149/-147	1396/-147	Blocking
2 - Column - HF	5.50"	5.50"	1.64"	667	2912	3579	None
3 - Column - HF	5.50"	5.50"	1.64"	667	2912	3579	None
4 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	247	1149/-147	1396/-147	Blocking

- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 13'	N/A	134.3	570.0	Linked from: FJ2, Support 4

Weyerhaeuser Notes

Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.

The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE

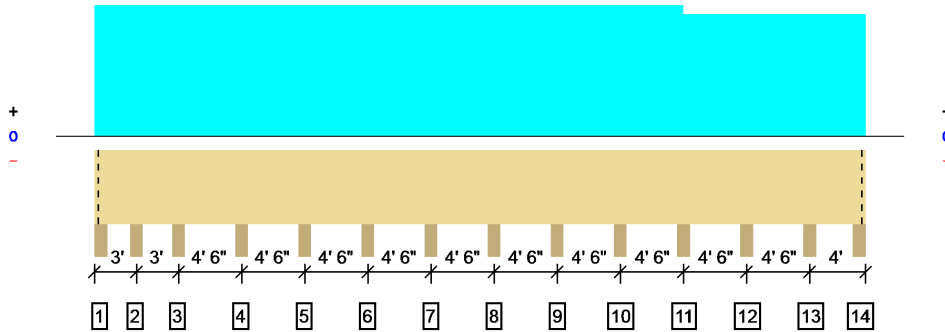


Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

 10/31/2015 5:36:40 PM
 Forte v5.0, Design Engine: V6.4.0.40
 2015_048_MEMBERS.4te

1 piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2

Overall Length: 55'



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	3168 @ 37' 6"	7656 (3.50")	Passed (41%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1125 @ 38' 3"	3045	Passed (37%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	-1341 @ 37' 6"	2989	Passed (45%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.015 @ 26' 3"	0.150	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.017 @ 39' 9"	0.225	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Drop Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 55' o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	158	753/-100	911/-100	Blocking
2 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	358	1825	2183	None
3 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	457	2248	2705	None
4 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	556	2566	3122	None
5 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	534	2589	3123	None
6 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	540	2622	3162	None
7 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	538	2624	3162	None
8 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	539	2626	3165	None
9 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	536	2625	3161	None
10 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	547	2622	3169	None
11 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	478	2576	3054	None
12 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	406	2495	2901	None
13 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	433	2420	2853	None
14 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	150	922/-145	1072/-145	Blocking

- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 42'	N/A	113.3	493.5	Linked from: FJ1, Support 3
2 - Uniform (PLF)	42' to 55'	N/A	86.3	478.5	Linked from: FJ2, Support 3

Weyerhaeuser Notes

Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.

The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE

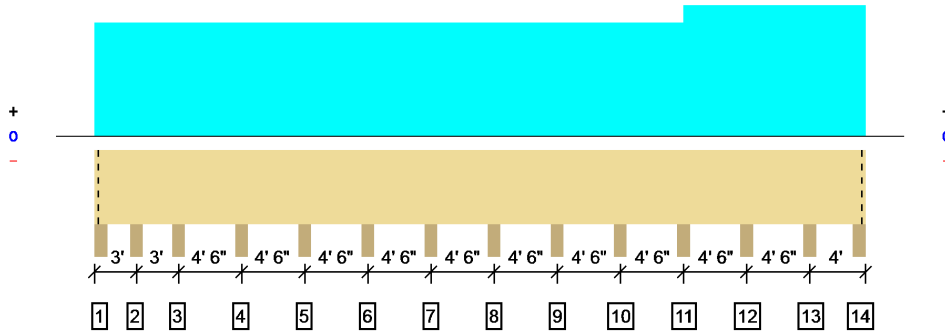


Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

10/31/2015 5:32:34 PM
 Forte v5.0, Design Engine: V6.4.0.40
 2015_048_MEMBERS.4te

1 piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2

Overall Length: 55'



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	3575 @ 46' 6"	7656 (3.50")	Passed (47%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1277 @ 45' 9"	3045	Passed (42%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	-1489 @ 46' 6"	2989	Passed (50%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.017 @ 44' 2 15/16"	0.150	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.019 @ 44' 2 15/16"	0.225	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)

 System : Floor
 Member Type : Drop Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 55' o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	158	753/-100	911/-100	Blocking
2 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	358	1825	2183	None
3 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	457	2248	2705	None
4 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	556	2566	3122	None
5 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	534	2589	3123	None
6 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	540	2622	3162	None
7 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	538	2625	3163	None
8 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	538	2627	3165	None
9 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	540	2634	3174	None
10 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	532	2631	3163	None
11 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.55"	585	2808	3393	None
12 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.63"	632	2943	3575	None
13 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.60"	649	2854	3503	None
14 - Column - HF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	228	1091/-170	1319/-170	Blocking

- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 42'	N/A	113.3	493.5	Linked from: FJ1, Support 2
2 - Uniform (PLF)	42' to 55'	N/A	133.5	566.3	Linked from: FJ2, Support 2

Weyerhaeuser Notes

Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.

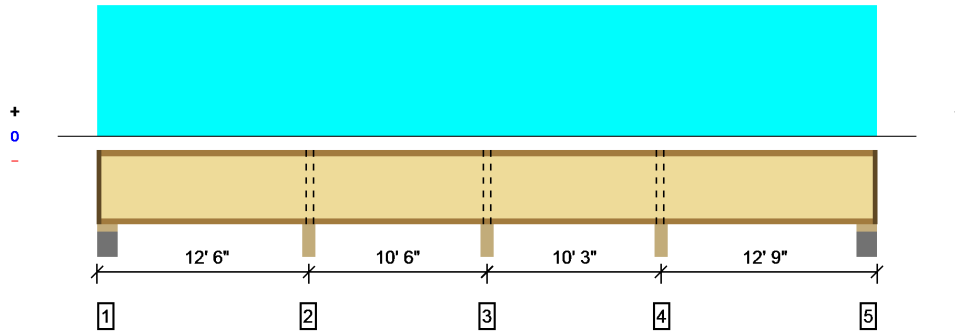
The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

 10/31/2015 8:36:06 PM
 Forte v5.0, Design Engine: V6.4.0.40
 2015_048_MEMBERS.4te

Overall Length: 46'



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	939 @ 33' 3"	1935 (3.50")	Passed (49%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Shear (lbs)	469 @ 33' 4 3/4"	1342	Passed (35%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	-1077 @ 33' 3"	2500	Passed (43%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.120 @ 39' 9 1/4"	0.309	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.145 @ 39' 9 7/8"	0.412	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)
TJ-Pro™ Rating	44	40	Passed	--	--

System : Floor
 Member Type : Joist
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/360).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 4' 2 1/16" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- A structural analysis of the deck has not been performed.
- Deflection analysis is based on composite action with a single layer of 23/32" Weyerhaeuser Edge™ Panel (24" Span Rating) that is glued and nailed down.
- Additional considerations for the TJ-Pro™ Rating include: None

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Plate on concrete - HF	5.50"	4.25"	1.75"	69	303/-19	372/-19	1 1/4" Rim Board
2 - Beam - DF	3.50"	3.50"	3.50"	178	755	933	Blocking
3 - Beam - DF	3.50"	3.50"	3.50"	115	638	753	Blocking
4 - Beam - DF	3.50"	3.50"	3.50"	179	760	939	Blocking
5 - Plate on concrete - HF	5.50"	4.25"	1.75"	71	308/-17	379/-17	1 1/4" Rim Board

- Rim Board is assumed to carry all loads applied directly above it, bypassing the member being designed.
- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Loads	Location	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 46'	16"	10.0	40.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes
Bedrooms

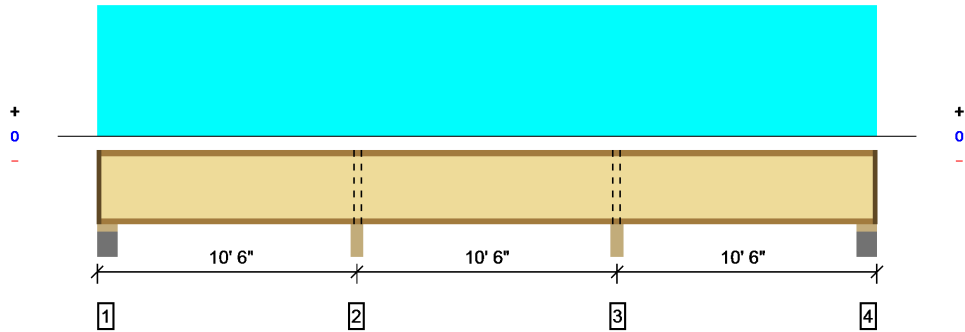
Weyerhaeuser Notes
Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx . The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

10/31/2015 5:20:33 PM
 Forte v5.0, Design Engine: V6.4.0.40
 2015_048_MEMBERS.4te

Overall Length: 31' 6"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	809 @ 10' 6"	1935 (3.50")	Passed (42%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Shear (lbs)	389 @ 21' 1 3/4"	1342	Passed (29%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	-798 @ 10' 6"	2500	Passed (32%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.063 @ 5' 2 3/4"	0.253	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.075 @ 26' 3 15/16"	0.338	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)
TJ-Pro™ Rating	53	40	Passed	--	--

System : Floor
 Member Type : Joist
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/360).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 4' 10 1/8" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- A structural analysis of the deck has not been performed.
- Deflection analysis is based on composite action with a single layer of 23/32" Weyerhaeuser Edge™ Panel (24" Span Rating) that is glued and nailed down.
- Additional considerations for the TJ-Pro™ Rating include: None

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Plate on concrete - HF	5.50"	4.25"	1.75"	59	264/-24	323/-24	1 1/4" Rim Board
2 - Beam - DF	3.50"	3.50"	3.50"	151	658	809	Blocking
3 - Beam - DF	3.50"	3.50"	3.50"	151	658	809	Blocking
4 - Plate on concrete - HF	5.50"	4.25"	1.75"	59	264/-24	323/-24	1 1/4" Rim Board

- Rim Board is assumed to carry all loads applied directly above it, bypassing the member being designed.
- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Loads	Location	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 31' 6"	16"	10.0	40.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes
Living Area, Kitchen

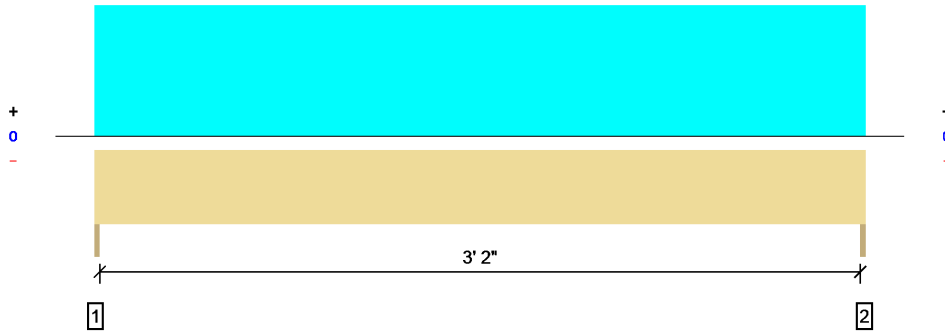
Weyerhaeuser Notes
Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx . The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

1 piece(s) 6 x 6 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2

Overall Length: 3' 5"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	1183 @ 0	5156 (1.50")	Passed (23%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	779 @ 7"	3943	Passed (20%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	1011 @ 1' 8 1/2"	1993	Passed (51%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.010 @ 1' 8 1/2"	0.114	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.021 @ 1' 8 1/2"	0.171	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

 System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 3' 5" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	621	562	1183	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	621	562	1183	None

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 3' 5"	N/A	356.0	329.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes

Garage Entry Door

Weyerhaeuser Notes

Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.

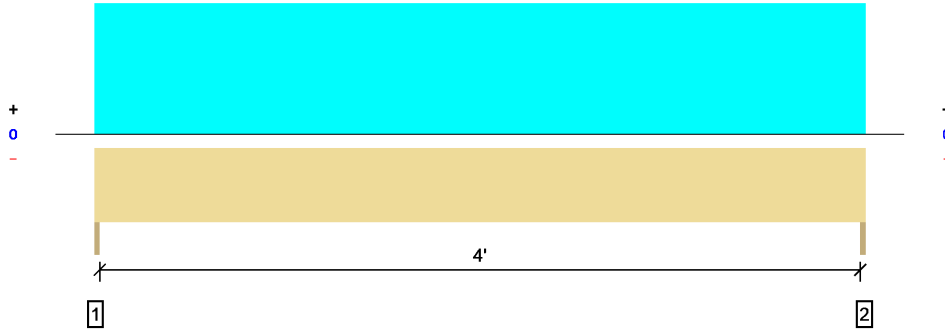
The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

 10/31/2015 7:56:56 PM
 Forte v5.0, Design Engine: V6.4.0.40
 2015_048_MEMBERS.4te

Overall Length: 4' 3"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	1136 @ 0	5156 (1.50")	Passed (22%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	735 @ 9"	5376	Passed (14%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	1207 @ 2' 1 1/2"	3705	Passed (33%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.008 @ 2' 1 1/2"	0.142	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.016 @ 2' 1 1/2"	0.213	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 4' 3" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	536	599	1135	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	536	599	1135	None

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 4' 3"	N/A	242.0	282.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes
Garage Windows

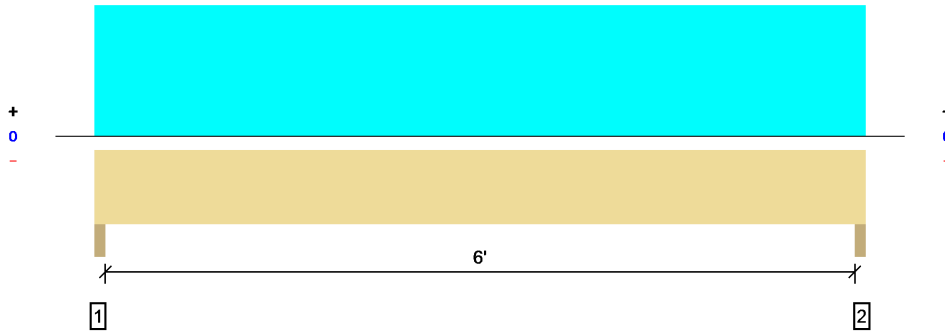
Weyerhaeuser Notes
<p>Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.</p> <p>The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE</p>



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

1 piece(s) 6 x 10 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2

Overall Length: 6' 6"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	2269 @ 1' 1/2"	10313 (3.00")	Passed (22%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1542 @ 1' 1/2"	6810	Passed (23%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	3409 @ 3' 3"	6937	Passed (49%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.022 @ 3' 3"	0.208	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.047 @ 3' 3"	0.313	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

 System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 6' 6" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	3.00"	3.00"	1.50"	1200	1069	2269	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	3.00"	3.00"	1.50"	1200	1069	2269	None

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 6' 6"	N/A	356.0	329.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes

Entry Door with Sidelights

Weyerhaeuser Notes

Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.

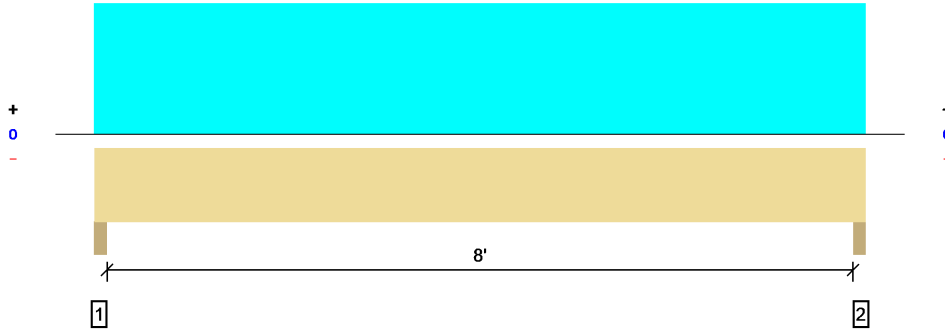
The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

1 piece(s) 6 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2

Overall Length: 8' 7"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	508 @ 2"	12031 (3.50")	Passed (4%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	400 @ 11"	5376	Passed (7%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	1008 @ 4' 3 1/2"	3705	Passed (27%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.019 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.275	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.049 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.412	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

 System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 8' 7" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	315	193	508	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	315	193	508	None

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 8' 7"	N/A	63.0	45.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes
Bay Windows Front

Weyerhaeuser Notes
Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx . The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

Overall Length: 12' 6"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	4382 @ 1' 1/2"	10725 (3.00")	Passed (41%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	3505 @ 1' 3"	13409	Passed (26%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	13150 @ 6' 3"	30360	Passed (43%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.117 @ 6' 3"	0.408	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.249 @ 6' 3"	0.613	Passed (L/590)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 12' 6" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 12' 3".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	3.00"	3.00"	1.50"	2325	2056	4381	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	3.00"	3.00"	1.50"	2325	2056	4381	None

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 12' 6"	N/A	356.0	329.0	Residential - Living Areas

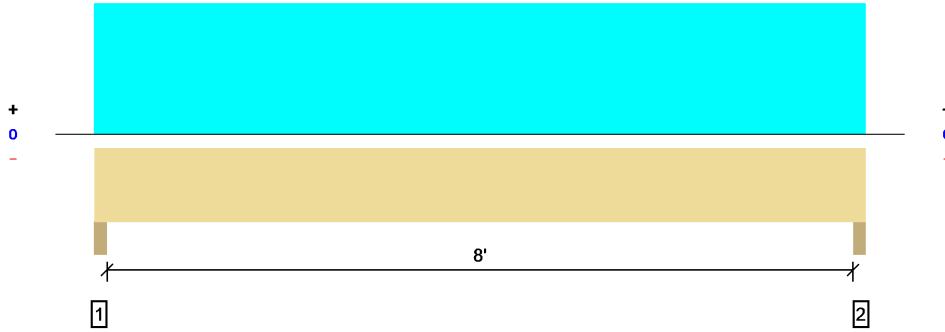
Member Notes
 Patio Door

Weyerhaeuser Notes
 Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.
 The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

Overall Length: 8' 7"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	2712 @ 2"	12513 (3.50")	Passed (22%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	2054 @ 1' 1/2"	10057	Passed (20%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	5377 @ 4' 3 1/2"	17078	Passed (31%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.057 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.275	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.110 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.412	Passed (L/904)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 8' 7" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 8' 3".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	1301	1412	2713	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	1301	1412	2713	None

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 8' 7"	N/A	291.0	329.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes
 Bay Windows Rear

Weyerhaeuser Notes
 Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.
 The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569



WoodWorks
SOFTWARE FOR WOOD DESIGN

COMPANY
Medeek Engineering Inc.
3050 State Route 109
Copalis Beach, WA 98535
Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE
Oct. 31, 2015 19:27

PROJECT
Job#: 2015-048
George Barth
HD1_LATERAL.wwb

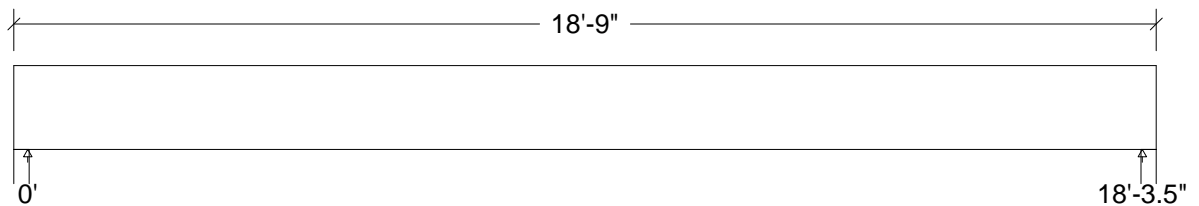
Design Check Calculation Sheet
WoodWorks Sizer 10.4

Loads:

Load	Type	Distribution	Pat-tern	Location [ft]		Magnitude		Unit
				Start	End	Start	End	
CC Wind	Wind	Full Area				48.50(3.00')		psf

Load magnitude does not include Importance factor from Table 4.2.3.2, which is applied during analysis.

Maximum Reactions (lbs), Bearing Capacities (lbs) and Bearing Lengths (in) :



Unfactored:			
Dead			
Wind	1364		1364
Factored:			
Total	818		818
Bearing:			
Capacity			
Beam	27720		27720
Support	67319		67319
Anal/Des			
Beam	0.03		0.03
Support	0.01		0.01
Load comb	#2		#2
Length	3.00		3.00
Min req'd	0.50*		0.50*
Cb	1.00		1.00
Cb min	1.00		1.00
Cb support	1.00		1.00
Fc sup	850		850

*Minimum bearing length setting used: 1/2" for end supports

MB1

Glulam-Unbal., West Species, 24F-V4 DF, 5-1/2"x16-1/2"

11 laminations, 5-1/2" maximum width,

Supports: All - Lumber n-ply Column, D.Fir-L Stud

Total length: 18'-9.0"; volume = 11.8 cu.ft.;

Lateral support: top= at supports, bottom= at supports; Oblique angle: 90.0 deg;

Analysis vs. Allowable Stress and Deflection using NDS 2012 :

Criterion	Analysis Value	Design Value	Unit	Analysis/Design (%)	
Shear	x-x	fv = 0	Fv' = 424	kips	fv/Fv' = 0.0
	y-y	fv = 13	Fv' = 368	psi	fv/Fv' = 3.4
Bending(+)	x-x	fb = 0	Fb' = 3373	kip-ft	fb/Fb' = 0.0
	y-y	fb = 527	Fb' = 2528	kip-ft	fb/Fb' = 20.8
Live Defl'n	0.60 = L/365	0.61 = L/360	in	98.5	
Total Defl'n	0.60 = L/365	0.91 = L/240	in	65.7	

Additional Data:

FACTORS:	F/E(psi)	CD	CM	Ct	CL	CV	Cfu	Cr	Cfrt	Notes	Cn*Cvr	LC#
Fvy'	230	1.60	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	-	2
Fby'	1450	1.60	1.00	1.00	0.999	1.000	1.09	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	2
Fcp'	650	-	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	1.00	-	-	-
Ey'	1.6 million	-	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	1.00	-	-	2
Emin'	0.95 million	-	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	1.00	-	-	2

Only the lesser of CL and CV is applied, as per NDS 5.3.6

CRITICAL LOAD COMBINATIONS:

Shear : LC #2 = .6D+.6W, V = 798, V design = 757 lbs

Bending(+): LC #2 = .6D+.6W, M = 3651 lbs-ft

Deflection: LC #2 = .6D+.6W (live)

LC #2 = .6D+.6W (total)

D=dead L=live S=snow W=wind I=impact Lr=roof live Lc=concentrated E=earthquake

All LC's are listed in the Analysis output

Load combinations: ASCE 7-10 / IBC 2012

CALCULATIONS:

Deflection: EI = 3706e06 lb-in² EIy = 366e06 lb-in²

"Live" deflection = Deflection from all non-dead loads (live, wind, snow...)

Total Deflection = 1.00(Dead Load Deflection) + Live Load Deflection.

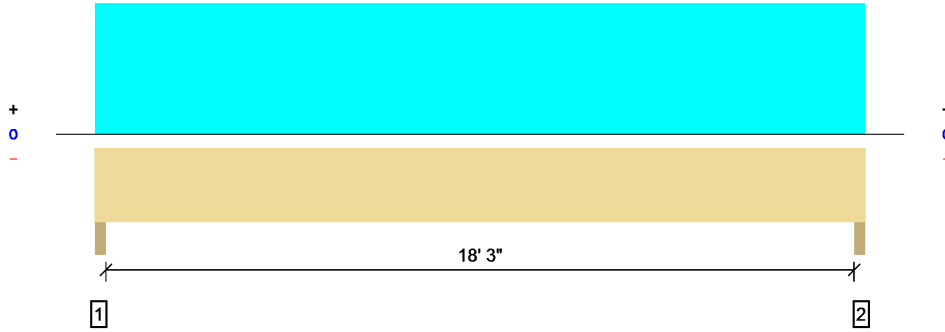
Lateral stability (+): Lu = 18'-3.50" Le = 33'-7.88" RB = 2.86

Design Notes:

1. WoodWorks analysis and design are in accordance with the ICC International Building Code (IBC 2012), the National Design Specification (NDS 2012), and NDS Design Supplement.
2. Please verify that the default deflection limits are appropriate for your application.
3. Glulam design values are for materials conforming to ANSI 117-2010 and manufactured in accordance with ANSI A190.1-2007
4. GLULAM: bxd = actual breadth x actual depth.
5. Glulam Beams shall be laterally supported according to the provisions of NDS Clause 3.3.3.
6. GLULAM: bearing length based on smaller of Fcp(tension), Fcp(comp'n).
7. Design by: Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE

1 piece(s) 5 1/2" x 16 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam

Overall Length: 18' 9"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	1388 @ 1 1/2"	10725 (3.00")	Passed (13%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1147 @ 1' 7 1/2"	18437	Passed (6%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	6334 @ 9' 4 1/2"	55913	Passed (11%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.032 @ 9' 4 1/2"	0.617	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.105 @ 9' 4 1/2"	0.925	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

 System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 18' 9" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 0.97 that was calculated using length L = 18' 6".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	3.00"	3.00"	1.50"	966	422	1388	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	3.00"	3.00"	1.50"	966	422	1388	None

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 18' 9"	N/A	81.0	45.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes

Garage Door

Weyerhaeuser Notes

Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.

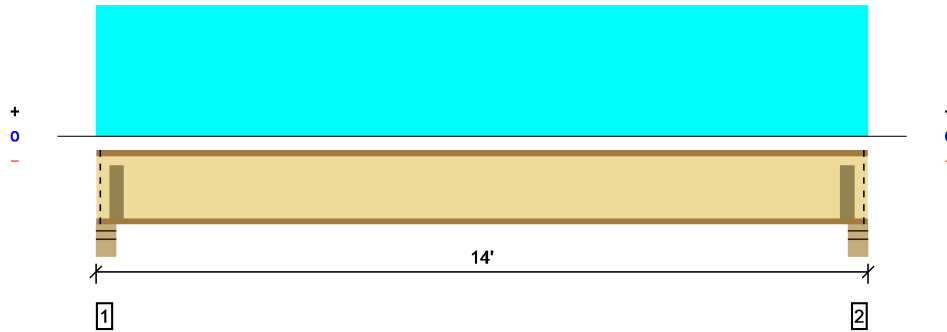
The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

 10/31/2015 7:00:51 PM
 Forte v5.0, Design Engine: V6.4.0.40
 2015_048_MEMBERS.4te

Overall Length: 14'



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	4795 @ 4 1/2"	6509 (3.50")	Passed (74%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	4481 @ 5 1/2"	7820	Passed (57%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	15033 @ 7'	45310	Passed (33%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.064 @ 7'	0.442	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.132 @ 7'	0.663	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Roof
 Member Type : Joist
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD
 Member Pitch: 0/12

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 8' 4 9/16" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Stud wall - DF	5.50"	5.50"	1.75"	2492	2303	4795	Web Stiffeners, Blocking
2 - Stud wall - DF	5.50"	5.50"	1.75"	2492	2303	4795	Web Stiffeners, Blocking

- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Loads	Location	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 14'	N/A	356.0	329.0	Roof

Member Notes
Girder Truss @ Bedroom

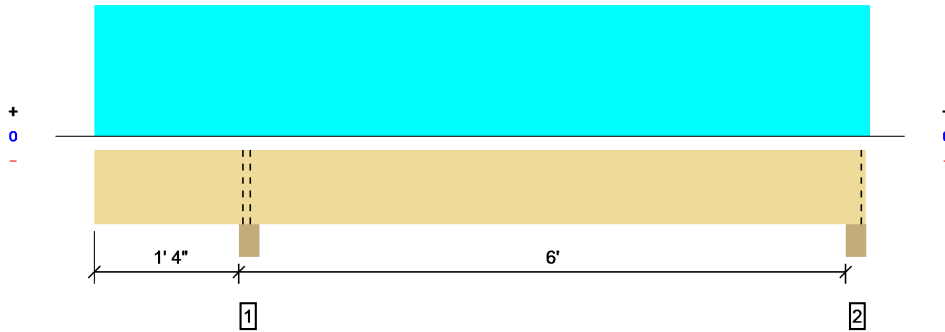
Weyerhaeuser Notes
Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx . The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

1 piece(s) 6 x 10 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2

Overall Length: 7' 9 1/2"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	1468 @ 1' 6 3/4"	18906 (5.50")	Passed (8%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	664 @ 2' 7"	6810	Passed (10%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	1221 @ 4' 7 7/8"	6937	Passed (18%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (Alt Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.009 @ 4' 6 5/8"	0.197	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (Alt Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.015 @ 4' 6 13/16"	0.295	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (Alt Spans)

 System : Floor
 Member Type : Drop Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Overhang deflection criteria: LL (2L/360) and TL (2L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 7' 9 1/2" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Column - HF	5.50"	5.50"	1.50"	614	854	1468	Blocking
2 - Column - DF	5.50"	5.50"	1.50"	400	575	975	Blocking

- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 7' 9 1/2"	N/A	117.0	181.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes

Deck Roof

Weyerhaeuser Notes

Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.

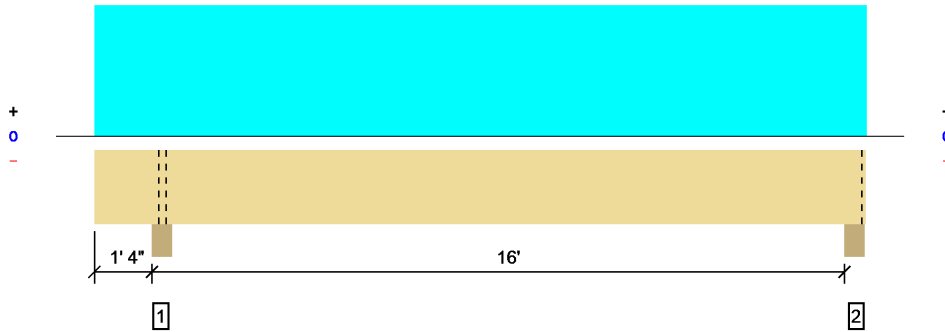
The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

 10/31/2015 8:56:20 PM
 Forte v5.0, Design Engine: V6.4.0.40
 2015_048_MEMBERS.4te

Overall Length: 17' 9 1/2"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	3615 @ 1' 6 3/4"	19663 (5.50")	Passed (18%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	2562 @ 2' 9 1/2"	13409	Passed (19%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	11743 @ 9' 6 13/16"	30360	Passed (39%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (Alt Spans)
Neg Moment (Ft-lbs)	-460 @ 1' 6 3/4"	23403	Passed (2%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.207 @ 9' 6 1/4"	0.530	Passed (L/921)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (Alt Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.374 @ 9' 6 5/16"	0.795	Passed (L/511)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (Alt Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Drop Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Overhang deflection criteria: LL (2L/360) and TL (2L/240).
- Bracing (Lu): All compression edges (top and bottom) must be braced at 17' 9 1/2" o/c unless detailed otherwise. Proper attachment and positioning of lateral bracing is required to achieve member stability.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 15' 9 7/16".
- Critical negative moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 1' 8 9/16".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Column - HF	5.50"	5.50"	1.50"	1621	1994	3615	Blocking
2 - Column - DF	5.50"	5.50"	1.50"	1387	1715	3102	Blocking

- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 17' 9 1/2"	N/A	153.0	208.0	Residential - Living Areas

Member Notes

Deck Roof

Weyerhaeuser Notes

Weyerhaeuser warrants that the sizing of its products will be in accordance with Weyerhaeuser product design criteria and published design values. Weyerhaeuser expressly disclaims any other warranties related to the software. Refer to current Weyerhaeuser literature for installation details. (www.woodbywy.com) Accessories (Rim Board, Blocking Panels and Squash Blocks) are not designed by this software. Use of this software is not intended to circumvent the need for a design professional as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. The designer of record, builder or framer is responsible to assure that this calculation is compatible with the overall project. Products manufactured at Weyerhaeuser facilities are third-party certified to sustainable forestry standards. Weyerhaeuser Engineered Lumber Products have been evaluated by ICC ES under technical reports ESR-1153 and ESR-1387 and/or tested in accordance with applicable ASTM standards. For current code evaluation reports refer to http://www.woodbywy.com/services/s_CodeReports.aspx.

The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Nathaniel P. Wilkerson PE



Forte Software Operator	Job Notes
Nathaniel Wilkerson Medeek Engineering Inc. (425) 420-5715 nathan@medeek.com	Job#: 2015-048 George Barth Ocean Shores, WA 98569

TRUSS UPLIFT CALCULATIONS

Out-to-out Span	31.5 ft	Load Combo: .6D + .6W
Overhang Left	1.33 ft	
Overhang Right	0 ft	
Truss O/C Spacing	2 ft	
Roof Pitch	6 :12	26.57 Deg.

Dead Loads

BCDL	10 psf	SF (Slope Factor) =	1.12
TCDL	7 psf	Adj. TCDL =	7.83 psf

Wind Loads (MWFRS)

Wind (0 to h/2)	42.08 psf	(Wind loads are strength design pressures)
Wind (0 to h/2 @ overhang)	34.07 psf	
Wind (overhang underside)	30.18 psf	

Moment Summation at Truss Left Bearing:

	Force	Moment-Arm	Moment
BCDL	-378.0 lbs	15.8 ft	-5953.5 ft-lbs
TCDL	-295.8 lbs	15.8 ft	-4659.4 ft-lbs
TCDL (right overhang)	0.0 lbs	31.5 ft	0.0 ft-lbs
TCDL (left overhang)	-12.5 lbs	-0.7 ft	8.3 ft-lbs
Wind (0 to h/2)	1590.6 lbs	15.8 ft	25052.3 ft-lbs
Wind (right overhang)	0.0 lbs	31.5 ft	0.0 ft-lbs
Wind (left overhang)	102.5 lbs	-0.7 ft	-68.2 ft-lbs
Totals	1006.8 lbs	108.9	14379.6 ft-lbs

Uplift Right **456.5 lbs**
 Uplift Left **550.3 lbs**

Use H1 Hurricane Ties for all rafters and trusses.
 Use LGT3 or LGT2 at Girder Trusses.

H1 Allowable	585 lbs
H8 Allowable	745 lbs
H10A Allowable	1140 lbs
LGT2 Allowable	2050 lbs
LGT3 Allowable	3685 lbs

Note: Uplift allowable values are for DF/SP Lumber and have been increased for wind or seismic (1.6).

Stemwall Cont. Footing Calculator

Check continuous footings at highest (vertically) loaded section of wall excluding point loads.
From previous sections and by inspection the most critically loaded wall is at Wall Line 1.

(plf)	Dead Load	Floor Live	Roof Live	0.6(Wind)
Roof	356	0	330	0
Wall	120	0	0	0
Floor	53	210	0	0
Stemwall	150	0	0	0
Wind	0	0	0	194
Totals	679	210	330	194

Roof LL or S =	19.3 psf
Roof DL =	20.9 psf
Roof Trib. Width =	17.1 ft
Wall DL =	12 psf
Wall Hgt. =	10 ft
Floor LL =	40.0 psf
Floor DL =	10.0 psf
Floor Trib. Width =	5.3 ft
Wind (ASD) =	194.0 plf

ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

- 2.) D + L = 889 plf
- 3.) D + (Lr or S) = 1,008 plf
- 6a.) D + .75L + .75(.6W) + .75(Lr or S) = 1,229 plf (governs)

Bearing Calculations:

Applied Bearing Pressure	Q _{asd} =	922 psf	
Eff. Allowable SBP	Q _e =	1,338 psf	
Footing Width Required	W _{req} =	11.0 in	
Footing Width	W _{footing} =	16 in	→ OK

ρ _{conc} =	150 pcf
Steel Yield Strength =	60,000 psi
Conc. Comp. Strength =	3,000 psi
Soil Bearing Pressure =	1,500 psf
Reinf. Cover =	3 in
Reinf. Bar Size =	4
Soil Depth Above Ftg. =	12 in
ρ _{soil} =	100 pcf
Stem Width =	6 in
Stem Hgt. =	24 in
Footing Width =	16 in
Footing Depth =	8 in

Strength Design Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

- 1.) 1.4D = 950 plf
- 2.) 1.2D + 1.6L + .5(Lr or S) = 1,315 plf
- 3.) 1.2D + 1.6(Lr or S) + L = 1,552 plf (governs)
- 4.) 1.2D + 1.0W + L + .5(Lr or S) = 1,512 plf

Beam Shear Calculations (One Way Shear):

Ult. Applied Bearing Pressure	Q _u =	1,164 psf	
Applied Beam Shear	V _u =	73 lbs	
Allowable Beam Shear	V _c =	4,190 lbs (ACI 11-3)	
Footing Depth Required	D _{req} =	0.1 in	
Footing Depth	D _{footing} =	8.0 in	→ OK

Beam Shear Calculations (One Way Shear):

<u>Unreinforced Concrete</u>	
V _u =	485 lbs
V _c =	3,155 lbs (ACI 22-9)
D _{req} =	1.2 in
D _{footing} =	8.0 in → OK

Bending Calculations:

	a =	0.38 in
Cantilever length	L _{cant} =	5.0 in
Factored Bending Moment	M _u =	1,212 in-lb
Moment Strength	M _n =	43,021 in-lb

Bending Calculations:

<u>Unreinforced Concrete</u>	
S =	72.0 in ³
M _u =	1,212 in-lb
M _n =	11,831 in-lb (ACI 22-2)
D _{req} =	0.8 in
D _{footing} =	8.0 in → OK

Transverse Reinforcement Calculations:

M _u /φbd ²	R _n =	6.2 psi
Steel Ratio	ρ =	0.0001
Steel Req. based on Moment	A _{s(1)} =	0.005 in ²
Steel Req. based on Shrink	A _{s(2)} =	0.173 in ² (ACI 7.12)
Controlling Reinf. Steel	A _{s(req)} =	0.173 in ²
Required Spacing with #4 bars =		13.64 in o/c
Selected Transverse Spacing:	#4 bars @	12 in o/c
Reinforcement Area Provided	A _s =	0.196 in ² → OK

Eff. Depth to Top Layer of Steel

d = 4.25 in

(Transverse Reinforcement Unnecessary)

Development Length Calculations:

spacing/cover dimension	c =	3.0 in
Transverse Reinf. Factor	c + K _{tr} /d _b =	6 (use 2.5)
Length Req.	L _d =	11.6 in (ACI 12-1)
Length Available	L _{d-sup} =	2 in

Note: Plain concrete adequate for bending, therefore development length not required.

λ =	1.0 (lightweight aggregate factor)
ψ _t =	1.0 (reinforcement location factor)
ψ _e =	1.0 (coating factor)
ψ _s =	0.8 (reinforcement size factor)
K _{tr} =	0.0 (transverse reinf. Index)

Longitudinal Reinforcement Calculations:

Steel Req. based on Shrink	A _{s(2)} =	0.230 in ² (ACI 7.12)
Controlling Reinf. Steel	A _{s(req)} =	0.230 in ²
Required number of #4 bars =		1.17
Selected Longitudinal Bars:		2 - Cont. #4 bars
Reinforcement Area Provided	A _s =	0.393 in ² → OK

Square Footing Calculator**Footing at P9**

Check square pad footing at location of column.

By inspection the dead and live loads acting vertically on this column are:

(lbs)	Dead Load	Floor Live	Roof Live
Roof	614	0	854
Floor	0	0	0
Totals	614	0	854

ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

- 2.) $D + L = 614$ lbs
 3.) $D + (Lr \text{ or } S) = 1468$ lbs (governs)
 4.) $D + .75L + .75(Lr \text{ or } S) = 1254.5$ lbs

Bearing Calculations:

Applied Bearing Pressure	Qasd =	652 psf	
Eff. Allowable SBP	Qe =	1,150 psf	
Footing Area Required	Areq =	1.28 ft ²	
Area of Footing	Afooting =	2.25 ft²	→ OK
Weight to resist Uplift w/ 1.5 F.S.	U.R. =	497 lbs	

Strength Design Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

- 1.) $1.4D = 859.6$ lbs
 2.) $1.2D + 1.6L + .5(Lr \text{ or } S) = 1163.8$ lbs
 3.) $1.2D + 1.6(Lr \text{ or } S) + L = 2103.2$ lbs (governs)

Beam Shear Calculations (One Way Shear):

Ult. Applied Bearing Pressure	Qu =	935 psf	
Applied Beam Shear	Vu1 =	-234 lbs	
Allowable Beam Shear	Vc1 =	12,201 lbs (ACI 11-3)	
Footing Depth Required	Dreq =	-0.2 in	
Footing Depth	Dfooting =	12.0 in	→ OK

Punching Shear Calculations (Two Way Shear):

Critical Perimeter	b0 =	55.0 in	
Column Ratio	$\beta_c =$	1.0	
Column Location Factor	$\alpha_s =$	20	
Punching Shear	Vu2 =	876 lbs	
Allowable Punching Shear	Vc2-a =	111,838 lbs (ACI 11-31)	
Allowable Punching Shear	Vc2-b =	93,198 lbs (ACI 11-32)	
Allowable Punching Shear	Vc2-c =	74,559 lbs (ACI 11-33)	
Controlling Punching Shear	Vc2 =	74,559 lbs	
Footing Depth Required	Dreq =	0.1 in	
Footing Depth	Dfooting =	12.0 in	→ OK

Reinforcement Calculations:

$Mu/\phi bd^2$	Rn =	2.1 psi	
Steel Ratio	$\rho =$	0.0000	
Steel Req. based on Moment	As(1) =	0.005 in ²	
Steel Req. based on Shrink	As(2) =	0.389 in ² (ACI 7.12)	
Controlling Reinf. Steel	As(req) =	0.389 in ²	
Required number of # bars =		1.98	
Selected Longitudinal Bars:		2 - #4 bars each way	
Reinforcement Area Provided	As =	0.39 in ²	→ OK

Development Length Calculations:

spacing/cover dimension	c =	3.0 in	
Transverse Reinf. Factor	$c + K_{tr}/d_b =$	6 (use 2.5)	
Length Req.	Ld =	13.0 in (ACI 12-1)	
Length Available	Ld-sup =	3.25 in	

Note: Plain concrete adequate for bending, therefore development length not required.

Roof LL or S =	854.0 lbs
Roof DL =	614.0 lbs
Floor LL =	0.0 lbs
Floor DL =	0.0 lbs
Column Width =	5.50 in
Column Breadth =	5.50 in
Column Type =	WOOD
$\rho_{conc} =$	150 pcf
Steel Yield Strength =	60,000 psi
Conc. Comp. Strength =	3,000 psi
Soil Bearing Pressure =	1,500 psf
Reinf. Cover =	3 in
Reinf. Bar Size =	4
Soil Depth Above Ftg.	24 in
$\rho_{soil} =$	100 pcf
Footing Width =	18 in
Footing Depth =	12 in
Equivalent Footing Dia. =	20.31 in

Eff. Depth to Top Layer of Steel

$$d = 8.250 \text{ in}$$

Baseplate Bearing Calculations:

$\sqrt{A_2/A_1} =$	3.27
Pu =	2,103 lbs
Pallow =	100,279 lbs (ACI 10.14)
Areq =	0.6 in ²
A1 =	30.3 in² → OK

Bending Calculations:

Cantilever length	Lcant =	6.25 in
Conc. Comp. Block	a =	0.51 in
Bending Moment	Mu =	2,282 in-lb
Moment Strength	Mn =	169,505 in-lb

Bending Calculations:**Unreinforced Concrete**

S =	300.0 in ³
Mu =	2,282 in-lb
Mn =	49,295 in-lb (ACI 22-2)
Dreq =	0.6 in
Dfooting =	12.0 in → OK

$\lambda =$	1.0 (lightweight aggregate factor)
$\psi_t =$	1.0 (reinforcement location factor)
$\psi_e =$	1.0 (coating factor)
$\psi_s =$	0.8 (reinforcement size factor)
$K_{tr} =$	0.0 (transverse reinf. Index)

Square Footing Calculator**Footing at P5**

Check square pad footing at location of column.

By inspection the dead and live loads acting vertically on this column are:

(lbs)	Dead Load	Floor Live	Roof Live
Roof	1621	0	1994
Floor	0	0	0
Totals	1621	0	1994

ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

- 2.) D + L = 1621 lbs
 3.) D + (Lr or S) = 3615 lbs (governs)
 4.) D + .75L + .75(Lr or S) = 3116.5 lbs

Bearing Calculations:

Applied Bearing Pressure	Q _{asd} =	904 psf	
Eff. Allowable SBP	Q _e =	1,250 psf	
Footing Area Required	A _{req} =	2.89 ft ²	
Area of Footing	A _{footing} =	4.00 ft²	→ OK
Weight to resist Uplift w/ 1.5 F.S.	U.R. =	653 lbs	

Strength Design Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

- 1.) 1.4D = 2269.4 lbs
 2.) 1.2D + 1.6L + .5(Lr or S) = 2942.2 lbs
 3.) 1.2D + 1.6(Lr or S) + L = 5135.6 lbs (governs)

Beam Shear Calculations (One Way Shear):

Ult. Applied Bearing Pressure	Q _u =	1,284 psf	
Applied Beam Shear	V _{u1} =	214 lbs	
Allowable Beam Shear	V _{c1} =	16,267 lbs (ACI 11-3)	
Footing Depth Required	D _{req} =	0.2 in	
Footing Depth	D _{footing} =	12.0 in	→ OK

Punching Shear Calculations (Two Way Shear):

Critical Perimeter	b ₀ =	55.0 in	
Column Ratio	β _c =	1.0	
Column Location Factor	α _s =	20	
Punching Shear	V _{u2} =	3,450 lbs	
Allowable Punching Shear	V _{c2-a} =	111,838 lbs (ACI 11-31)	
Allowable Punching Shear	V _{c2-b} =	93,198 lbs (ACI 11-32)	
Allowable Punching Shear	V _{c2-c} =	74,559 lbs (ACI 11-33)	
Controlling Punching Shear	V _{c2} =	74,559 lbs	
Footing Depth Required	D _{req} =	0.6 in	
Footing Depth	D _{footing} =	12.0 in	→ OK

Reinforcement Calculations:

Mu/φbd ²	R _n =	6.2 psi	
Steel Ratio	ρ =	0.0001	
Steel Req. based on Moment	A _{s(1)} =	0.021 in ²	
Steel Req. based on Shrink	A _{s(2)} =	0.518 in ² (ACI 7.12)	
Controlling Reinf. Steel	A _{s(req)} =	0.518 in ²	
Required number of # bars =		2.64	
Selected Longitudinal Bars:		3 - #4 bars each way	
Reinforcement Area Provided	A _s =	0.59 in ²	→ OK

Development Length Calculations:

spacing/cover dimension	c =	3.0 in	
Transverse Reinf. Factor	c + K _{tr} /d _b =	6 (use 2.5)	
Length Req.	L _d =	11.6 in (ACI 12-1)	
Length Available	L _{d-sup} =	6.25 in	

Note: Plain concrete adequate for bending, therefore development length not required.

Roof LL or S =	1994.0 lbs
Roof DL =	1621.0 lbs
Floor LL =	0.0 lbs
Floor DL =	0.0 lbs
Column Width =	5.50 in
Column Breadth =	5.50 in
Column Type =	WOOD
ρ _{conc} =	150 pcf
Steel Yield Strength =	60,000 psi
Conc. Comp. Strength =	3,000 psi
Soil Bearing Pressure =	1,500 psf
Reinf. Cover =	3 in
Reinf. Bar Size =	4
Soil Depth Above Ftg.	12 in
ρ _{soil} =	100 pcf
Footing Width =	24 in
Footing Depth =	12 in
Equivalent Footing Dia. =	27.08 in

Eff. Depth to Top Layer of Steel

d = 8.250 in

Baseplate Bearing Calculations:

√A ₂ /A ₁ =	4.36
P _u =	5,136 lbs
P _{allow} =	100,279 lbs (ACI 10.14)
A _{req} =	1.5 in ²
A ₁ =	30.3 in²

→ OK

Bending Calculations:

Cantilever length	L _{cant} =	9.25 in
Conc. Comp. Block	a =	0.58 in
Bending Moment	M _u =	9,154 in-lb
Moment Strength	M _n =	253,236 in-lb

Bending Calculations:**Unreinforced Concrete**

S =	400.0 in ³
M _u =	9,154 in-lb
M _n =	65,727 in-lb (ACI 22-2)
D _{req} =	1.7 in
D _{footing} =	12.0 in

→ OK

Job#: 2015-048

Location: Wall Line 1

STUD WALL CALCULATIONS

Stud Width (dy)	1.50 in
Stud Depth (dx)	5.50 in
Stud Length (L)	9.00 ft
Stud Spacing	16 in
Stud Species and Grade	2X6 DF Stud
Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF

Vertical Loads

Wall LL (wLL)	329 plf
Wall DL (wDL)	356 plf
Wall DL (wTL)	685 plf
Trib. Length	1.33 ft
Pc	913.33 lbs

Design Values

Fb	700 psi
Fc	850 psi
Fc⊥	405 psi
E	1,400,000 psi
Emin	510,000 psi
CF_b	1.00
CF_c	1.00
A	8.25 in ²
Sx	7.56 in ³
Ix	20.80 in ⁴
Ct_c	1.00
CM_c	1.00
Ci_c	1.00

Lateral Loads (Wind MWFRS)

Wind Load (windward wall)	38.19 psf
MWFRS Wind Load ASD	22.91 psf
Wind Atrib	12.00 ft ²
W	274.97 lbs
w	30.55 plf

Lateral Loads (Wind C&C)

Wind Load (Zone 5)	63.58 psf
CC Wind Load ASD	38.15 psf
W	457.78 lbs
w	50.86 plf

Load Case 1: Gravity Loads Only

ly (unbraced length)	1.0 ft
CD	1.15 (Snow Load)
(le/d)y	8.00
(le/d)x	19.64 (governs)
E'min	510,000 psi
FcE	1087.23 psi
Fc*	977.50 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	1.112
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	1.320
Cp	0.726
Fc'	710.09 psi
fc	110.71 psi
CSI (axial)	0.16 OK

Load Case 2: Lateral Loads Only (Wind C&C)

Mmax	515.00 ft-lbs
	6179.98 in-lbs
fbx	817.19 psi
CSI (bending C&C)	0.64 OK

Load Case 3: Gravity Loads and Lateral Loads

CD	1.60 (Wind/Seismic)
Mmax	309.34 ft-lbs
	3712.07 in-lbs
CL	0.99
Cr	1.15 @ 16 O/C
Fbx'	1278.76 psi
fbx	490.85 psi
CSI (bending MWFRS)	0.38 OK

Bearing on Stud Wall Plates

lb	1.50 in
Cb	1.00 (conservative)
Fc⊥'	405.00 psi
fc⊥	110.71 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.27 OK

Combined Stress

(re-evaluate compression values with CD = 1.6)

FcEx	1087.23 psi
FcE	1087.23 psi
Fc*	1360.00 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.799
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	1.125
Cp	0.609
Fc'	828.71 psi

Deflection

E'	1,400,000 psi
ΔWIND (.42C&C)*	0.18 in
L/d**	598 OK

$$\left(\frac{f_c}{F_c'}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{f_c}{F_{cEx}}}\right)\left(\frac{f_{bx}}{F_{bx}'}\right) = \mathbf{0.45 OK}$$

*IBC 2015 Sec. 1604.3

**IRC 2015 Sec. 301.7

Load Case: LCMAX

*LCMAX takes 100% of all loads for axial and bending.

Location: All 9' high walls of residence.
 Specification: Use 2X6 DF Stud Grade @ 16" o/c

Rev. 1.3.1 - 06/23/2015
 Copyright © 2015 - Medeek Engineering Inc.

Job#: 2015-048

Location: Wall Line A

STUD WALL CALCULATIONS

Stud Width (dy)	1.50 in
Stud Depth (dx)	5.50 in
Stud Length (L)	10.00 ft
Stud Spacing	16 in
Stud Species and Grade	2X6 DF Stud
Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF

Vertical Loads

Wall LL (wLL)	282 plf
Wall DL (wDL)	242 plf
Wall DL (wTL)	524 plf
Trib. Length	1.33 ft
Pc	698.67 lbs

Design Values

Fb	700 psi
Fc	850 psi
Fc⊥	405 psi
E	1,400,000 psi
Emin	510,000 psi
CF_b	1.00
CF_c	1.00
A	8.25 in ²
Sx	7.56 in ³
Ix	20.80 in ⁴
Ct_c	1.00
CM_c	1.00
Ci_c	1.00

Lateral Loads (Wind MWFRS)

Wind Load (windward wall)	38.19 psf
MWFRS Wind Load ASD	22.91 psf
Wind Atrib	13.33 ft ²
W	305.52 lbs
w	30.55 plf

Lateral Loads (Wind C&C)

Wind Load (Zone 5)	63.58 psf
CC Wind Load ASD	38.15 psf
W	508.64 lbs
w	50.86 plf

Load Case 1: Gravity Loads Only

ly (unbraced length)	1.0 ft
CD	1.15 (Snow Load)
(le/d)y	8.00
(le/d)x	21.82 (governs)
E'min	510,000 psi
FcE	880.65 psi
Fc*	977.50 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.901
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	1.188
Cp	0.654
Fc'	639.16 psi
fc	84.69 psi
CSI (axial)	0.13 OK

Load Case 2: Lateral Loads Only (Wind C&C)

Mmax	635.80 ft-lbs
	7629.60 in-lbs
fbx	1008.87 psi
CSI (bending C&C)	0.79 OK

Load Case 3: Gravity Loads and Lateral Loads

CD	1.60 (Wind/Seismic)
Mmax	381.90 ft-lbs
	4582.80 in-lbs
CL	0.99
Cr	1.15 @ 16 O/C
Fbx'	1278.76 psi
fbx	605.99 psi
CSI (bending MWFRS)	0.47 OK

Bearing on Stud Wall Plates

lb	1.50 in
Cb	1.00 (conservative)
Fc⊥'	405.00 psi
fc⊥	84.69 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.21 OK

Combined Stress

(re-evaluate compression values with CD = 1.6)

FcEx	880.65 psi
FcE	880.65 psi
Fc*	1360.00 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.648
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	1.030
Cp	0.529
Fc'	719.21 psi

Deflection

E'	1,400,000 psi
ΔWIND (.42C&C)*	0.28 in
L/d**	436 OK

$$\left(\frac{f_c}{F_c'}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{f_c}{F_{cEx}}}\right)\left(\frac{f_{bx}}{F_{bx}'}\right) = \mathbf{0.54 OK}$$

*IBC 2015 Sec. 1604.3

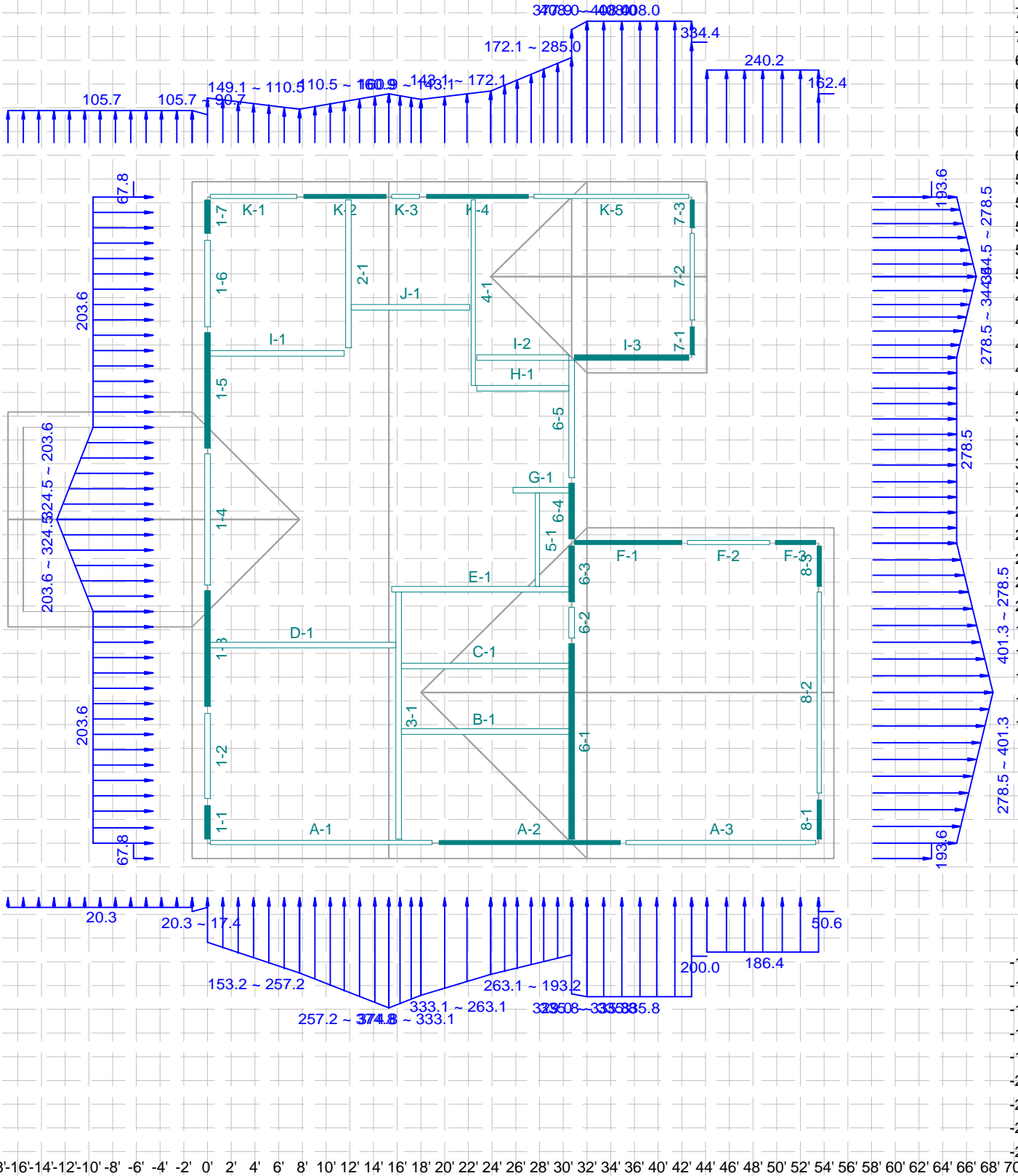
**IRC 2015 Sec. 301.7

Load Case: LCMAX

*LCMAX takes 100% of all loads for axial and bending.

Location: All 10' Garage Walls
 Specification: Use 2X6 DF Stud Grade @ 16" o/c

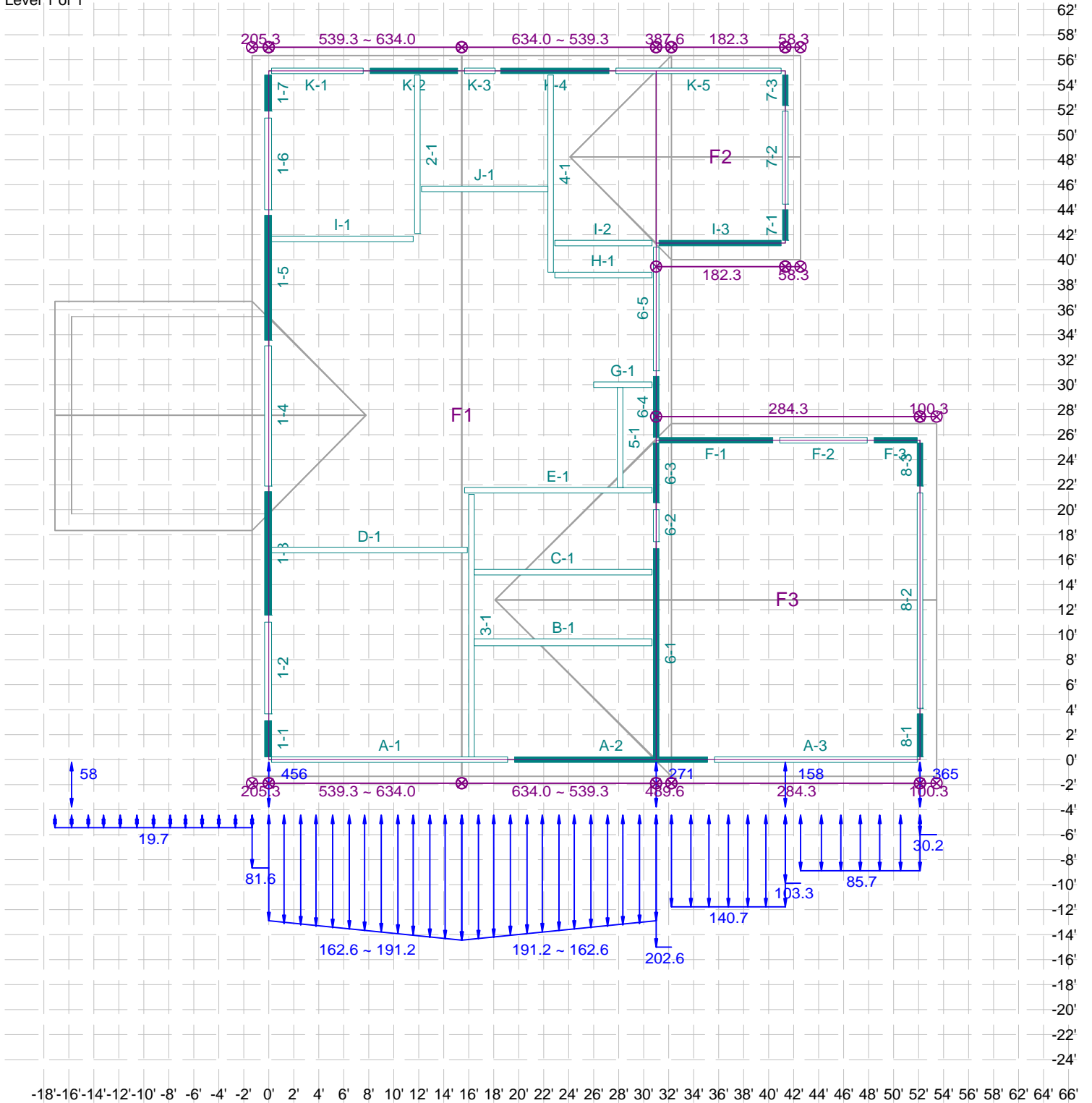
Level 1 of 1



Unfactored generated shear load (plf)

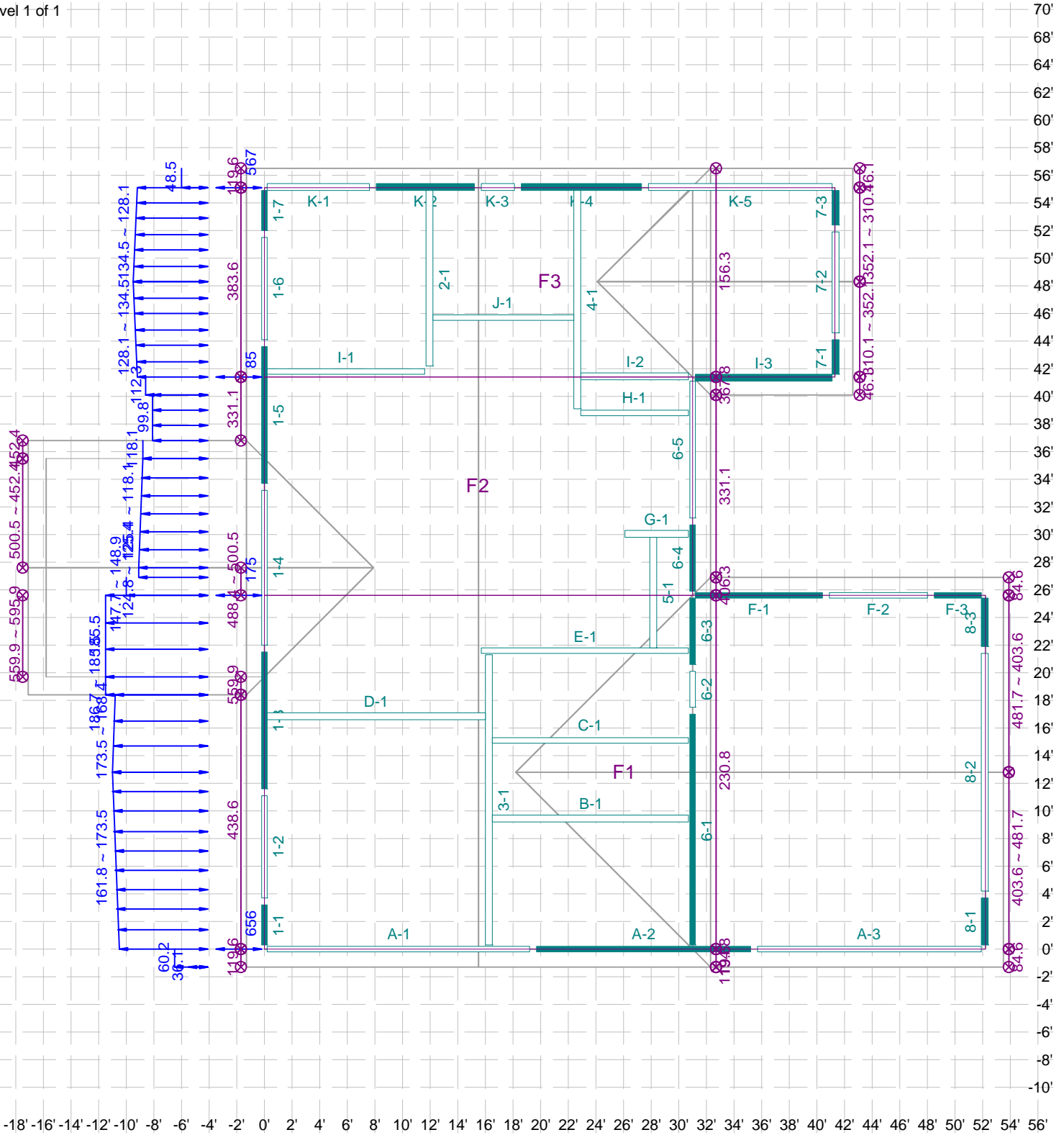
Orange = Selected wall(s)




Level 1 of 1



- Unfactored generated shear load (plf)
- Generated building mass (plf,lbs)
- F1 - Floor area 1 for mass generation
- Generated point load from wall (lbs)
- Orange = Selected wall(s)

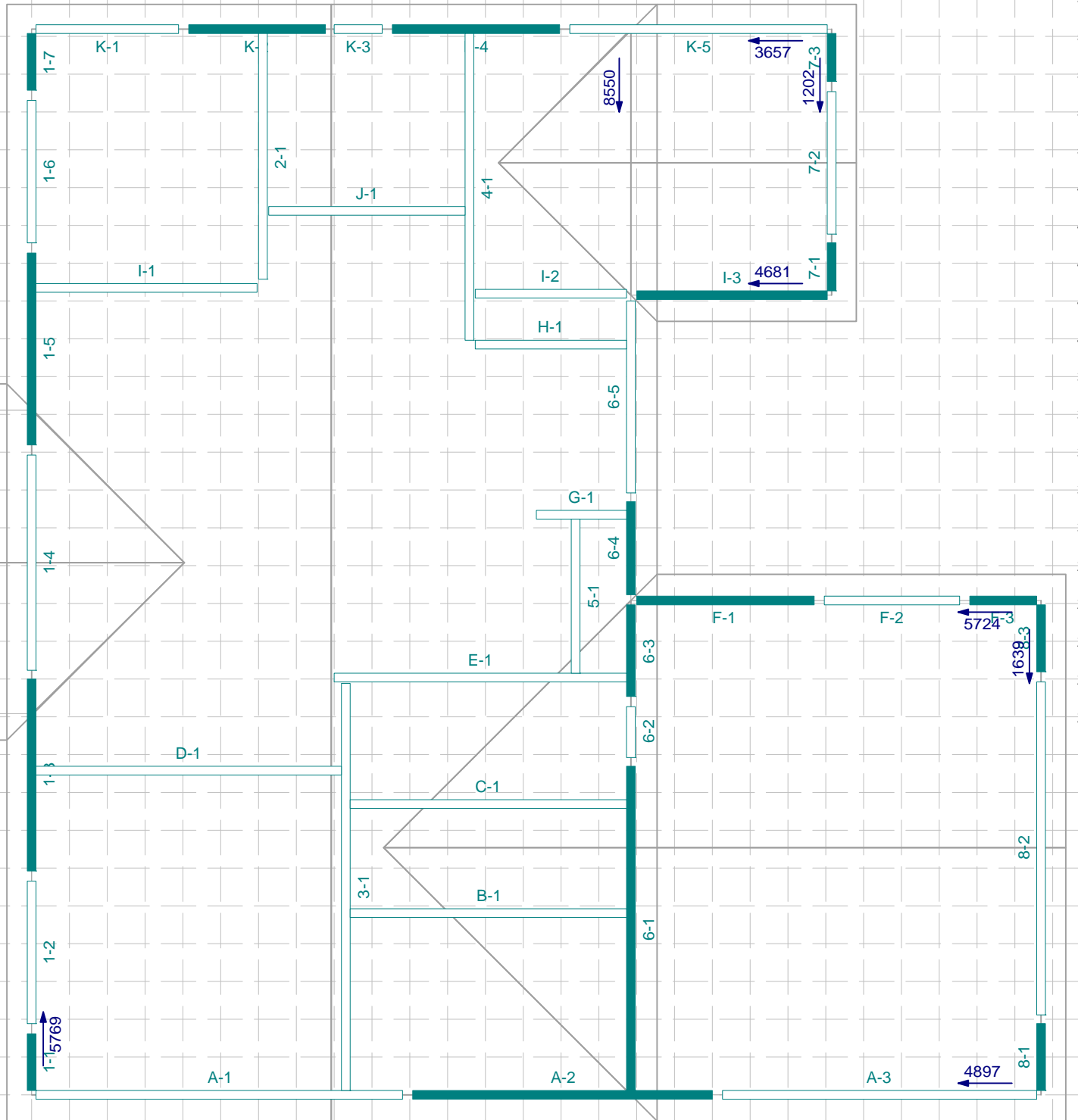
Level 1 of 1



-  Unfactored generated shear load (plf)
-  Generated building mass (plf, lbs)
- F1 - Floor area 1 for mass generation
-  Generated point load from wall (lbs)

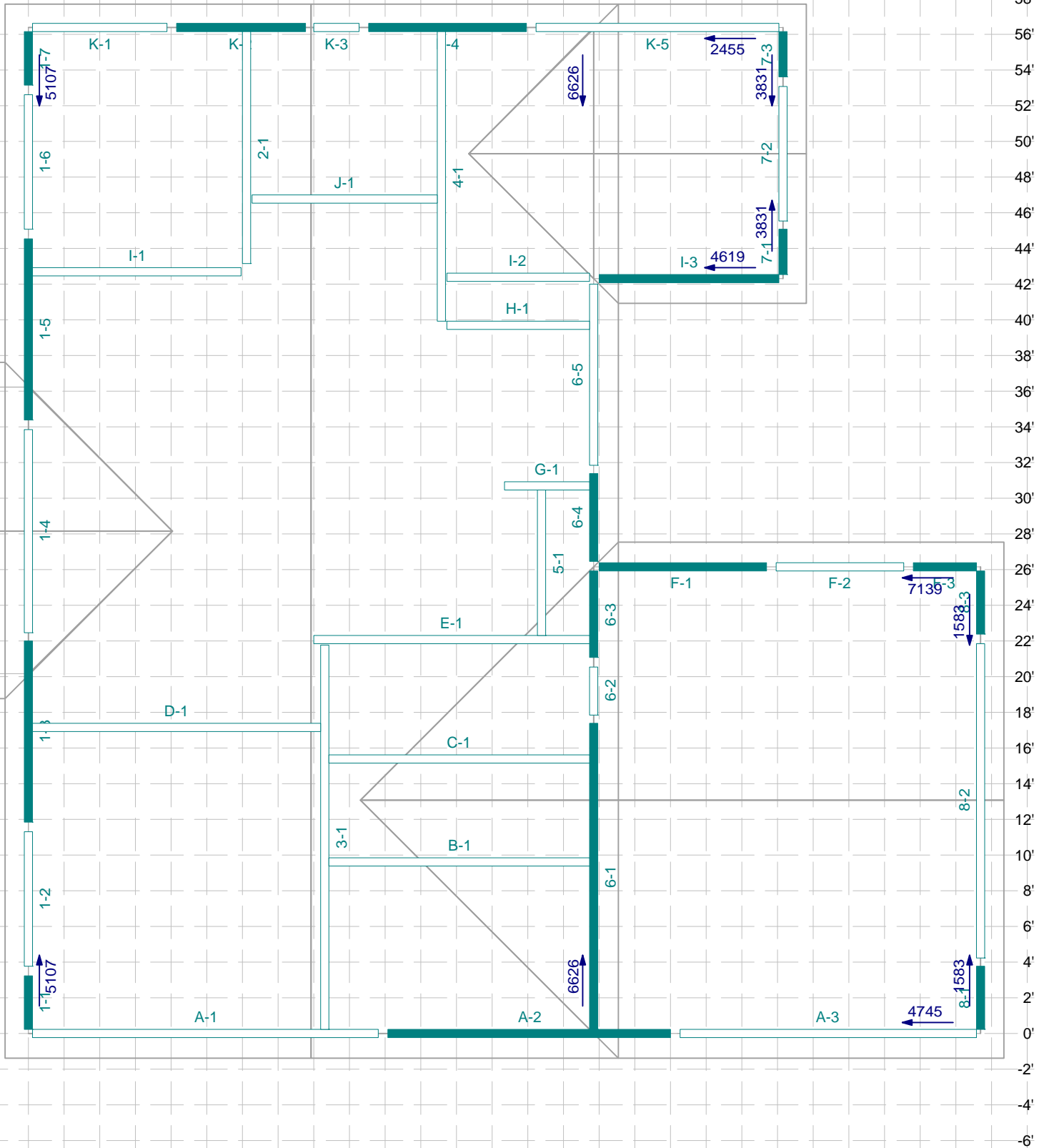
Orange = Selected wall(s)

Level 1 of 1



- Factored shearline force (lbs)
 ↑↑↑ Unfactored applied shear load (plf)
 - ↙ Factored hold-down force (lbs)
 ⊗ Unfactored dead load (plf, lbs)
 - Compression force exists
 ⊙ Unfactored uplift wind load (plf, lbs)
 - Vertical element required
 →| Applied point load or discontinuous shearline force (lbs)
- Loads Shown: W; Forces: 0.6W + 0.6D. Shearline forces due to rigidities from critical load case
Orange = Selected wall(s)

Level 1 of 1

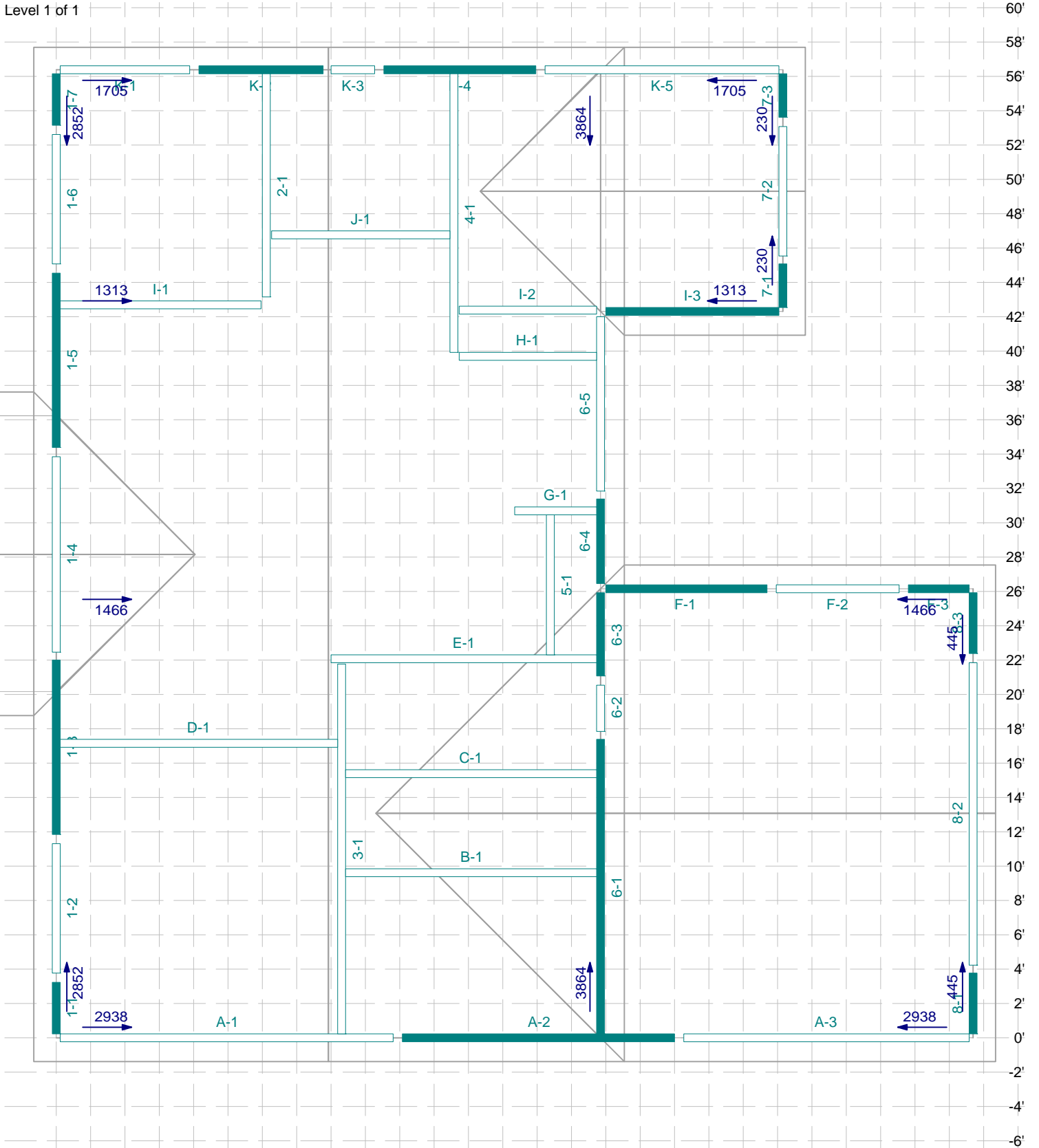


<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Factored shearline force (lbs) Factored holddown force (lbs) Compression force exists Vertical element required 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unfactored applied shear load (plf) Unfactored dead load (plf, lbs) Unfactored uplift wind load (plf, lbs) Applied point load or discontinuous shearline force (lbs)
--	---

Loads Shown: W; Forces: 0.6W + 0.6D.

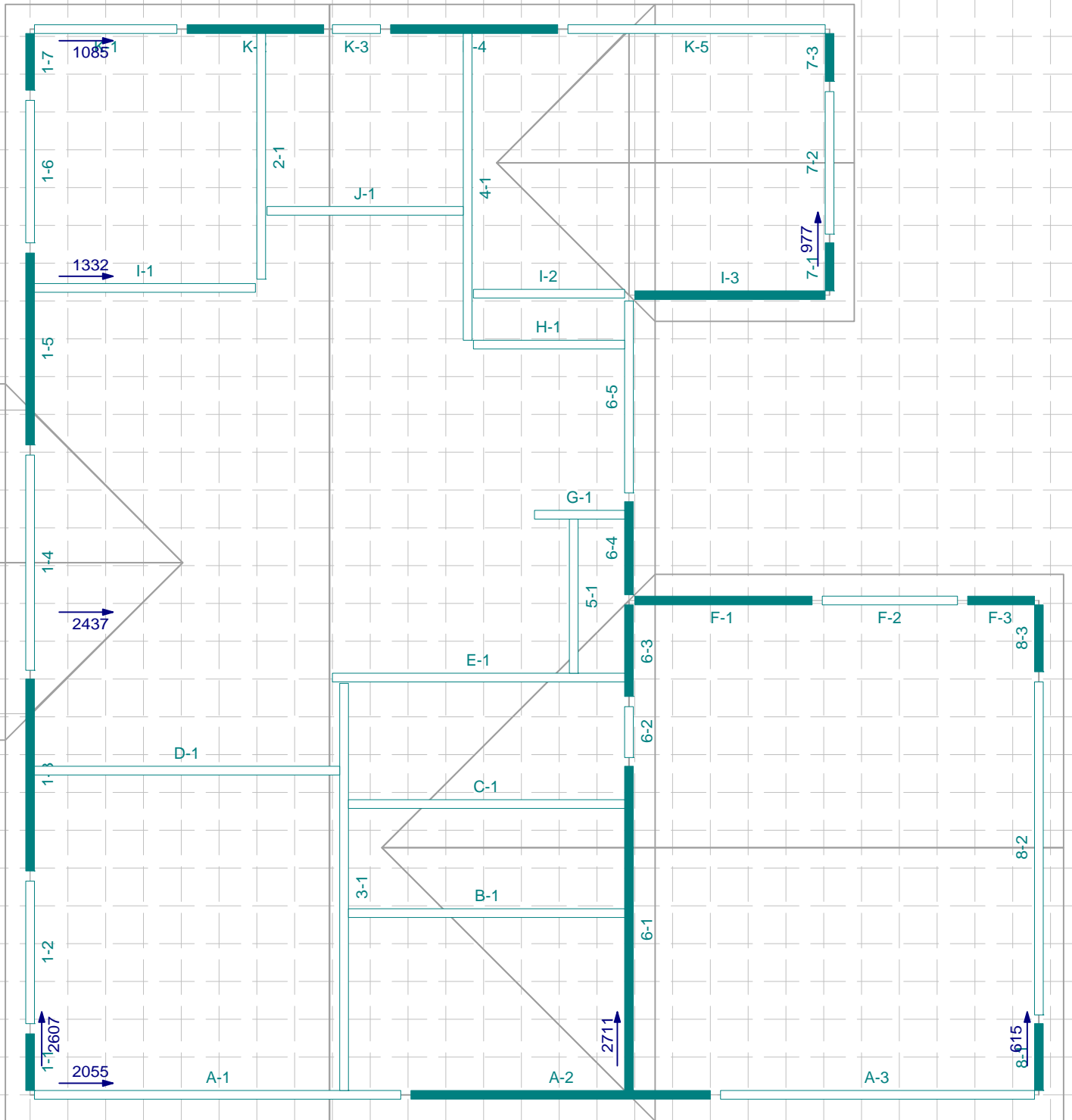
Orange = Selected wall(s)

Level 1 of 1



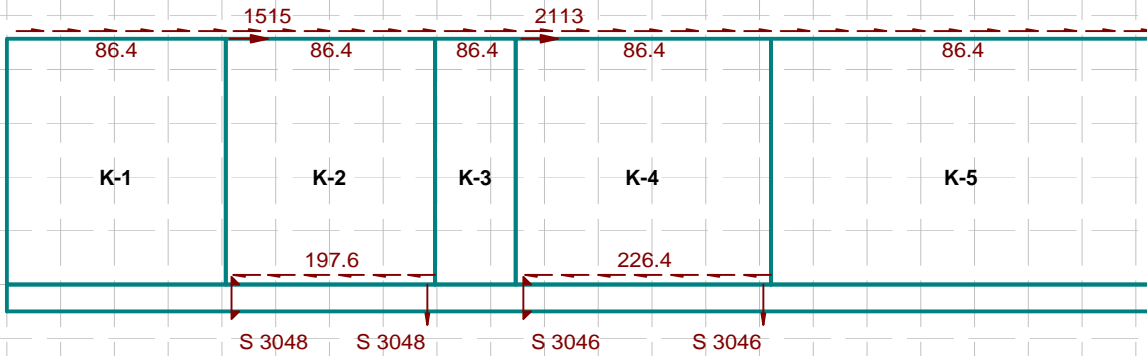
- Factored shearline force (lbs)
 ⬇ Unfactored applied shear load (plf)
 - ↔ Factored holddown force (lbs)
 ⊗ Unfactored dead load (plf/lb)
 - Compression force exists
 ⬆ Applied point load or discontinuous shearline force (lbs)
 - Vertical element required
- Loads Shown: Q_e ; Forces: $0.7E + 0.6D$; $E = pQ_e + 0.2 S_d s D$; $p(NS) = 1.0$; $p(EW) = 1.0$; $S_d s = 0.98$.
- Orange = Selected wall(s)

Level 1 of 1



- Factored shearline force (lbs)
 - Factored hold-down force (lbs)
 - Compression force exists
 - Vertical element required
 - Unfactored applied shear load (plf)
 - Unfactored dead load (plf)
 - Applied point load or discontinuous shearline force (lbs)
- Loads Shown: Q_e ; Forces: $0.7E + 0.6D$; $E = pQ_e + 0.2 S_d s D$; $p(NS) = 1.0$; $p(EW) = 1.0$; $S_d s = 0.98$.
- Orange = Selected wall(s)

Elevation View
Shearline K, at Y = 56 ft, Level 1.
Rigid Diaphragm Wind Design.



Non shearwalls: Group 0

Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

All shearwalls, Design group 1:

Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
 Shear capacity: 364.0 plf
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked
Critical Segment, in Wall K-4:
 Design shear force: 226.4 plf
 Combined capacity (added): 364.0 plf

Factored Forces

Vertical
 ▾ Holddown force (lbs)
 ↓ Compression force (lbs)
 S - Shear overturning (lbs)
 U - Wind uplift (lbs)
 D - Dead (lbs)

Horizontal
 → Vs - Shearline force
 → Vs / diaphragm length
 → V / full height shear
 ● Drag strut force (lbs)
 Factors: S, U = 1.0
 D = 0.6 (tens); 1.0 (comp)

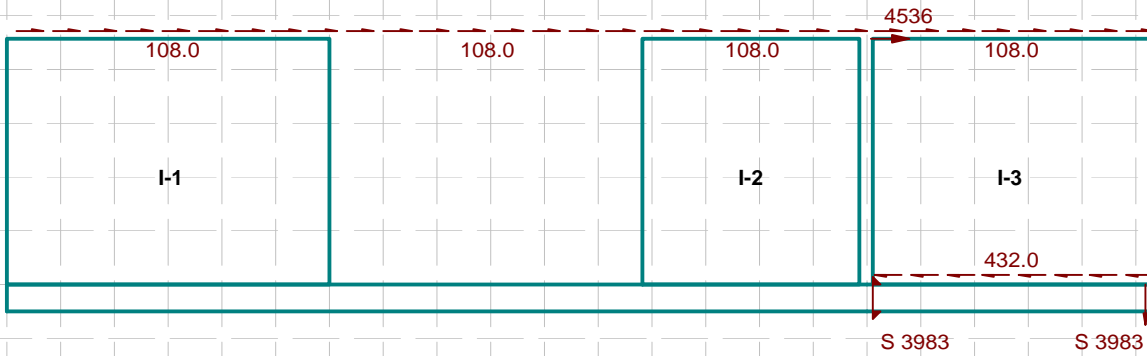
Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp)

Unfactored Loads

↓↓↓ Dead
 ↑↑↑ Wind uplift

-2' 0' 2' 4' 6' 8' 10' 12' 14' 16' 18' 20' 22' 24' 26' 28' 30' 32' 34' 36' 38' 40' 42' 44' 46' 48'

Elevation View
Shearline I, at Y = 42 To 42.42 ft, Level 1.
Rigid Diaphragm Wind Design.



Non shearwalls: Group 0

Exterior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", unblocked

All shearwalls, Design group 3:

Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 4/12"
 Shear capacity: 532.0 plf
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked
Critical Segment, in Wall I-3:
 Design shear force: 432 plf
 Combined capacity (added): 532.0 plf

Factored Forces

Vertical
 ↓ Holddown force (lbs)
 ↓ Compression force (lbs)
 S - Shear overturning (lbs)
 U - Wind uplift (lbs)
 D - Dead (lbs)
 Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp)

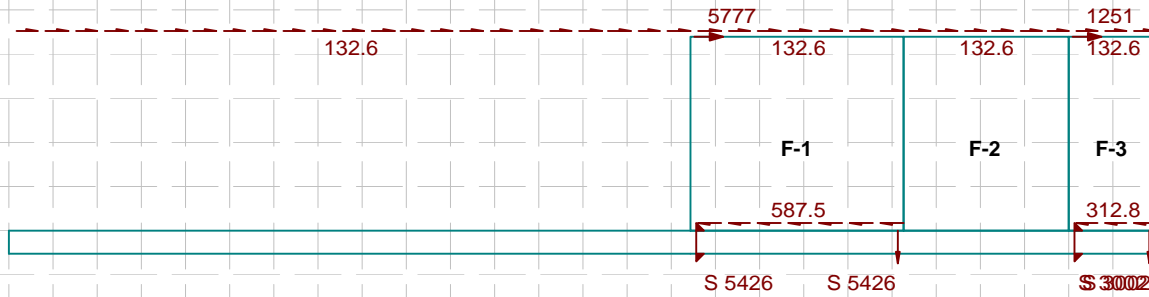
Horizontal
 → Vs - Shearline for
 → Vs / diaphragm le
 → V / full height she
 ● → Drag strut force (Factors: S, U, D = 0.6 (tens); 1.1

Unfactored Loads

↓↓↓ Dead ↑↑↑ Wind uplift

-2' 0' 2' 4' 6' 8' 10' 12' 14' 16' 18' 20' 22' 24' 26' 28' 30' 32' 34' 36' 38' 40' 42' 44' 46' 48'

Elevation View
Shearline F, at Y = 26 ft, Level 1.
Flexible Diaphragm Wind Design.



All shearwalls, Design group 2:

Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 3/12"
 Shear capacity: 686.0 plf
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Critical Segment, in Wall F-1:
 Design shear force: 587.5 plf
 Combined capacity (added): 686.0 plf

Non shearwalls: Group 0

Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Factored Forces

Vertical
 Holddown force (lbs)
 Compression force (lbs)
 S - Shear overturning (lbs)
 U - Wind uplift (lbs)
 D - Dead (lbs)
 Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp)

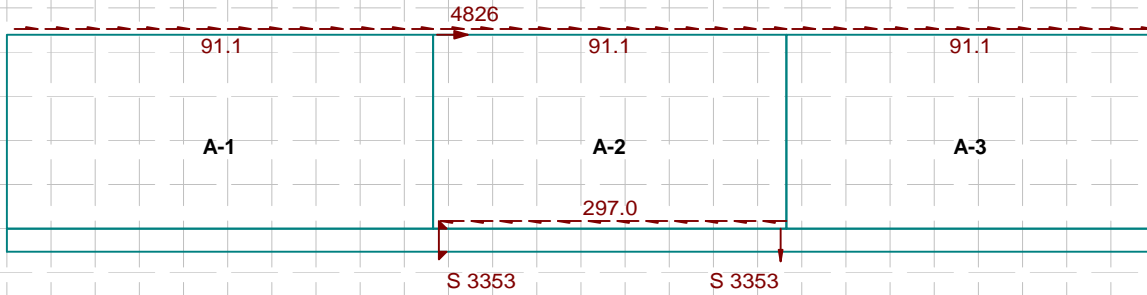
Horizontal
 Vs - Shearline force
 Vs / diaphragm tie
 V / full height shear
 Drag strut force (lbs)
 Factors: S, U = 1.4
 D = 0.6 (tens); 1.2 (comp)

Unfactored Loads

Dead
 Wind uplift

-4' -2' 0' 2' 4' 6' 8' 10' 12' 14' 16' 18' 20' 22' 24' 26' 28' 30' 32' 34' 36' 38' 40' 42' 44' 46' 50' 52' 54' 56' 58' 60' 62'

Elevation View
Shearline A, at Y = 0 ft, Level 1.
Rigid Diaphragm Wind Design.



Non shearwalls: Group 0

Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

All shearwalls, Design group 1:

Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
 Shear capacity: 364.0 plf
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Critical Segment, in Wall A-2:

Design shear force: 297 plf
 Combined capacity (added): 364.0 plf

Factored Forces

Vertical

Holddown force (lbs)
 Compression force (lbs)
 S - Shear overturning (lbs)
 U - Wind uplift (lbs)
 D - Dead (lbs)

Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp)

Unfactored Loads

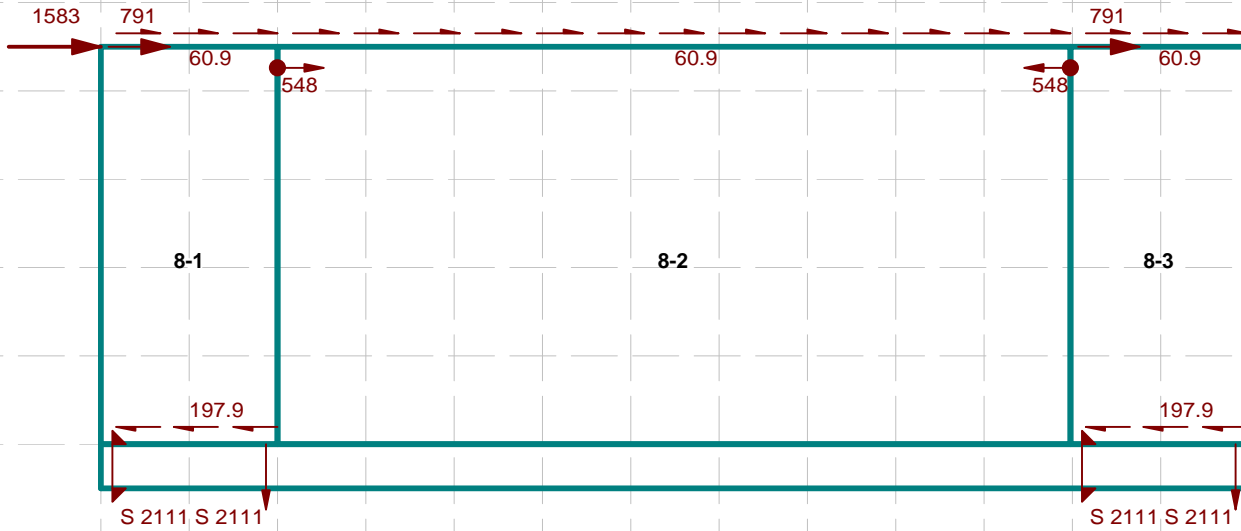
Dead

Horizontal

Vs - Shearline for
 Vs / diaphragm le
 V / full height she
 Drag strut force (Factors: S,U-1.2
 D = 0.6 (tens); 1.4

Wind uplift

**Elevation View
Shearline 8, at X = 53 ft, Level 1.
Flexible Diaphragm Wind Design.**



All shearwalls, Design group 1:

Exterior surface:
7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
Shear capacity: 364.0 plf
Interior surface:
1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Critical Segment, in Wall 8-3:

Design shear force: 197.9 plf
Combined capacity (added): 364.0 plf

Non shearwalls: Group 0

Exterior surface:
7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
Interior surface:
1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Factored Forces

Vertical

▶ Holddown force (lbs)
↓ Compression force (lbs)
S - Shear overturning (lbs)
U - Wind uplift (lbs)
D - Dead (lbs)

Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp)

Unfactored Loads

↓↓↓ Dead

Horizontal

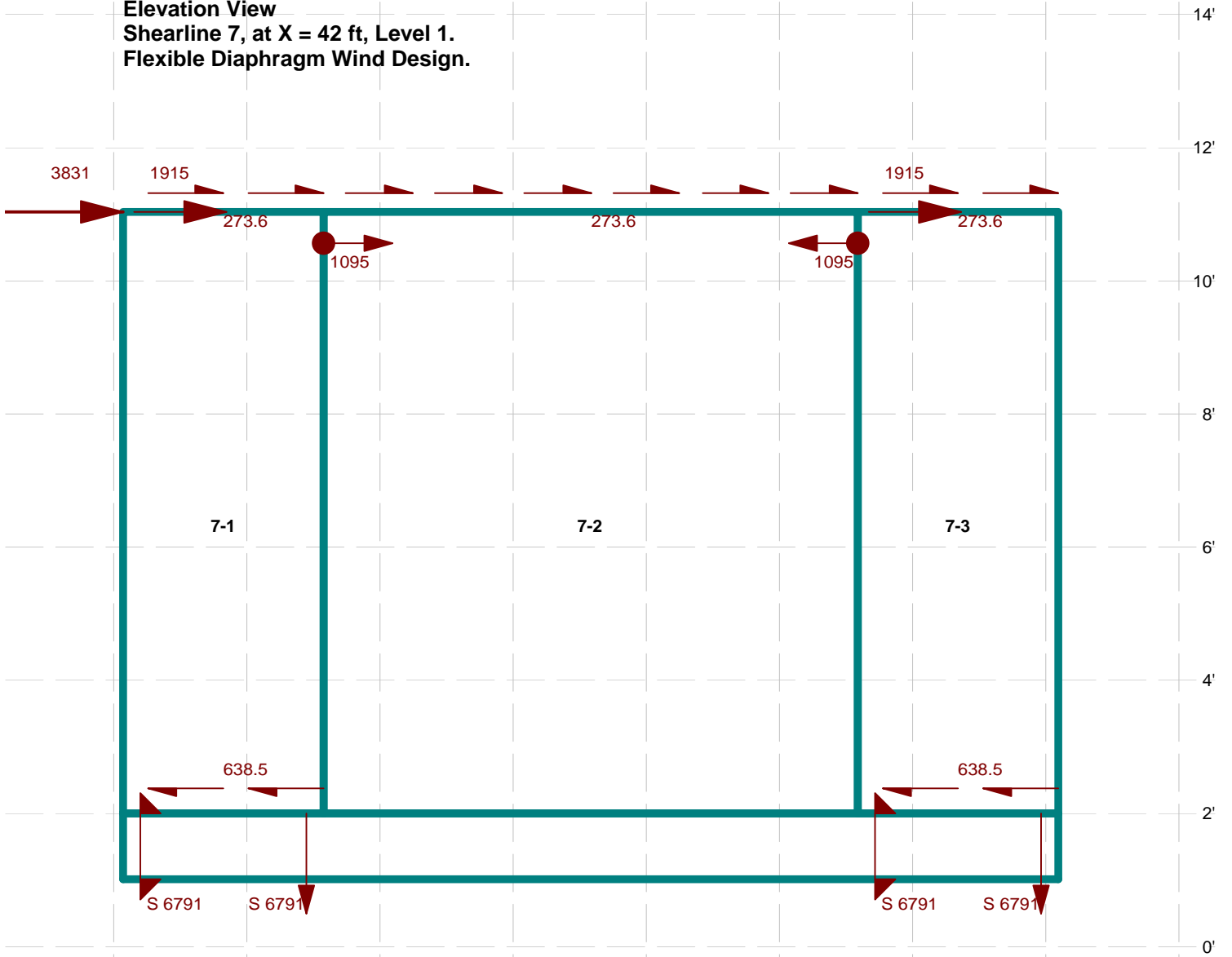
→ Vs - Shearline for
→ Vs / diaphragm
→ V / full height she
● Drag strut force (

Factors: S,U = 0.6
D = 0.6 (tens); 0.6 (comp)

↑↑↑ Wind uplift

0' 2' 4' 6' 8' 10' 12' 14' 16' 18' 20' 22' 24' 26' 28' 30'

Elevation View
Shearline 7, at X = 42 ft, Level 1.
Flexible Diaphragm Wind Design.



All shearwalls, Design group 2:

Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 3/12"
 Shear capacity: 686.0 plf
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Critical Segment, in Wall 7-1:

Design shear force: 638.5 plf
 Combined capacity (added): 686.0 plf

Non shearwalls: Group 0

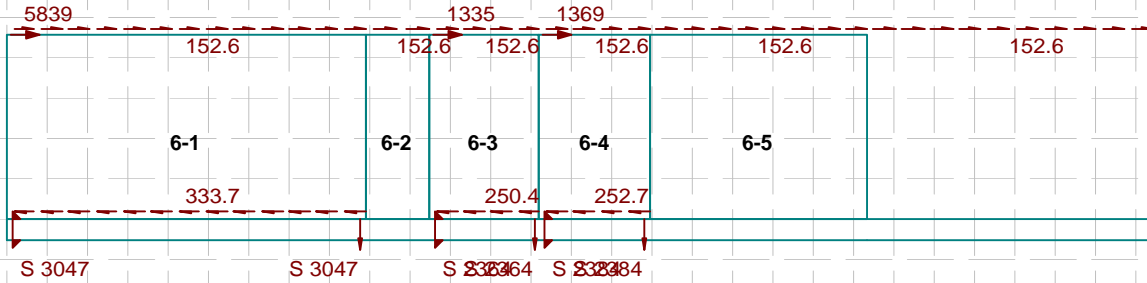
Exterior surface:
 7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
 Interior surface:
 1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
 Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Factored Forces

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Vertical | Horizontal |
| ↓ Holddown force (lbs) | → Vs - Shearline for |
| ↓ Compression force (lbs) | → Vs / diaphragm le |
| S - Shear overturning (lbs) | → V / full height she |
| U - Wind uplift (lbs) | ● Drag strut force (|
| D - Dead (lbs) | Factors: S,U = 0 |
| | D = 0.6 (tens); 1.1 |
| Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp) | |
| Unfactored Loads | |
| ↓↓↓ Dead | ↑↑↑ Wind uplift |

42' 44' 46' 48' 50' 52' 54' 56' 58'

**Elevation View
Shearline 6, at X = 31.5 ft, Level 1.
Rigid Diaphragm Wind Design.**



All shearwalls, Design group 1:

Exterior surface:
7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
Shear capacity: 364.0 plf
Interior surface:
1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Critical Segment, in Wall 6-1:

Design shear force: 333.7 plf
Combined capacity (added): 364.0 plf

Non shearwalls: Group 0

Exterior surface:
7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
Interior surface:
1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Factored Forces

Vertical
 ↓ Holddown force (lbs)
 ↓ Compression force (lbs)
 S - Shear overturning (lbs)
 U - Wind uplift (lbs)
 D - Dead (lbs)

Unfactored Loads

↓↓↓ Dead

Horizontal
 → Vs - Shearline force
 → Vs / diaphragm
 → V / full height she
 ● Drag strut force

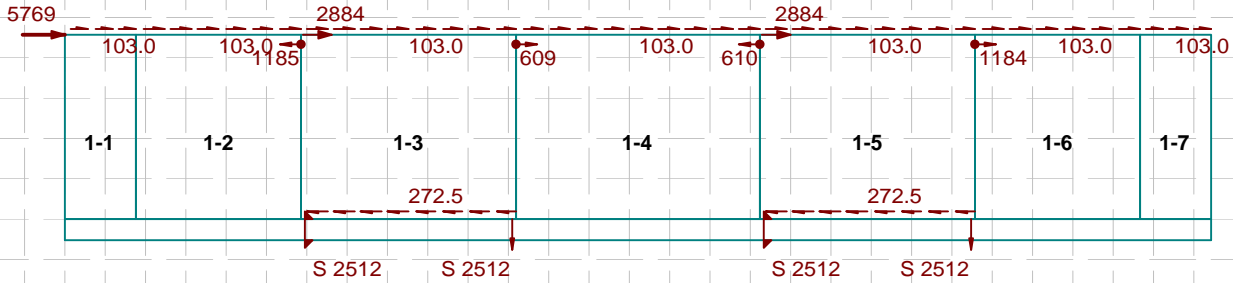
Factors: S, U = 1.4
D = 0.6 (tens); 1.1

Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp)

↑↑↑ Wind uplift

-4' -2' 0' 2' 4' 6' 8' 10' 12' 14' 16' 18' 20' 22' 24' 26' 28' 30' 32' 34' 36' 38' 40' 42' 44' 46' 48' 50' 52' 54' 56' 58' 60' 62' 64' 66

**Elevation View
Shearline 1, at X = 0 ft, Level 1.
Rigid Diaphragm Wind Design.**



All shearwalls, Design group 1:

Exterior surface:
7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
Shear capacity: 364.0 plf
Interior surface:
1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Critical Segment, in Wall 1-5:

Design shear force: 272.5 plf
Combined capacity (added): 364.0 plf

Non shearwalls: Group 0

Exterior surface:
7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
Interior surface:
1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Factored Forces

Vertical
 ↓ Holddown force (lbs)
 ↓ Compression force (lbs)
 S - Shear overturning (lbs)
 U - Wind uplift (lbs)
 D - Dead (lbs)

Unfactored Loads

↓↓↓ Dead

Horizontal
 → Vs - Shearline force
 → Vs / diaphragm force
 → V / full height shear
 ● Drag strut force

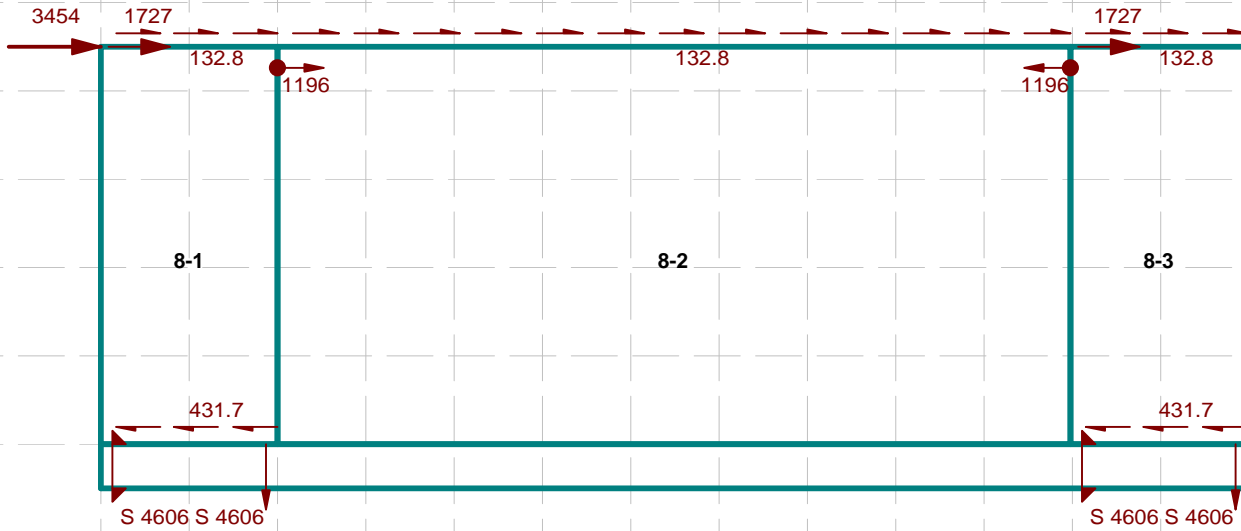
Factors: S, U = 1.0
D = 0.6 (tens); 1.1 (comp)

Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp)

↑↑↑ Wind uplift

-4' -2' 0' 2' 4' 6' 8' 10' 12' 14' 16' 18' 20' 22' 24' 26' 28' 30' 32' 34' 36' 38' 40' 42' 44' 46' 48' 50' 52' 54' 56' 58' 60' 62' 64' 66

**Elevation View
Shearline 8, at X = 53 ft, Level 1.
Flexible Diaphragm Wind Design.**



All shearwalls, Design group 2:

Exterior surface:
7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 3/12"
Shear capacity: 686.0 plf
Interior surface:
1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Critical Segment, in Wall 8-3:

Design shear force: 431.7 plf
Combined capacity (added): 686.0 plf

Non shearwalls: Group 0

Exterior surface:
7/16" Structural sheathing w/ 8d nails @ 6/12"
Interior surface:
1/2" Gypsum WBoard 1-ply w/ 5d nails @ 7/7"
Frame: D.Fir-L @ 16", blocked

Factored Forces

Vertical

▶ Holddown force (lbs)
↓ Compression force (lbs)
S - Shear overturning (lbs)
U - Wind uplift (lbs)
D - Dead (lbs)

Combined: S - D + U (tens); S + D - U (comp)

Unfactored Loads

↓↓↓ Dead

Horizontal

→ Vs - Shearline for
→ Vs / diaphragm
→ V / full height she
● Drag strut force (

Factors: S,U = 0
D = 0.6 (tens); 0.6

↑↑↑ Wind uplift

0' 2' 4' 6' 8' 10' 12' 14' 16' 18' 20' 22' 24' 26' 28' 30'

SHEARWALL SUMMARY

SWL	Wind Flex.	Wind Rigid	Wind Max.	Wind Avg.	Description
1	5,107	5,769	5,769	5,438	SEGMENTED
2	6,626	8,550	8,550	7,588	SEGMENTED
3	3,831	1,202	3,831	2,517	SEGMENTED
4	3,454	1,639	3,454	2,547	SEGMENTED
A	4,745	4,897	4,897	4,821	SEGMENTED
B	7,139	5,724	7,139	6,432	SEGMENTED
C	4,619	4,681	4,681	4,650	SEGMENTED
D	2,455	3,657	3,657	3,056	SEGMENTED

SWL	Seismic Flex.	Seismic Rigid	Seismic Max.	Seismic Avg.	Description
1	2,607	2,852	2,852	2,730	SEGMENTED
2	2,711	3,864	3,864	3,288	SEGMENTED
3	977	230	977	604	SEGMENTED
4	615	445	615	530	SEGMENTED
A	2,055	2,938	2,938	2,497	SEGMENTED
B	2,437	1,466	2,437	1,952	SEGMENTED
C	1,332	1,313	1,332	1,323	SEGMENTED
D	1,085	1,705	1,705	1,395	SEGMENTED

*Note: SWL4 Wind (Flexible) value based on secondary analysis with Shearwalls software.

Comments: Gable Trusses above SWLA, SWLD, SWL3 and SWL4 capable of lateral load from shearwall (sheathed).
 Drag trusses inline with SWLB, SWLC capable of lateral load from shearwall (sheathed).
 Drag truss above SWL2 capable of lateral load from shearwall (sheathed).

SHEAR WALL CALCULATOR

SWLD

Vs = 1705 lbs
(seismic)

Vw = 3657 lbs
(wind)

Job#: 2015-048

SWL Name	Shear (lbs)	Wall Length (ft)	SWL Length	Unit Shear (plf)	Wall Hgt. (ft)	Uplift (lbs)	Holddown	Anchor Bolt	Embedment	Studs	Panels
SWLD	3,657	42.0	17.0	215.1	9.0	1,936	HDU2	SSTB16	12	(2) 2x6	2
SEGMENT	Wind Load Governs										DF No. 2

Shearwall Sheathing Specification:

Nominal unit shear capacities from SDPWS Table 4.3A (Wood Frame Shear Walls)

Vs = 100 plf < Vallow = 240 plf → OK (seismic) Edge Nail Spacing = 6 in
 Vw = 215 plf < Vallow = 335 plf → OK (wind) Sheathing both sides = NO

Sht. Panel Thickness = 7/16 in

Fastener Type = 8d

Min. Panel Length: bs = 7.625 ft

Max. AR: h/bs = 1.18 → OK

Max. AR Seismic Reduction: 2bs/h = N/A

Use 7/16 OSB/PLY (APA Grade 24/16) w/ 8d nails @ 6" o/c edges, 12" o/c field, blocking required.

Anchor Bolt Spacing

Since we cannot control species of pressure treated sill plate assume weakest species from NDS 2012 Table 11E for anchor bolts (Northern Species G = 0.35):

Sill Plate: (1)-2x
 AB DIA = 0.5 in
 Zpara = 530 lbs
 Zperp = 290 lbs
 Applying adjustment factors:
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Zpara = 848 lbs
 Zperp = 464 lbs

Out-of-Plane Seismic

WDL = 12 psf
 SDS = 0.979 g
 le = 1.0
 ka = 1.0 (concrete is rigid)
 Wall Hgt. = 9.0 ft
 ρ = 1.0 (out-of-plane)
 Vsperp is given as the seismic force of half the dead weight of the wall.
 Vsperp = 622 lbs

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$$

ASCE 7-10 Sec. 12.11.2

Out-of-Plane Wind (MWFRS)

Ww = 38.19 psf
 Ltrib = 4.5 ft
 Wwperp is given as the max. MWFRS wind force on the bottom half of an exterior wall.
 Vwperp = 4,331 lbs
 Wind Load Governs:
 Vperp = 4,331 lbs

AB Spacing	V (lbs)	# of Bolts	Spacing (ft)
Perp. Load	4,331	9.3	4.5
Para. Load	3,657	4.3	9.7

La = 42.0 ft La = available wall length for anchor bolts

Use 1/2" DIA anchor bolts, 7" min. embedment /w 3"x3"x1/4" washers @ 48" o/c spacing all of Wall D.

A35 Framing Angle Spacing

Provide full depth blocking with A35 clips to top plt. per plan.

Lac = 17.0 ft (available collector length)
 Fallow = 600 lbs (F1 direction)
 Unit Shear = 215.1 plf
 Spacing = 2.8 ft

Use A35 clips for top plt./blocking connection @ 32" o/c spacing.

Deflection

(based on strength-level seismic forces)
 Vu = 140.4 plf
 E = 1,600,000 psi
 A = 16.5 in²
 Gt = 83,500 plf (Table C4.2.2A)
 da = 0.088 in (Simpson Holddown)
 en = 0.0017 in (Table C4.2.2D)
 nail spacing = 6 in
 Sht. both sides = NO

Panel #	b (ft)	Δs
1	7.625	0.13 in
2	9.375	0.11 in
3	0	-- in
4	0	-- in
5	0	-- in
Max. Defl.		0.13 in

General Notes:

- For unblocked shearwalls w/ studs @ 16" o/c capacity is reduced by 0.6.
- All stemwall foundations walls with HDU8 or greater holddown (anchor bolt ≥ 7/8" DIA) shall be 8" min. thickness.
- Uplift on holddowns calculated with dead load counter action neglected (conservative).
- Where the required nominal unit shear capacity on either side of a shear wall exceeds 700 plf in SDC D framing members at adjacent panel edges shall be 3X or double 2X.
- All holddowns over TJI floor, use CNW coupler nut and threaded rod for extension. Solid squash blocks beneath all shearwall chords equal to chord cross section.

ASCE 7-10
(Table 12.12-1)

Cd = 4
 Δ = 0.54 in
 Δlimit = 2.16 in → OK

Bearing on Wall Plates

Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF
Fc _L	405 psi
Ct _{cL}	1.00
CM _{cL}	1.00
Cb	1.00 (1.125)
Fc _L '	405.00 psi
Ab	16.50 in ²
Pc	2055 lbs
fc _L	125 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.31 → OK

Chord in Tension

	(DF No. 2)
Ft	575 psi
CM _t	1.00
Ct _t	1.00
Ci _t	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _t	1.30
Ft'	1196 psi
An	16.50 in ²
ft	117 psi
CSI (tension)	0.10 → OK

Chord in Compression

	(DF No. 2)
Fc	1350 psi
CM _c	1.00
Ct _c	1.00
Ci _c	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _c	1.10
(l _e /d) _x	18.82
E' _{min}	580,000 psi
FcE	1346 psi
Fc*	2376 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.567
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	0.979
Cp	0.479
Fc'	1137 psi
fc	125 psi
CSI (compression)	0.11 → OK

Shearwall Gravity Loads

(Point loads are assumed to bear directly above SWL chord)

Job#: 2015-048

(plf)	WDL	WLL	W _{SL} /W _{LrL}		
Wall Loads	89	0	45		
(lbs)	PDL	PLL	P _{SL} /P _{LrL}	P _W (+/-)	P _S (+/-)
Point loads	0	0	0	0	0

P_w = 1,936 lbs
P_s = 903 lbs

Wind ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + W = 2,055 plf (governs)
6a.) D + .75L + .75W + 75(Lr or S) = 1,616 plf

* SWL Chord Tension = 1,936 lbs
SWL Chord Comp. = 2,055 lbs

Seismic ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + E = 1,021 plf
6b.) D + .75L + .75E + 75S = 841 plf

Stud Spacing = 16 in
Chord Studs = (2) 2x6
Chord Depth (dx) = 5.5 in
lb = 3.00 in

Bottom Plate (Sole Plt.) Attachment to Floor

This section is only applicable when shearwall is framed on top of a wood joist or TJI floor.

Z = 141 lbs (NDS 2012 Table 11Q for 16d nail, DF G = 0.5)
CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
Z' = 226 lbs
Unit Shear = 215.1 plf
Spacing = 12.6 in

E_{min} = 580,000 psi
CM_e = 1.00
Ct_e = 1.00
Ct_e = 1.00

Nail 2x bottom plate to rim joist below w/ 16d nails @ 4" o/c spacing.

Sill Plate at Foundation

Use (1)-2x HF No. 2 pressure treated plate at foundation.

*Only applicable at first story shearwalls.

SHEAR WALL CALCULATOR

SWLC

Vs = 1332 lbs
(seismic)

Vw = 4681 lbs
(wind)

Job#: 2015-048

SWL Name	Shear (lbs)	Wall Length (ft)	SWL Length	Unit Shear (plf)	Wall Hgt. (ft)	Uplift (lbs)	Holddown	Anchor Bolt	Embedment	Studs	Panels
SWLC	4,681	10.5	10.5	445.8	9.0	4,012	HDU4	SB5/8X24	18	(3) 2x6	1
SEGMENT	Wind Load Governs										DF No. 2

Shearwall Sheathing Specification:

Nominal unit shear capacities from SDPWS Table 4.3A (Wood Frame Shear Walls)

Vs = 127 plf < Vallow = 350 plf → OK (seismic) Edge Nail Spacing = 4 in
 Vw = 446 plf < Vallow = 490 plf → OK (wind) Sheathing both sides = NO

Sht. Panel Thickness = 7/16 in

Fastener Type = 8d

Min. Panel Length: bs = 10.5 ft

Max. AR: h/bs = 0.86 → OK

Max. AR Seismic Reduction: 2bs/h = N/A

Use 7/16 OSB/PLY (APA Grade 24/16) w/ 8d nails @ 4" o/c edges, 12" o/c field, blocking required. Members and blocking at adjoining panel edges shall be min. 3" nominal or double 2" nominal with staggered nailing at all panel edges.

Anchor Bolt Spacing

Since we cannot control species of pressure treated sill plate assume weakest species from NDS 2012 Table 11E for anchor bolts (Northern Species G = 0.35):

Sill Plate: (1)-2x
 AB DIA = 0.625 in
 Zpara = 780 lbs
 Zperp = 320 lbs
 Applying adjustment factors:
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Zpara = 1248 lbs
 Zperp = 512 lbs

Out-of-Plane Seismic

WDL = 12 psf
 SDS = 0.979 g
 le = 1.0
 ka = 1.0 (concrete is rigid)
 Wall Hgt. = 9.0 ft
 ρ = 1.0 (out-of-plane)
 Vsperp is given as the seismic force of half the dead weight of the wall.
 Vsperp = 155 lbs

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$$

ASCE 7-10 Sec. 12.11.2

Out-of-Plane Wind (MWFRS)

Ww = 38.19 psf
 Ltrib = 4.5 ft
 Wwperp is given as the max. MWFRS wind force on the bottom half of an exterior wall.
 Vwperp = 1,083 lbs
 Wind Load Governs:
 Vperp = 1,083 lbs

AB Spacing	V (lbs)	# of Bolts	Spacing (ft)
Perp. Load	1,083	2.1	5.0
Para. Load	4,681	3.8	2.8

La = 10.5 ft La = available wall length for anchor bolts

A35 Framing Angle Spacing

Provide full depth blocking with A35 clips to top plt. per plan.

Lac = 10.5 ft (available collector length)
 Fallow = 600 lbs (F1 direction)
 Unit Shear = 445.8 plf
 Spacing = 1.3 ft

Use A35 clips for top plt./blocking connection @ 16" o/c spacing.

Use 5/8" DIA anchor bolts, 7" min. embedment /w 3"x3"x1/4" washers @ 32" o/c spacing all of Wall C.

Deflection (based on strength-level seismic forces)
 Vu = 177.6 plf
 E = 1,600,000 psi
 A = 24.75 in²
 Gt = 83,500 plf (Table C4.2.2A)
 da = 0.114 in (Simpson Holddown)
 en = 0.0010 in (Table C4.2.2D)
 nail spacing = 4 in
 Sht. both sides = NO

Panel #	b (ft)	Δs
1	10.5	0.13 in
2	0	-- in
3	0	-- in
4	0	-- in
5	0	-- in
Max. Defl.		0.13 in

General Notes:

- For unblocked shearwalls w/ studs @ 16" o/c capacity is reduced by 0.6.
- All stemwall foundations walls with HDU8 or greater holddown (anchor bolt ≥ 7/8" DIA) shall be 8" min. thickness.
- Uplift on holddowns calculated with dead load counter action neglected (conservative).
- Where the required nominal unit shear capacity on either side of a shear wall exceeds 700 plf in SDC D framing members at adjacent panel edges shall be 3X or double 2X.
- All holddowns over TJI floor, use CNW coupler nut and threaded rod for extension. Solid squash blocks beneath all shearwall chords equal to chord cross section.

ASCE 7-10
(Table 12.12-1)

Cd = 4
 Δ = 0.50 in
 Δlimit = 2.16 in → OK

Bearing on Wall Plates

Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF
Fc _L	405 psi
Ct _{cL}	1.00
CM _{cL}	1.00
Cb	1.00 (1.083)
Fc _L '	405.00 psi
Ab	24.75 in ²
Pc	7602 lbs
fc _L	307 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.76 → OK

Chord in Tension

	(DF No. 2)
Ft	575 psi
CM _t	1.00
Ct _t	1.00
Ci _t	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _t	1.30
Ft'	1196 psi
An	24.75 in ²
ft	162 psi
CSI (tension)	0.14 → OK

Chord in Compression

	(DF No. 2)
Fc	1350 psi
CM _c	1.00
Ct _c	1.00
Ci _c	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _c	1.10
(l _e /d) _x	18.82
E' _{min}	580,000 psi
FcE	1346 psi
Fc*	2376 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.567
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	0.979
Cp	0.479
Fc'	1137 psi
fc	307 psi
CSI (compression)	0.27 → OK

Shearwall Gravity Loads

(Point loads are assumed to bear directly above SWL chord)

(plf)	WDL	WLL	WSL/WLrL		
Wall Loads	135	0	194		
(lbs)	PDL	PLL	PSL/PLrL	PW (+/-)	Ps (+/-)
Point loads	2,492	0	2,303	0	0

Wind ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + W =	6,684 plf
6a.) D + .75L + .75W + 75(Lr or S) =	7,602 plf (governs)

Seismic ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + E =	3,814 plf
6b.) D + .75L + .75E + 75S =	5,450 plf

Job#: 2015-048

Pw =	4,012 lbs
Ps =	1,142 lbs

* SWL Chord Tension =	4,012 lbs
SWL Chord Comp. =	7,602 lbs

Stud Spacing =	16 in
Chord Studs =	(3) 2x6
Chord Depth (dx) =	5.5 in
lb =	4.50 in

Bottom Plate (Sole Plt.) Attachment to Floor

This section is only applicable when shearwall is framed on top of a wood joist or TJI floor.

Z =	141 lbs	(NDS 2012 Table 11Q for 16d nail, DF G = 0.5)
CD =	1.6	(wind or seismic)
Z' =	226 lbs	
Unit Shear =	445.8 plf	
Spacing =	6.1 in	

E _{min} =	580,000 psi
CM _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00

Nail 2x bottom plate to rim joist below w/ 16d nails @ 4" o/c spacing.

Sill Plate at Foundation

Use (1)-2x HF No. 2 pressure treated plate at foundation.

*Only applicable at first story shearwalls.

SHEAR WALL CALCULATOR

SWLB

Vs = 2437 lbs
(seismic)

Vw = 7139 lbs
(wind)

Job#: 2015-048

SWL Name	Shear (lbs)	Wall Length (ft)	SWL Length	Unit Shear (plf)	Wall Hgt. (ft)	Uplift (lbs)	Holddown	Anchor Bolt	Embedment	Studs	Panels
SWLB	7,139	21.5	13.8	516.1	10.0	5,161	HDU5	SB5/8X24	18	(2) 2x6	2
SEGMENT	Wind Load Governs										DF No. 2

Shearwall Sheathing Specification:

Nominal unit shear capacities from SDPWS Table 4.3A (Wood Frame Shear Walls)

Vs = 176 plf < Vallow = 424 plf → **OK** (seismic) Edge Nail Spacing = 3 in
 Vw = 516 plf < Vallow = 630 plf → **OK** (wind) Sheathing both sides = NO
 Sht. Panel Thickness = 7/16 in
 Fastener Type = 8d
 Min. Panel Length: bs = 4 ft
 Max. AR: h/bs = 2.50 → **OK**
 Max. AR Seismic Reduction: 2bs/h = 0.80

Use 7/16 OSB/PLY (APA Grade 24/16) w/ 8d nails @ 3" o/c edges, 12" o/c field, blocking required. Members and blocking at adjoining panel edges shall be min. 3" nominal or double 2" nominal with staggered nailing at all panel edges.

Anchor Bolt Spacing

Since we cannot control species of pressure treated sill plate assume weakest species from NDS 2012 Table 11E for anchor bolts (Northern Species G = 0.35):

Sill Plate: (1)-2x
 AB DIA = 0.625 in
 Zpara = 780 lbs
 Zperp = 320 lbs
 Applying adjustment factors:
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Zpara = 1248 lbs
 Zperp = 512 lbs

Out-of-Plane Seismic

WDL = 12 psf
 SDS = 0.979 g
 le = 1.0
 ka = 1.0 (concrete is rigid)
 Wall Hgt. = 10.0 ft
 ρ = 1.0 (out-of-plane)
 Vsperp is given as the seismic force of half the dead weight of the wall.
 Vsperp = 354 lbs

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$$

ASCE 7-10 Sec. 12.11.2

Out-of-Plane Wind (MWFRS)

Ww = 38.19 psf
 Ltrib = 5 ft
 Wwperp is given as the max. MWFRS wind force on the bottom half of an exterior wall.
 Vwperp = 2,463 lbs
 Wind Load Governs:
 Vperp = 2,463 lbs

AB Spacing	V (lbs)	# of Bolts	Spacing (ft)
Perp. Load	2,463	4.8	3.8
Para. Load	7,139	5.7	3.2

La = 18.5 ft La = available wall length for anchor bolts

Use 5/8" DIA anchor bolts, 7" min. embedment /w 3"x3"x1/4" washers @ 36" o/c spacing all of Wall B.

A35 Framing Angle Spacing

Provide full depth blocking with A35 clips to top plt. per plan.

Lac = 21.5 ft (available collector length)
 Fallow = 600 lbs (F1 direction)
 Unit Shear = 332.0 plf
 Spacing = 1.8 ft

Use A35 clips for top plt./blocking connection @ 18" o/c spacing.

Deflection

(based on strength-level seismic forces)
 Vu = 246.6 plf
 E = 1,600,000 psi
 A = 16.5 in²
 Gt = 83,500 plf (Table C4.2.2A)
 da = 0.115 in (Simpson Holddown)
 en = 0.0012 in (Table C4.2.2D)
 nail spacing = 3 in
 Sht. both sides = NO

Panel #	b (ft)	Δs
1	9.833	0.16 in
2	4	0.34 in
3	0	-- in
4	0	-- in
5	0	-- in
Max. Defl.		0.34 in

General Notes:

- For unblocked shearwalls w/ studs @ 16" o/c capacity is reduced by 0.6.
- All stemwall foundations walls with HDU8 or greater holddown (anchor bolt ≥ 7/8" DIA) shall be 8" min. thickness.
- Uplift on holddowns calculated with dead load counter action neglected (conservative).
- Where the required nominal unit shear capacity on either side of a shear wall exceeds 700 plf in SDC D framing members at adjacent panel edges shall be 3X or double 2X.
- All holddowns over TJI floor, use CNW coupler nut and threaded rod for extension. Solid squash blocks beneath all shearwall chords equal to chord cross section.

ASCE 7-10 (Table 12.12-1) Cd = 4
 Δ = 1.38 in
 Δlimit = 2.4 in → **OK**

Bearing on Wall Plates

Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF
Fc _⊥	405 psi
Ct _{c⊥}	1.00
CM _{c⊥}	1.00
Cb	1.00 (1.125)
Fc _⊥ '	405.00 psi
Ab	16.50 in ²
Pc	5484 lbs
fc _⊥	332 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.82 → OK

Chord in Tension

	(DF No. 2)
Ft	575 psi
CM _t	1.00
Ct _t	1.00
Ci _t	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _t	1.30
Ft'	1196 psi
An	16.50 in ²
ft	313 psi
CSI (tension)	0.26 → OK

Chord in Compression

	(DF No. 2)
Fc	1350 psi
CM _c	1.00
Ct _c	1.00
Ci _c	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _c	1.10
(l _e /d)x	21.00
E' _{min}	580,000 psi
FcE	1081 psi
Fc*	2376 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.455
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	0.909
Cp	0.401
Fc'	953 psi
fc	332 psi
CSI (compression)	0.35 → OK

Shearwall Gravity Loads

(Point loads are assumed to bear directly above SWL chord)

(plf)	WDL	WLL	W _{SL} /W _{LrL}		
Wall Loads	242	0	282		
(lbs)	PDL	PLL	P _{SL} /P _{LrL}	P _{W (+/-)}	P _{S (+/-)}
Point loads	0	0	0	0	0

Wind ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + W =	5,484 plf (governs)
6a.) D + .75L + .75W + 75(Lr or S) =	4,475 plf

Seismic ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + E =	2,084 plf
6b.) D + .75L + .75E + 75S =	1,926 plf

* SWL Chord Tension =	5,161 lbs
SWL Chord Comp. =	5,484 lbs
Stud Spacing =	16 in
Chord Studs =	(2) 2x6
Chord Depth (dx) =	5.5 in
lb =	3.00 in

Bottom Plate (Sole Plt.) Attachment to Floor

This section is only applicable when shearwall is framed on top of a wood joist or TJI floor.

Z =	141 lbs	(NDS 2012 Table 11Q for 16d nail, DF G = 0.5)
CD =	1.6	(wind or seismic)
Z' =	226 lbs	
Unit Shear =	516.1 plf	
Spacing =	5.2 in	

E _{min} =	580,000 psi
CM _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00

Nail 2x bottom plate to rim joist below w/ 16d nails @ 4" o/c spacing.

Sill Plate at Foundation

Use (1)-2x HF No. 2 pressure treated plate at foundation.

*Only applicable at first story shearwalls.

SHEAR WALL CALCULATOR

SWLA

Vs = 2938 lbs
(seismic)

Vw = 4897 lbs
(wind)

Job#: 2015-048

SWL Name	Shear (lbs)	Wall Length (ft)	SWL Length	Unit Shear (plf)	Wall Hgt. (ft)	Uplift (lbs)	Holddown	Anchor Bolt	Embedment	Studs	Panels
SWLA	4,897	53.0	16.3	301.4	10.0	3,014	HDU4	SB5/8X24	18	(2) 2x6	1
SEGMENT	Wind Load Governs										DF No. 2

Shearwall Sheathing Specification:

Nominal unit shear capacities from SDPWS Table 4.3A (Wood Frame Shear Walls)

Vs = 181 plf < Vallow = 240 plf → **OK** (seismic) Edge Nail Spacing = 6 in
 Vw = 301 plf < Vallow = 335 plf → **OK** (wind) Sheathing both sides = NO

Sht. Panel Thickness = 7/16 in

Fastener Type = 8d

Min. Panel Length: bs = 16.25 ft

Max. AR: h/bs = 0.62 → **OK**

Max. AR Seismic Reduction: 2bs/h = N/A

Use 7/16 OSB/PLY (APA Grade 24/16) w/ 8d nails @ 6" o/c edges, 12" o/c field, blocking required.

Anchor Bolt Spacing

Since we cannot control species of pressure treated sill plate assume weakest species from NDS 2012 Table 11E for anchor bolts (Northern Species G = 0.35):

Sill Plate: (1)-2x
 AB DIA = 0.5 in
 Zpara = 530 lbs
 Zperp = 290 lbs
 Applying adjustment factors:
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Zpara = 848 lbs
 Zperp = 464 lbs

Out-of-Plane Seismic

WDL = 12 psf
 SDS = 0.979 g
 le = 1.0
 ka = 1.0 (concrete is rigid)
 Wall Hgt. = 10.0 ft
 ρ = 1.0 (out-of-plane)
 Vsperp is given as the seismic force of half the dead weight of the wall.
 Vsperp = 872 lbs

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$$

ASCE 7-10 Sec. 12.11.2

Out-of-Plane Wind (MWFRS)

Ww = 38.19 psf
 Ltrib = 5 ft
 Wwperp is given as the max. MWFRS wind force on the bottom half of an exterior wall.
 Vwperp = 6,072 lbs
 Wind Load Governs:
 Vperp = 6,072 lbs

AB Spacing	V (lbs)	# of Bolts	Spacing (ft)
Perp. Load	6,072	13.1	4.0
Para. Load	4,897	5.8	9.2

La = 53.0 ft La = available wall length for anchor bolts

Use 1/2" DIA anchor bolts, 7" min. embedment /w 3"x3"x1/4" washers @ 48" o/c spacing all of Wall A.

A35 Framing Angle Spacing

Provide full depth blocking with A35 clips to top plt. per plan.

Lac = 16.3 ft (available collector length)
 Fallow = 600 lbs (F1 direction)
 Unit Shear = 301.4 plf
 Spacing = 2.0 ft

Use A35 clips for top plt./blocking connection @ 24" o/c spacing.

Deflection

(based on strength-level seismic forces)

vu = 253.1 plf
 E = 1,600,000 psi
 A = 16.5 in²
 Gt = 83,500 plf (Table C4.2.2A)
 da = 0.114 in (Simpson Holddown)
 en = 0.0101 in (Table C4.2.2D)
 nail spacing = 6 in
 Sht. both sides = NO

Panel #	b (ft)	Δs
1	16.25	0.18 in
2	0	-- in
3	0	-- in
4	0	-- in
5	0	-- in

Max. Defl. **0.18 in**

Cd = 4

Δ = 0.72 in

Δlimit = 2.4 in → **OK**

General Notes:

- For unblocked shearwalls w/ studs @ 16" o/c capacity is reduced by 0.6.
- All stemwall foundations walls with HDU8 or greater holddown (anchor bolt ≥ 7/8" DIA) shall be 8" min. thickness.
- Uplift on holddowns calculated with dead load counter action neglected (conservative).
- Where the required nominal unit shear capacity on either side of a shear wall exceeds 700 plf in SDC D framing members at adjacent panel edges shall be 3X or double 2X.
- All holddowns over TJI floor, use CNW coupler nut and threaded rod for extension. Solid squash blocks beneath all shearwall chords equal to chord cross section.

ASCE 7-10
(Table 12.12-1)

Bearing on Wall Plates

Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF
Fc _⊥	405 psi
Ct _{c⊥}	1.00
CM _{c⊥}	1.00
Cb	1.00 (1.125)
Fc _⊥ '	405.00 psi
Ab	16.50 in ²
Pc	3336 lbs
fc _⊥	202 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.50 → OK

Chord in Tension

	(DF No. 2)
Ft	575 psi
CM _t	1.00
Ct _t	1.00
Ci _t	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _t	1.30
Ft'	1196 psi
An	16.50 in ²
ft	183 psi
CSI (tension)	0.15 → OK

Chord in Compression

	(DF No. 2)
Fc	1350 psi
CM _c	1.00
Ct _c	1.00
Ci _c	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _c	1.10
(l _e /d)x	21.00
E' _{min}	580,000 psi
FcE	1081 psi
Fc*	2376 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.455
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	0.909
Cp	0.401
Fc'	953 psi
fc	202 psi
CSI (compression)	0.21 → OK

Shearwall Gravity Loads

(Point loads are assumed to bear directly above SWL chord)

(plf)	WDL	WLL	W _{SL} /W _{LrL}		
Wall Loads	242	0	282		
(lbs)	PDL	PLL	P _{SL} /P _{LrL}	P _W (+/-)	P _S (+/-)
Point loads	0	0	0	0	0

Wind ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + W =	3,336 plf (governs)
6a.) D + .75L + .75W + 75(Lr or S) =	2,865 plf

Seismic ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + E =	2,131 plf
6b.) D + .75L + .75E + 75S =	1,961 plf

Job#: 2015-048

P _w =	3,014 lbs
P _s =	1,808 lbs

* SWL Chord Tension =	3,014 lbs
SWL Chord Comp. =	3,336 lbs

Stud Spacing =	16 in
Chord Studs =	(2) 2x6
Chord Depth (dx) =	5.5 in
lb =	3.00 in

Bottom Plate (Sole Plt.) Attachment to Floor

This section is only applicable when shearwall is framed on top of a wood joist or TJI floor.

Z =	141 lbs	(NDS 2012 Table 11Q for 16d nail, DF G = 0.5)
CD =	1.6	(wind or seismic)
Z' =	226 lbs	
Unit Shear =	301.4 plf	
Spacing =	9.0 in	

E _{min} =	580,000 psi
CM _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00

Nail 2x bottom plate to rim joist below w/ 16d nails @ 4" o/c spacing.

Sill Plate at Foundation

Use (1)-2x HF No. 2 pressure treated plate at foundation.

*Only applicable at first story shearwalls.

SHEAR WALL CALCULATOR

SWL4

Vs = 615 lbs
(seismic)

Vw = 3454 lbs
(wind)

Job#: 2015-048

SWL Name	Shear (lbs)	Wall Length (ft)	SWL Length	Unit Shear (plf)	Wall Hgt. (ft)	Uplift (lbs)	Holddown	Anchor Bolt	Embedment	Studs	Panels
SWL4	3,454	26.0	8.0	431.8	10.0	4,318	HDU5	SB5/8X24	18	(2) 2x6	2
SEGMENT	Wind Load Governs										DF No. 2

Shearwall Sheathing Specification:

Nominal unit shear capacities from SDPWS Table 4.3A (Wood Frame Shear Walls)

Vs = 77 plf < Vallow = 360 plf → OK (seismic) Edge Nail Spacing = 3 in
 Vw = 432 plf < Vallow = 630 plf → OK (wind) Sheathing both sides = NO

Use 7/16 OSB/PLY (APA Grade 24/16) w/ 8d nails @ 3" o/c edges, 12" o/c field, blocking required. Members and blocking at adjoining panel edges shall be min. 3" nominal or double 2" nominal with staggered nailing at all panel edges.

Sht. Panel Thickness = 7/16 in
 Fastener Type = 8d
 Min. Panel Length: bs = 4 ft
 Max. AR: h/bs = 2.50 → OK
 Max. AR Seismic Reduction: 2bs/h = 0.80

Anchor Bolt Spacing

Since we cannot control species of pressure treated sill plate assume weakest species from NDS 2012 Table 11E for anchor bolts (Northern Species G = 0.35):

Sill Plate: (2)-2x
 AB DIA = 0.625 in
 Zpara = 940 lbs
 Zperp = 460 lbs
 Applying adjustment factors:
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Zpara = 1504 lbs
 Zperp = 736 lbs

Out-of-Plane Seismic

WDL = 12 psf
 SDS = 0.979 g
 le = 1.0
 ka = 1.0 (concrete is rigid)
 Wall Hgt. = 10.0 ft
 ρ = 1.0 (out-of-plane)
 Vsperp is given as the seismic force of half the dead weight of the wall.
 Vsperp = 428 lbs

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$$

ASCE 7-10 Sec. 12.11.2

Out-of-Plane Wind (MWFRS)

Ww = 38.19 psf
 Ltrib = 5 ft
 Wwperp is given as the max. MWFRS wind force on the bottom half of an exterior wall.
 Vwperp = 2,979 lbs
 Wind Load Governs:
 Vperp = 2,979 lbs

AB Spacing	V (lbs)	# of Bolts	Spacing (ft)
Perp. Load	2,979	4.0	2.0
Para. Load	3,454	2.3	3.5

La = 8.0 ft La = available wall length for anchor bolts

Use 5/8" DIA anchor bolts, 7" min. embedment /w 3"x3"x1/4" washers @ 24" o/c spacing all of Wall 4.

A35 Framing Angle Spacing

Provide full depth blocking with A35 clips to top plt. per plan.

Lac = 8.0 ft (available collector length)
 Fallow = 600 lbs (F1 direction)
 Unit Shear = 431.8 plf
 Spacing = 1.4 ft

Use A35 clips for top plt./blocking connection @ 16" o/c spacing.

Deflection

(based on strength-level seismic forces)
 Vu = 107.6 plf
 E = 1,600,000 psi
 A = 16.5 in²
 Gt = 83,500 plf (Table C4.2.2A)
 da = 0.115 in (Simpson Holddown)
 en = 0.0001 in (Table C4.2.2D)
 nail spacing = 3 in
 Sht. both sides = NO

Panel #	b (ft)	Δs
1	4	0.31 in
2	4	0.31 in
3	0	-- in
4	0	-- in
5	0	-- in
Max. Defl.		0.31 in

General Notes:

- For unblocked shearwalls w/ studs @ 16" o/c capacity is reduced by 0.6.
- All stemwall foundations walls with HDU8 or greater holddown (anchor bolt ≥ 7/8" DIA) shall be 8" min. thickness.
- Uplift on holddowns calculated with dead load counter action neglected (conservative).
- Where the required nominal unit shear capacity on either side of a shear wall exceeds 700 plf in SDC D framing members at adjacent panel edges shall be 3X or double 2X.
- All holddowns over TJI floor, use CNW coupler nut and threaded rod for extension. Solid squash blocks beneath all shearwall chords equal to chord cross section.

ASCE 7-10 (Table 12.12-1) Cd = 4
 Δ = 1.24 in
 Δlimit = 2.4 in → OK

Bearing on Wall Plates

Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF
Fc _L	405 psi
Ct _{cL}	1.00
CM _{cL}	1.00
Cb	1.00 (1.125)
Fc _L '	405.00 psi
Ab	16.50 in ²
Pc	4426 lbs
fc _L	268 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.66 → OK

Chord in Tension

	(DF No. 2)
Ft	575 psi
CM _t	1.00
Ct _t	1.00
Ci _t	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _t	1.30
Ft'	1196 psi
An	16.50 in ²
ft	262 psi
CSI (tension)	0.22 → OK

Chord in Compression

	(DF No. 2)
Fc	1350 psi
CM _c	1.00
Ct _c	1.00
Ci _c	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _c	1.10
(l _e /d)x	21.00
E' _{min}	580,000 psi
FcE	1081 psi
Fc*	2376 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.455
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	0.909
Cp	0.401
Fc'	953 psi
fc	268 psi
CSI (compression)	0.28 → OK

Shearwall Gravity Loads

(Point loads are assumed to bear directly above SWL chord)

(plf)	WDL	WLL	W _{SL} /W _{LrL}		
Wall Loads	81	0	45		
(lbs)	PDL	PLL	P _{SL} /P _{LrL}	P _W (+/-)	P _S (+/-)
Point loads	0	0	0	0	0

Wind ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + W = 4,426 plf (governs)
 6a.) D + .75L + .75W + 75(Lr or S) = 3,391 plf

Seismic ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + E = 877 plf
 6b.) D + .75L + .75E + 75S = 730 plf

Job#: 2015-048

P_w = 4,318 lbs
 P_s = 769 lbs

* SWL Chord Tension = 4,318 lbs
 SWL Chord Comp. = 4,426 lbs

Stud Spacing = 16 in
 Chord Studs = (2) 2x6
 Chord Depth (dx) = 5.5 in
 lb = 3.00 in

Bottom Plate (Sole Plt.) Attachment to Floor

This section is only applicable when shearwall is framed on top of a wood joist or TJI floor.

Z = 141 lbs (NDS 2012 Table 11Q for 16d nail, DF G = 0.5)
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Z' = 226 lbs
 Unit Shear = 431.8 plf
 Spacing = 6.3 in

E_{min} = 580,000 psi
 CM_e = 1.00
 Ct_e = 1.00
 Ct_e = 1.00

Nail 2x bottom plate to rim joist below w/ 16d nails @ 4" o/c spacing.

Sill Plate at Foundation

Use (2)-2x HF No. 2 pressure treated plates at foundation.

*Only applicable at first story shearwalls.

SHEAR WALL CALCULATOR

SWL3

Vs = 977 lbs
(seismic)

Vw = 2517 lbs
(wind)

Job#: 2015-048

SWL Name	Shear (lbs)	Wall Length (ft)	SWL Length	Unit Shear (plf)	Wall Hgt. (ft)	Uplift (lbs)	Holddown	Anchor Bolt	Embedment	Studs	Panels
SWL3	2,517	14.0	6.0	419.5	9.0	3,776	HDU4	SB5/8X24	18	(2) 2x6	2
SEGMENT	Wind Load Governs										DF No. 2

Shearwall Sheathing Specification:

Nominal unit shear capacities from SDPWS Table 4.3A (Wood Frame Shear Walls)

Vs = 163 plf < Vallow = 233 plf → OK (seismic) Edge Nail Spacing = 4 in
 Vw = 420 plf < Vallow = 490 plf → OK (wind) Sheathing both sides = NO
 Sht. Panel Thickness = 7/16 in
 Fastener Type = 8d
 Min. Panel Length: bs = 3 ft
 Max. AR: h/bs = 3.00 → OK
 Max. AR Seismic Reduction: 2bs/h = 0.67

Use 7/16 OSB/PLY (APA Grade 24/16) w/ 8d nails @ 4" o/c edges, 12" o/c field, blocking required. Members and blocking at adjoining panel edges shall be min. 3" nominal or double 2" nominal with staggered nailing at all panel edges.

Anchor Bolt Spacing

Since we cannot control species of pressure treated sill plate assume weakest species from NDS 2012 Table 11E for anchor bolts (Northern Species G = 0.35):

Sill Plate: (1)-2x
 AB DIA = 0.625 in
 Zpara = 780 lbs
 Zperp = 320 lbs
 Applying adjustment factors:
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Zpara = 1248 lbs
 Zperp = 512 lbs

Out-of-Plane Seismic

WDL = 12 psf
 SDS = 0.979 g
 le = 1.0
 ka = 1.0 (concrete is rigid)
 Wall Hgt. = 9.0 ft
 ρ = 1.0 (out-of-plane)
 Vsperp is given as the seismic force of half the dead weight of the wall.
 Vsperp = 207 lbs

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$$

ASCE 7-10 Sec. 12.11.2

Out-of-Plane Wind (MWFRS)

Ww = 38.19 psf
 Ltrib = 4.5 ft
 Wwperp is given as the max. MWFRS wind force on the bottom half of an exterior wall.
 Vwperp = 1,444 lbs
 Wind Load Governs:
 Vperp = 1,444 lbs

AB Spacing	V (lbs)	# of Bolts	Spacing (ft)
Perp. Load	1,444	2.8	2.1
Para. Load	2,517	2.0	3.0

La = 6.0 ft La = available wall length for anchor bolts

Use 5/8" DIA anchor bolts, 7" min. embedment /w 3"x3"x1/4" washers @ 24" o/c spacing all of Wall 3.

A35 Framing Angle Spacing

Provide full depth blocking with A35 clips to top plt. per plan.

Lac = 6.0 ft (available collector length)
 Fallow = 600 lbs (F1 direction)
 Unit Shear = 419.5 plf
 Spacing = 1.4 ft

Use A35 clips for top plt./blocking connection @ 16" o/c spacing.

Deflection

(based on strength-level seismic forces)
 Vu = 228.0 plf
 E = 1,600,000 psi
 A = 16.5 in²
 Gt = 83,500 plf (Table C4.2.2A)
 da = 0.114 in (Simpson Holddown)
 en = 0.0022 in (Table C4.2.2D)
 nail spacing = 4 in
 Sht. both sides = NO

Panel #	b (ft)	Δs
1	3	0.40 in
2	3	0.40 in
3	0	-- in
4	0	-- in
5	0	-- in
Max. Defl.		0.40 in

General Notes:

- For unblocked shearwalls w/ studs @ 16" o/c capacity is reduced by 0.6.
- All stemwall foundations walls with HDU8 or greater holddown (anchor bolt ≥ 7/8" DIA) shall be 8" min. thickness.
- Uplift on holddowns calculated with dead load counter action neglected (conservative).
- Where the required nominal unit shear capacity on either side of a shear wall exceeds 700 plf in SDC D framing members at adjacent panel edges shall be 3X or double 2X.
- All holddowns over TJI floor, use CNW coupler nut and threaded rod for extension. Solid squash blocks beneath all shearwall chords equal to chord cross section.

ASCE 7-10 (Table 12.12-1) Cd = 4
 Δ = 1.59 in
 Δlimit = 2.16 in → OK

Bearing on Wall Plates

	HF
Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF
Fc _⊥	405 psi
Ct _⊥	1.00
CM _⊥	1.00
Cb	1.00 (1.125)
Fc _⊥ '	405.00 psi
Ab	16.50 in ²
Pc	4175 lbs
fc _⊥	253 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.62 → OK

Chord in Tension

	(DF No. 2)
Ft	575 psi
CM _t	1.00
Ct _t	1.00
Ci _t	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _t	1.30
Ft'	1196 psi
An	16.50 in ²
ft	229 psi
CSI (tension)	0.19 → OK

Chord in Compression

	(DF No. 2)
Fc	1350 psi
CM _c	1.00
Ct _c	1.00
Ci _c	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _c	1.10
(l _e /d) _x	18.82
E' _{min}	580,000 psi
FcE	1346 psi
Fc*	2376 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.567
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	0.979
Cp	0.479
Fc'	1137 psi
fc	253 psi
CSI (compression)	0.22 → OK

Shearwall Gravity Loads

(Point loads are assumed to bear directly above SWL chord)

Job#: 2015-048

(plf)	WDL	WLL	WSL/WLrL		
Wall Loads	63	0	45		
(lbs)	PDL	PLL	PSL/PLrL	PW (+/-)	Ps (+/-)
Point loads	315	0	193	0	0

P_w = 3,776 lbs
P_s = 1,466 lbs

Wind ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + W = 4,175 plf (governs)
6a.) D + .75L + .75W + 75(Lr or S) = 3,420 plf

* SWL Chord Tension = 3,776 lbs
SWL Chord Comp. = 4,175 lbs

Stud Spacing = 16 in
Chord Studs = (2) 2x6
Chord Depth (dx) = 5.5 in
lb = 3.00 in

Seismic ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + E = 1,865 plf
6b.) D + .75L + .75E + 75S = 1,688 plf

Bottom Plate (Sole Plt.) Attachment to Floor

This section is only applicable when shearwall is framed on top of a wood joist or TJI floor.

Z = 141 lbs (NDS 2012 Table 11Q for 16d nail, DF G = 0.5)
CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
Z' = 226 lbs
Unit Shear = 419.5 plf
Spacing = 6.5 in

E_{min} = 580,000 psi
CM_e = 1.00
Ct_e = 1.00
Ct_e = 1.00

Nail 2x bottom plate to rim joist below w/ 16d nails @ 4" o/c spacing.

Sill Plate at Foundation

Use (1)-2x HF No. 2 pressure treated plate at foundation.

*Only applicable at first story shearwalls.

SHEAR WALL CALCULATOR

SWL2

Vs = 3864 lbs
(seismic)

Vw = 8550 lbs
(wind)

Job#: 2015-048

SWL Name	Shear (lbs)	Wall Length (ft)	SWL Length	Unit Shear (plf)	Wall Hgt. (ft)	Uplift (lbs)	Holddown	Anchor Bolt	Embedment	Studs	Panels
SWL2	8,550	41.5	27.8	307.2	9.0	2,765	HDU2	SSTB20	16	(2) 2x6	2
SEGMENT	Wind Load Governs										DF No. 2

Shearwall Sheathing Specification:

Nominal unit shear capacities from SDPWS Table 4.3A (Wood Frame Shear Walls)

Vs = 139 plf < Vallow = 240 plf → OK (seismic) Edge Nail Spacing = 6 in
 Vw = 307 plf < Vallow = 335 plf → OK (wind) Sheathing both sides = NO

Sht. Panel Thickness = 7/16 in
 Fastener Type = 8d
 Min. Panel Length: bs = 10.75 ft
 Max. AR: h/bs = 0.84 → OK
 Max. AR Seismic Reduction: 2bs/h = N/A

Use 7/16 OSB/PLY (APA Grade 24/16) w/ 8d nails @ 6" o/c edges, 12" o/c field, blocking required.

Anchor Bolt Spacing

Since we cannot control species of pressure treated sill plate assume weakest species from NDS 2012 Table 11E for anchor bolts (Northern Species G = 0.35):

Sill Plate: (1)-2x
 AB DIA = 0.5 in
 Zpara = 530 lbs
 Zperp = 290 lbs
 Applying adjustment factors:
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Zpara = 848 lbs
 Zperp = 464 lbs

Out-of-Plane Seismic
 WDL = 12 psf
 SDS = 0.979 g
 le = 1.0
 ka = 1.0 (concrete is rigid)
 Wall Hgt. = 9.0 ft
 ρ = 1.0 (out-of-plane)
 Vsperp is given as the seismic force of half the dead weight of the wall.
 Vsperp = 614 lbs

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$$

ASCE 7-10 Sec. 12.11.2

Out-of-Plane Wind (MWFRS)
 Ww = 38.19 psf
 Ltrib = 4.5 ft
 Wwperp is given as the max. MWFRS wind force on the bottom half of an exterior wall.
 Vwperp = 4,279 lbs
Wind Load Governs:
 Vperp = 4,279 lbs

AB Spacing	V (lbs)	# of Bolts	Spacing (ft)
Perp. Load	4,279	9.2	4.5
Para. Load	8,550	10.1	4.1

La = 41.5 ft La = available wall length for anchor bolts

Use 1/2" DIA anchor bolts, 7" min. embedment /w 3"x3"x1/4" washers @ 48" o/c spacing all of Wall 2.

A35 Framing Angle Spacing

Provide full depth blocking with A35 clips to top plt. per plan.

Lac = 27.8 ft (available collector length)
 Fallow = 600 lbs (F1 direction)
 Unit Shear = 307.2 plf
 Spacing = 2.0 ft

Use A35 clips for top plt./blocking connection @ 24" o/c spacing.

Deflection (based on strength-level seismic forces)
 Vu = 194.4 plf
 E = 1,600,000 psi
 A = 16.5 in²
 Gt = 83,500 plf (Table C4.2.2A)
 da = 0.088 in (Simpson Holddown)
 en = 0.0046 in (Table C4.2.2D)
 nail spacing = 6 in
 Sht. both sides = NO

Panel #	b (ft)	Δs
1	17.083	0.10 in
2	10.75	0.13 in
3	0	-- in
4	0	-- in
5	0	-- in
Max. Defl.		0.13 in

General Notes:

- For unblocked shearwalls w/ studs @ 16" o/c capacity is reduced by 0.6.
- All stemwall foundations walls with HDU8 or greater holddown (anchor bolt ≥ 7/8" DIA) shall be 8" min. thickness.
- Uplift on holddowns calculated with dead load counter action neglected (conservative).
- Where the required nominal unit shear capacity on either side of a shear wall exceeds 700 plf in SDC D framing members at adjacent panel edges shall be 3X or double 2X.
- All holddowns over TJI floor, use CNW coupler nut and threaded rod for extension. Solid squash blocks beneath all shearwall chords equal to chord cross section.

ASCE 7-10 (Table 12.12-1) Cd = 4
 Δ = 0.52 in
 Δlimit = 2.16 in → OK

Bearing on Wall Plates

Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF
Fc _L	405 psi
Ct _{cL}	1.00
CM _{cL}	1.00
Cb	1.00 (1.125)
Fc _L '	405.00 psi
Ab	16.50 in ²
Pc	3239 lbs
fc _L	196 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.48 → OK

Chord in Tension

	(DF No. 2)
Ft	575 psi
CM _t	1.00
Ct _t	1.00
Ci _t	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _t	1.30
Ft'	1196 psi
An	16.50 in ²
ft	168 psi
CSI (tension)	0.14 → OK

Chord in Compression

	(DF No. 2)
Fc	1350 psi
CM _c	1.00
Ct _c	1.00
Ci _c	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _c	1.10
(l _e /d) _x	18.82
E' _{min}	580,000 psi
FcE	1346 psi
Fc*	2376 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.567
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	0.979
Cp	0.479
Fc'	1137 psi
fc	196 psi
CSI (compression)	0.17 → OK

Shearwall Gravity Loads

(Point loads are assumed to bear directly above SWL chord)

(plf)	WDL	WLL	WSL/WLrL		
Wall Loads	356	0	329		
(lbs)	PDL	PLL	PSL/PLrL	PW (+/-)	Ps (+/-)
Point loads	0	0	0	0	0

Wind ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + W =	3,239 plf (governs)
6a.) D + .75L + .75W + 75(Lr or S) =	2,877 plf

Seismic ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + E =	1,724 plf
6b.) D + .75L + .75E + 75S =	1,741 plf

Job#: 2015-048

Pw =	2,765 lbs
Ps =	1,249 lbs

* SWL Chord Tension =	2,765 lbs
SWL Chord Comp. =	3,239 lbs

Stud Spacing =	16 in
Chord Studs =	(2) 2x6
Chord Depth (dx) =	5.5 in
lb =	3.00 in

Bottom Plate (Sole Plt.) Attachment to Floor

This section is only applicable when shearwall is framed on top of a wood joist or TJI floor.

Z =	141 lbs	(NDS 2012 Table 11Q for 16d nail, DF G = 0.5)
CD =	1.6	(wind or seismic)
Z' =	226 lbs	
Unit Shear =	307.2 plf	
Spacing =	8.8 in	

E _{min} =	580,000 psi
CM _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00

Nail 2x bottom plate to rim joist below w/ 16d nails @ 4" o/c spacing.

Sill Plate at Foundation

Use (1)-2x HF No. 2 pressure treated plate at foundation.

*Only applicable at first story shearwalls.

SHEAR WALL CALCULATOR

SWL1

Vs = 2852 lbs
(seismic)

Vw = 5769 lbs
(wind)

Job#: 2015-048

SWL Name	Shear (lbs)	Wall Length (ft)	SWL Length	Unit Shear (plf)	Wall Hgt. (ft)	Uplift (lbs)	Holddown	Anchor Bolt	Embedment	Studs	Panels
SWL1	5,769	56.0	28.2	204.8	9.0	1,843	HDU2	SSTB16	12	(2) 2x6	4
SEGMENT	Wind Load Governs										DF No. 2

Shearwall Sheathing Specification:

Nominal unit shear capacities from SDPWS Table 4.3A (Wood Frame Shear Walls)

Vs = 101 plf < Vallow = 227 plf → OK (seismic) Edge Nail Spacing = 6 in
 Vw = 205 plf < Vallow = 335 plf → OK (wind) Sheathing both sides = NO

Sht. Panel Thickness = 7/16 in

Fastener Type = 8d

Min. Panel Length: bs = 3.5 ft

Max. AR: h/bs = 2.57 → OK

Max. AR Seismic Reduction: 2bs/h = 0.78

Use 7/16 OSB/PLY (APA Grade 24/16) w/ 8d nails @ 6" o/c edges, 12" o/c field, blocking required.

Anchor Bolt Spacing

Since we cannot control species of pressure treated sill plate assume weakest species from NDS 2012 Table 11E for anchor bolts (Northern Species G = 0.35):

Sill Plate: (1)-2x
 AB DIA = 0.5 in
 Zpara = 530 lbs
 Zperp = 290 lbs
 Applying adjustment factors:
 CD = 1.6 (wind or seismic)
 Zpara = 848 lbs
 Zperp = 464 lbs

Out-of-Plane Seismic

WDL = 12 psf
 SDS = 0.979 g
 le = 1.0
 ka = 1.0 (concrete is rigid)
 Wall Hgt. = 9.0 ft
 ρ = 1.0 (out-of-plane)
 Vsperp is given as the seismic force of half the dead weight of the wall.
 Vsperp = 829 lbs

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$$

ASCE 7-10 Sec. 12.11.2

Out-of-Plane Wind (MWFRS)

Ww = 38.19 psf
 Ltrib = 4.5 ft

Vwperp is given as the max. MWFRS wind force on the bottom half of an exterior wall.

Vwperp = 5,774 lbs

Wind Load Governs:

Vperp = 5,774 lbs

AB Spacing	V (lbs)	# of Bolts	Spacing (ft)
Perp. Load	5,774	12.4	4.5
Para. Load	5,769	6.8	8.2

La = 56.0 ft

La = available wall length for anchor bolts

Use 1/2" DIA anchor bolts, 7" min. embedment /w 3"x3"x1/4" washers @ 48" o/c spacing all of Wall 1.

A35 Framing Angle Spacing

Provide full depth blocking with A35 clips to top plt. per plan.

Lac = 28.2 ft (available collector length)
 Fallow = 600 lbs (F1 direction)
 Unit Shear = 204.8 plf
 Spacing = 2.9 ft

Use A35 clips for top plt./blocking connection @ 32" o/c spacing.

Deflection

(based on strength-level seismic forces)

Vu = 141.8 plf
 E = 1,600,000 psi
 A = 16.5 in²
 Gt = 83,500 plf (Table C4.2.2A)
 da = 0.088 in (Simpson Holddown)
 en = 0.0018 in (Table C4.2.2D)
 nail spacing = 6 in
 Sht. both sides = NO

Panel #	b (ft)	Δs
1	3.5	0.26 in
2	10.583	0.10 in
3	10.583	0.10 in
4	3.5	0.26 in
5	0	-- in

Max. Defl. 0.26 in

Cd = 4

Δ = 1.05 in

Δlimit = 2.16 in → OK

ASCE 7-10
(Table 12.12-1)

General Notes:

- For unblocked shearwalls w/ studs @ 16" o/c capacity is reduced by 0.6.
- All stemwall foundations walls with HDU8 or greater holddown (anchor bolt ≥ 7/8" DIA) shall be 8" min. thickness.
- Uplift on holddowns calculated with dead load counter action neglected (conservative).
- Where the required nominal unit shear capacity on either side of a shear wall exceeds 700 plf in SDC D framing members at adjacent panel edges shall be 3X or double 2X.
- All holddowns over TJI floor, use CNW coupler nut and threaded rod for extension. Solid squash blocks beneath all shearwall chords equal to chord cross section.

Bearing on Wall Plates

Top/Sill Plt. Species	HF
Fc _⊥	405 psi
Ct _{c⊥}	1.00
CM _{c⊥}	1.00
Cb	1.00 (1.125)
Fc _⊥ '	405.00 psi
Ab	16.50 in ²
Pc	2318 lbs
fc _⊥	140 psi
CSI (bearing)	0.35 → OK

Chord in Tension

	(DF No. 2)
Ft	575 psi
CM _t	1.00
Ct _t	1.00
Ci _t	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _t	1.30
Ft'	1196 psi
An	16.50 in ²
ft	112 psi
CSI (tension)	0.09 → OK

Chord in Compression

	(DF No. 2)
Fc	1350 psi
CM _c	1.00
Ct _c	1.00
Ci _c	1.00
CD	1.60 (wind)
CF _c	1.10
(l _e /d) _x	18.82
E' _{min}	580,000 psi
FcE	1346 psi
Fc*	2376 psi
c	0.80 sawn lumber
FcE/Fc*	0.567
1 + FcE/Fc*/2c	0.979
Cp	0.479
Fc'	1137 psi
fc	140 psi
CSI (compression)	0.12 → OK

Shearwall Gravity Loads

(Point loads are assumed to bear directly above SWL chord)

(plf)	WDL	WLL	WSL/WLrL		
Wall Loads	356	0	329		
(lbs)	PDL	PLL	PSL/PLrL	PW (+/-)	Ps (+/-)
Point loads	0	0	0	0	0

Wind ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + W =	2,318 plf (governs)
6a.) D + .75L + .75W + 75(Lr or S) =	2,186 plf

Seismic ASD Load Cases from ASCE 7-10:

5.) D + E =	1,386 plf
6b.) D + .75L + .75E + 75S =	1,487 plf

* SWL Chord Tension =	1,843 lbs
SWL Chord Comp. =	2,318 lbs
Stud Spacing =	16 in
Chord Studs =	(2) 2x6
Chord Depth (dx) =	5.5 in
lb =	3.00 in

Bottom Plate (Sole Plt.) Attachment to Floor

This section is only applicable when shearwall is framed on top of a wood joist or TJI floor.

Z =	141 lbs	(NDS 2012 Table 11Q for 16d nail, DF G = 0.5)
CD =	1.6	(wind or seismic)
Z' =	226 lbs	
Unit Shear =	204.8 plf	
Spacing =	13.2 in	

E _{min} =	580,000 psi
CM _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00
Ct _e =	1.00

Nail 2x bottom plate to rim joist below w/ 16d nails @ 4" o/c spacing.

Sill Plate at Foundation

Use (1)-2x HF No. 2 pressure treated plate at foundation.

*Only applicable at first story shearwalls.

Roof Diaphragm and Sheathing Calculations

By inspection the highest stressed diaphragm is the main roof diaphragm. The transverse and longitudinal loads are obtained from the woodworks shearwall software. We consider both cases and conservatively design for the worst load case.

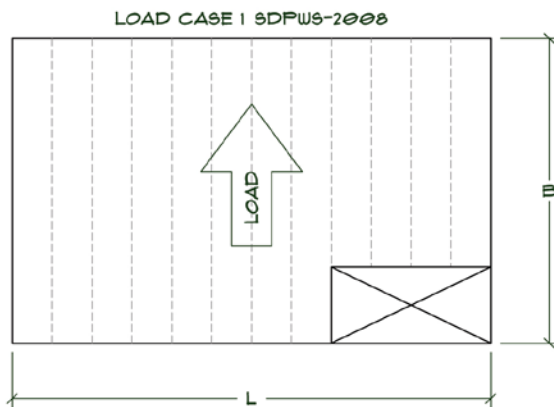
1.) Transverse Load Case:

WD = 363 plf
 Mmax = 30,674 ft-lbs
 T=C=M/b= 974 lbs

L = 26 ft
 b = 31.5 ft

V = 4719 lbs
 v = V/b = 150 plf

Load Case 1
 SDPWS-2008



L/B Ratio = 0.83 → OK
 *Max. AR for WSP, unblocked = 3:1

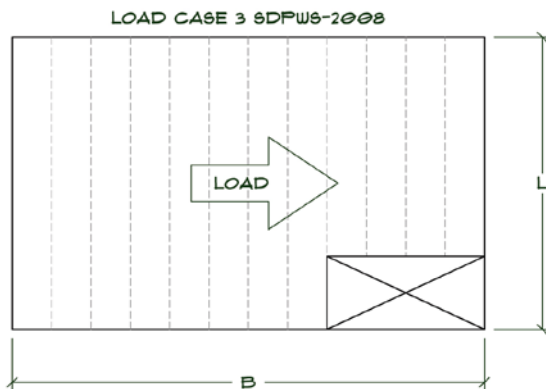
2.) Longitudinal Load Case:

WD = 321 plf
 Mmax = 39,814 ft-lbs
 T=C=M/b= 1,531 lbs

L = 31.5 ft
 b = 26 ft

V = 5056 lbs
 v = V/b = 194 plf

Load Case 3
 SDPWS-2008



L/B Ratio = 1.21 → OK
 *Max. AR for WSP, unblocked = 3:1

Roof Sheathing Specifications

(Initially assume APA rated sheathing with nails @ 6" o/c edges, 12" o/c field.)

Sheathing Thickness:	15/32 in.	APA Rating:	Grade 32/16
Nails:	8d	Sheathing Type:	PLY
Rafter/Truss Spacing:	24 in. o/c	Roof Framing Species:	SPF
(Unblocked Diaphragm)		SGAF:	0.92

Load Case 1: (transverse)

v = 150 plf < vw = 308 plf → OK

Load Case 3: (longitudinal)

v = 194 plf < vw = 232 plf → OK

Note: Nominal unit shear capacities for unblocked diaphragms from Table 4.2C, SDPWS-2008.

Sheath roof with 15/32 APA rated PLY (Grade 32/16) w/ 8d nails @ 6" o/c edges, 12" o/c field. Blocking not required at panel edges.

Chord Splices

From previous, transverse load case governs with largest chord force:

T = C = 1,531 lbs

Assume a min. 48" chord splice at top plate connected with two or three rows of 16d nails (.162" x 3.5").

From NDS 2012 Table 11N: CD = 1.6 (wind/seismic)
 Z = 141 lbs
 Z' = Z(CD) = 225.6 lbs
 N = T/Z' = 6.8 nails

This number is too low, revert to prescriptive method: [Table 3.21 WFCM 2012]

Use (14) - 16d nails on each side of splice joint in wall top chords. Position splice joint over studs.

Where top chord is discontinuous, apply an MSTC40 strap to complete the tensile load path. (ie. Where a beam ties into a top plate)

Roof Panel Sheathing Loads

Highest loading on roof sheathing panels is at roof overhangs in Zone 3 (C&C Wind Loads) with negative pressure/uplift.

P_{3OH} = 145.79 psf (unfactored) Terrain Exp. Category C
 Basic Wind Speed (ultimate) 155.00 MPH

Convert to ASD value by multiplying by 0.6:

Roof Sheathing Nailing

P_{3OH_ASD} : 87.474 psf

	Edges (in.)	Field (in.)
Interior (Zone 1)	6	12
Perimeter (Zone 2)	4	4
Gable Endwall & Overhangs	4	4

Also consider highest gravity loads:

*Based on WFCM 2012 Table 3.10, Rafter/Truss spacing @ 24" o/c.

D + S (ice dam at overhangs)

P_s = 7.8 psf + 38.5 psf = 46.3 psf

Wind Load Governs: C_D = 1.6

From SDPWS-2008 Table 3.2.2 (Load Capacities for Roof Sheathing Resisting Out-of-Plane Loads):

P_{max} = 87.5 psf < P_{allow} = 96.9 psf → OK

Also from APA publication Q225G Table 1a (Plywood Sheathing):

Sheathing Perpendicular to Rafters/Trusses

L/240	→	81 psf	>	61.2 psf ²	→	OK
L/180	→	108 psf	>	61.2 psf ²	→	OK
Bending	→	123 psf	>	87.5 psf	→	OK
Shear	→	285 psf	>	87.5 psf	→	OK

*Note: L/240 is (live load) deflection, L/180 is (total load) deflection.

Install "h" clips at panel edges @ 24" o/c for all roof sheathing.

Nail all sheathing at gable and eave roof overhangs w/ 8d nails @ 4" o/c edges, 4" o/c field.
 Nail all sheathing at perimeter and peak of roof w/ 8d nails @ 4" o/c edges, 4" o/c field.

General Notes:

- 1.) For roof sheathing within 4 feet of the perimeter edge of the roof, including 4 feet on each side of the roof peak, the 4 foot perimeter edge zone attachment requirements shall be used.
- 2.) The wind loading is permitted to be taken as 0.42 times the C&C loads for the purpose of determining deflection limits per footnote f. of Table 1604.3 IBC 2015.

Wall Sheathing Specifications (Initially assume APA rated sheathing with nails @ 6" o/c edges, 12" o/c field.)

Sheathing Thickness: 7/16 in. APA Rating: Grade 24/16
 Nails: 8d Sheathing Type: OSB
 Stud Spacing: 16 in. o/c
 Terrain Exp. Category C
 Basic Wind Speed (ultimate) 155.00 MPH

Wall Panel Sheathing Loads

Highest loading of wall sheathing panels is at building corners in Zone 5 (C&C Wind Loads) with negative pressure/suction.

Wall Sheathing Nailing

P5 = 63.58 psf (unfactored)

	Edges (in.)	Field (in.)
Interior (Zone 4)	6	12
Edge (Zone 5)	6	6

Convert to ASD value by multiplying by 0.6:

*Based on WFCM 2012 Table 3.11, Stud spacing @ 16" o/c.

P5_ASD = 38.148 psf

From SDPWS-2008 Table 3.2.1 (Load Capacities for Wall Sheathing Resisting Out-of-Plane Loads):

Sheathing Parallel to Studs

P5_ASD = 38.1 psf < Pallow = 37.5 psf → **NG**

Sheathing Perpendicular to Studs

P5_ASD = 38.1 psf < Pallow = 190.6 psf → **OK**

Also from APA publication Q225G Table 2a (OSB Sheathing):

Sheathing Parallel to Studs

L/360 → 26 psf > 26.7 psf² → **NG**
 Bending → 86 psf > 38.1 psf → **OK**
 Shear → 331 psf > 38.1 psf → **OK**

Sheathing Perpendicular to Studs

L/360 → 128 psf > 26.7 psf² → **OK**
 Bending → 288 psf > 38.1 psf → **OK**
 Shear → 331 psf > 38.1 psf → **OK**

Sheath walls with 7/16 APA rated OSB (Grade 24/16) strength axis perpendicular to studs w/ 8d nails @ 6" o/c edges, 12" o/c field.

Nail all sheathing within 4 feet of wall corners w/ 8d nails @ 6" o/c edges, 6" o/c field.

General Notes:

- 1.) For wall sheathing within 4 feet of the corners, the 4 foot edge zone attachment requirements shall be used.
- 2.) The wind loading is permitted to be taken as 0.42 times the C&C loads for the purpose of determining deflection limits per footnote f. of Table 1604.3 IBC 2015.



Grays Harbor County Assessor's Office Online Parcel Database Assessment Information



[Show Map](#)

[GeoData Viewer](#)



Parcel 090500054200

Situs Address 00164 OCTOPUS AVE NE

Legal Description DIV 3 LOT 542

Owner BARTH GEORGE & LORI
Address 101 SKOOKUMCHUCK ST SE
OCEAN SHORES, WA 98569

File Updated 10/7/2015 10:05
Location T 17 R 12 Sec 02

Certified Values:	<u>Land</u> \$20,000.00	<u>Building</u> \$1,000.00	<u>Combined</u> \$21,000.00
--------------------------	-----------------------------------	--------------------------------------	---------------------------------------

<p>Year Built 0000 Building Type Style Quality</p>	<p>Tax Code OS064 H2 School District 064 Voting Precinct 801 Ocean Shores Total Acres 0 Fire Patrol Acres 0</p>
--	--

[\(pdf\) Land Use](#) 18 - All Other Residential Not Elsewhere Coded (Bare Land Platted & Outside Plats and Sheds in City Limits)

	<u>Square Feet</u>	<u>Type</u>
Lot	8400	
Building SF	0	
Percentage Complete	100%	
Basement SF	0	
Finished Basement SF	0	
Foundation		
Porch 1 SF	0	0
Porch 2 SF	0	0
Garage 1 SF	0	
Garage 2 SF	0	
Carport SF	0	0

<u>Date Of Sale</u>	<u>Excise No</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Instr.</u>	<u>Type</u>
8/18/2003	E162865	\$24,500.00	WD	BL
6/10/2015	E216164	\$30,000.00	WD	BL

[Home](#) | [Assessor](#) | [Treasurer](#) | [Assessment Parcel Search Form](#) | [Tax Information](#) | [Feedback](#)